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Part 124 - Subpart A—General Program Requirements	Part 124 – General Program Requirements – Sections 3.0-19.0	
§ 124.1 Purpose and scope.	Section 3.0 Purpose and scope.	§124.1 Purpose and scope.
(a) This part contains EPA procedures for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating all RCRA, UIC, PSD and NPDES "permits" (including "sludge-only" permits issued pursuant to \$122.1(b)(2) of this chapter. The latter kinds of permits are governed by part 270. RCRA interim status and UIC authorization by rule are not "permits" and are covered by specific provisions in parts 144, subpart C, and 270. This part also does not apply to permits issued, modified, revoked and reissued or terminated by the Corps of Engineers. Those procedures are specified in 33 CFR parts 320–327. The procedures of this part also apply to denial of a permit for the active life of a RCRA hazardous waste management facility or unit under \$270.29.	3.1 Part 124 (Sections 3.0-19.0) contains DNREC procedures for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating all UIC permits. UIC Rule Authorization letters are not "permits."	(a) This Part contains DNREC procedures for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating all UIC "permits" other than UIC "emergency permits" (see §122.30). The latter kinds of permits are governed by Subpart A of Part 122. UIC authorizations by rule are not "permits" and are covered by specific provisions in Subpart A of Part 122.
(b) Part 124 is organized into four subparts. Subpart A contains general procedural requirements applicable to all permit programs covered by these provisions. Subparts B through D supplement these general provisions with requirements that	3.2 This Part contains general procedural requirements applicable to all permit programs covered by these regulations. This Part describes the steps the Department will follow in receiving and reviewing permit	(b) Subpart A describes the steps DNREC will follow in receiving permit applications, preparing draft permits, issuing public notice, inviting public comment and holding public hearings on draft permits. Subpart A also covers

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apply to only one or more of the programs. Subpart A describes the steps EPA will follow in receiving permit applications, preparing draft permits, issuing public notices, inviting public comment and holding public hearings on draft permits. Subpart A also covers assembling an administrative record, responding to comments, issuing a final permit decision, and allowing for administrative appeal of final permit decisions. Subpart B contains specific procedural requirements for RCRA permits. Subpart C contains definitions and specific procedural requirements for PSD permits. Subpart D contains specific procedural requirements for NPDES permits.	applications, preparing draft permits, issuing public notices, inviting public comment, and holding public hearings on draft permits. This Part also sets out procedures for assembling an administrative record, responding to comments, issuing a final permit decision, and allowing for administrative appeals of final permit decisions.	assembling an administrative record, responding to comments, issuing a final permit decision, and allowing for administrative appeal of the final permit decision.
(c) Part 124 offers an opportunity for public hearings (see §124.12).	3.3 This Part offers an opportunity for public hearings (see <b>7 Del.C. §6006</b> ).	(c) Part 124 offers an opportunity for a public hearing under Subpart A.
(d) This part is designed to allow permits for a given facility under two or more of the listed programs to be processed separately or together at the choice of the Regional Administrator. This allows EPA to combine the processing of permits only when appropriate, and not necessarily in all cases. The Regional Administrator may consolidate permit processing when the permit applications are submitted, when	3.4 This Part is designed to allow permits for a given facility under two or more of the listed programs to be processed separately or together at the discretion of the Department. This allows DNREC to combine the processing of permits when, in the Department's judgment, combined processing is appropriate and not necessarily in all cases. The Department may consolidate	

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draft permits are prepared, or when final permit decisions are issued. This part also allows consolidated permits to be subject to a single public hearing under §124.12. Permit applicants may recommend whether or not their applications should be consolidated in any given case.	permit processing when the permit applications are submitted, when draft permits are prepared, or when final permit decisions are issued. This part also allows consolidated permits to be subject to a single public hearing under 7 Del.C. §6006, Public Hearings. Permit applicants may request that their applications should be consolidated in any given case, but such decision remains within the Department's discretion.	
(e) Certain procedural requirements set forth in part 124 must be adopted by States in order to gain EPA approval to operate RCRA, UIC, NPDES, and 404 permit programs. These requirements are listed in §§123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233,26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA) and signaled by the following words at the end of the appropriate part 124 section or paragraph heading: (applicable to State programs see §§123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). Part 124 does not apply to PSD permits issued by an approved State.		
(f) To coordinate decision-making when different permits will be issued by EPA and approved State programs, this part allows	3.5 To coordinate decision-making when different permits will be issued by EPA and DNREC programs, this part	(d) To coordinate decision-making when different permits will be issued by EPA and approved State programs, this Part

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applications to be jointly processed, joint comment periods and hearings to be held, and final permits to be issued on a cooperative basis whenever EPA and a State agree to take such steps in general or in individual cases. These joint processing agreements may be provided in the Memorandum of Agreement developed under §§123.24 (NPDES), 145.24 (UIC), 233.24 (404), and 271.8 (RCRA).	allows applications to be jointly processed, joint comment periods and hearings to be held, and final permits to be issued on a cooperative basis whenever EPA and DNREC agree to take such steps in general or in individual cases. These joint processing agreements may be provided in a future Memorandum of Agreement.	allows applications to be jointly processed, joint comment periods and hearings to be held, and final permits to be issued on a cooperative basis whenever EPA and a State agree to take such steps in general or in individual cases. These joint processing agreements may be provided in Memorandum of Agreement.
§ 124.2 Definitions	4.0 Acronyms and Definitions:	
	The following words and phrases, when used in these Regulations, have the meaning ascribed to them as follows, unless the text clearly indicates otherwise:	
	(not shown here – listed in draft regs)	
§ 124.3 Application for a permit	Section 5.0 Application for a permit	§124.3 Application for a permit.
(a) Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).	5.1 Applicability.	(a)(1) Any person who requires a permit under the UIC program shall complete, sign, and submit to the Secretary an application for each permit required under §122.21.
(1) Any person who requires a permit under the RCRA, UIC, NPDES, or PSD programs shall complete, sign, and submit	5.1.1 Any person who is required to obtain a permit under the UIC program shall complete, sign, and submit to the	

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to the Director an application for each permit required under Secs. 270.1 (RCRA), 144.1 (UIC), 40 CFR 52.21 (PSD), and 122.1 (NPDES).	Department an application for each permit required under Section 32.0 of these Regulations.	
Applications are not required for RCRA permits by rule (Sec. 270.60), underground injections authorized by rules (Secs. 144.21 through 144.26), NPDES general permits (Sec. 122.28) and 404 general permits .(Sec. 233.37).		
(2) The Director shall not begin the processing of a permit until the applicant has fully complied with the application requirements for that permit. See Secs. 270.10, 270.13 (RCRA), 144.31 (UIC), 40 CFR 52.21 (PSD), and 122.21 (NPDES).	5.1.2 The Department shall not begin the processing of a permit until the applicant has fully complied with the application requirements for that permit.	(2) The Secretary shall not begin the processing of a permit until the applicant has fully complied with the application requirements for that permit. See §122.4, and 122.28.
(3) Permit applications (except for PSD permits) must comply with the signature and certification requirements of Secs. 122.22 (NPDES), 144.32 (UIC), 233.6 (404), and 270.11 (RCRA).	5.1.3 Permit applications must comply with the signature and certification requirements of Section 33.0 of these Regulations.	(3) Permit applications must comply with the signature and certification requirements of §122.6.
(b) [Reserved]	F.O. The Department of all all as its f	
(c) The Regional Administrator shall review for completeness every application	5.2 The Department shall review for completeness every application for a	
for an EPA-issued permit. Each application	permit. If the application is incomplete,	
for an EPA-issued permit submitted by a	the Department shall list in writing the	
new HWM facility, a new UIC injection	information necessary to make the	
well, a major PSD stationary source or	application complete. When the	
major PSD modification, or an NPDES	application is for an existing UIC	

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new source or NPDES new discharger should be reviewed for completeness by the Regional Administrator within 30 days of its receipt. Each application for an EPA-issued permit submitted by an existing HWM facility (both Parts A and B of the application), existing injection well or existing NPDES source or sludge-only facility should be reviewed for completeness within 60 days of receipt. Upon completing the review, the Regional Administrator shall notify the applicant in writing whether the application is complete. If the application is incomplete, the Regional Administrator shall list the information necessary to make the application complete. When the application is for an existing HWM facility, an existing UIC injection well or an existing NPDES source or ``sludge-only facility" the Regional Administrator shall specify in the notice of deficiency a date for submitting the necessary information. The Regional Administrator shall notify the applicant that the application is complete upon receiving this information. After the application is completed, the Regional Administrator may request additional information from an applicant but only when necessary to clarify, modify, or supplement previously submitted material. Requests for such additional information will not render an	injection well the Department may specify in writing a date for submitting the necessary information. After the application is completed, the Department may request additional information from an applicant when necessary to clarify, modify, or supplement previously submitted material.	

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application incomplete.  (d) If an applicant fails or refuses to correct deficiencies in the application, the permit may be denied and appropriate enforcement actions may be taken under the applicable statutory provision including RCRA section 3008, SDWA sections 1423 and 1424, CAA section 167, and CWA sections 308, 309, 402(h), and 402(k).	5.3 If an applicant fails or refuses to correct deficiencies in the application, the permit may be denied and appropriate enforcement actions may be taken under the applicable statutory provision. (see <b>7 Del.C. §6005</b> )	
(e) If the Regional Administrator decides that a site visit is necessary for any reason in conjunction with the processing of an application, he or she shall notify the applicant and a date shall be scheduled.	5.4 If the Department decides that a site visit is necessary for any reason in conjunction with the processing of an application, he or she shall notify the applicant and a date shall be scheduled. This does not preclude unannounced site visits.	
(f) The effective date of an application is the date on which the Regional Administrator notifies the applicant that the application is complete as provided in paragraph (c) of this section.	5.5 The effective date of an application is the date on which the Department notifies the applicant that the application is complete.	
(g) For each application from a major new HWM facility, major new UIC injection well, major NPDES new source, major NPDES new discharger, or a permit to be issued under provisions of Sec. 122.28(c), the Regional Administrator shall, no later than the effective date of the application, prepare and mail to the applicant a project decision schedule. (This paragraph does not apply to PSD permits.) The schedule		

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shall specify target dates by which the		
Regional Administrator intends to:		
(1) Prepare a draft permit;		
(-)		
(2) Give public notice;		
(3) Complete the public comment		
period, including any public hearing; and		
(4) Issue a final permit.		
(1) 2222 3 2222	5.6 Large on-site wastewater	
	treatment and disposal system	
	application requirements are governed	
	by the State of Delaware Regulations	
	Governing the Design, Installation and	
	Operation of On-Site Wastewater	
	Treatment and Disposal Systems, or	
	Regulations Governing the Control of	
	Water Pollution, and do not require a separate UIC permit.	
Sec. 124.4 Consolidation of permit	Section 6.0 Consolidation of permit	
processing	processing	
(a)(1) Whenever a facility or activity	6.1 Whenever a facility or activity	
requires a permit under more than one	requires a permit under more than one	
statute covered by these regulations,	statute covered by these regulations,	
processing of two or more applications for	processing of two or more applications	
those permits may be consolidated. The	for those permits may be consolidated.	
first step in consolidation is to prepare each	The first step in consolidation is to	
draft permit at the same time.	prepare each draft permit at the same	
	time.	

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(2) Whenever draft permits are prepared at the same time, the statements of basis (required under Sec. 124.7 for EPA-issued permits only) or fact sheets (Sec. 124.8), administrative records (required under Sec. 124.9 for EPA-issued permits only), public comment periods (Sec. 124.10), and any public hearings (Sec. 124.12) on those permits should also be consolidated. The final permits may be issued together. They need not be issued together if in the judgment of the Regional Administrator or State Director(s), joint processing would result in unreasonable delay in the issuance of one or more permits.	6.2 Whenever draft permits are prepared at the same time, fact sheets (Section 9.0), public comment periods (Section 10.0), and any public hearings conducted pursuant to <b>7 Del.C. §6006</b> or any amending or superseding legislation on those permits may also be consolidated. The final permits may be issued together. They need not be issued together if in the judgment of the Department, joint processing would result in unreasonable delay in the issuance of one or more permits.	
(b) Whenever an existing facility or activity requires additional permits under one or more of the statutes covered by these regulations, the permitting authority may coordinate the expiration date(s) of the new permit(s) with the expiration date(s) of the existing permit(s) so that all permits expire simultaneously. Processing of the subsequent applications for renewal permits may then be consolidated.	6.3 Whenever an existing facility or activity requires additional permits under one or more of the statutes covered by these Regulations, the Department may coordinate the expiration date(s) of the new permit(s) with the expiration date(s) of the existing permit(s) so that all permits expire simultaneously. Processing of the subsequent applications for renewal permits may then be consolidated.	
<ul><li>(c) Processing of permit applications under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section may be consolidated as follows:</li><li>(1) The Director may consolidate permit processing at his or her discretion</li></ul>	6.4 Processing of permit applications may be consolidated as follows:  The Department may consolidate permit processing and or draft permits at the	

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whenever a facility or activity requires all permits either from EPA or from an approved State.	Department's discretion whenever a facility or activity requires multiple DNREC permits.	
(2) The Regional Administrator and the State Director(s) may agree to consolidate draft permits whenever a facility or activity requires permits from both EPA and an approved State.	,	
(3) Permit applicants may recommend whether or not the processing of their applications should be consolidated.		
(d) [Reserved]  (e) Except with the written consent of the permit applicant, the Regional Administrator shall not consolidate processing a PSD permit with any other permit under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section when to do so would delay issuance of the PSD permit more than one year from the effective date of the application under Sec. 124.3(f).		
Sec. 124.5 Modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination of permits.	Section 7.0 Modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination of permits.	§124.4 Modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination of permits.
(a) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). Permits (other than PSD permits) may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated either at the request of any interested person (including the permittee) or upon the Director's initiative. However, permits may	7.1 Permits may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated upon the Department's directive or public initiative only for the reasons specified in Sections 40.0 or 41.0. Any public requests for information, access or action regarding draft permits must be made during the public comment period.	(a) Permits may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated either at the request of any interested person (including the permittee) or upon the Secretary's initiative. However, permits may only be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for the reasons specified in §122.15 or 122.16. All

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only be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for the reasons specified in Sec. 122.62 or Sec. 122.64 (NPDES), 144.39 or 144.40 (UIC), 233.14 or 233.15 (404), and 270.41 or 270.43 (RCRA). All requests shall be in writing and shall contain facts or reasons supporting the request.	After the public comment period has closed and a permit has been issued, any public requests for modification, revocation, reissuance or termination of a permit shall be submitted in writing and contain meritorious facts or reasons supporting the request.	requests shall be in writing and shall contain facts or reasons supporting the request.
(b) If the Director decides the request is not justified, he or she shall send the requester a brief written response giving a reason for the decision. Denials of requests for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination are not subject to public notice, comment, or hearings. Denials by the Regional Administrator may be informally appealed to the Environmental Appeals Board by a letter briefly setting forth the relevant facts. The Environmental Appeals Board may direct the Regional Administrator to begin modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination proceedings under paragraph (c) of this section. The appeal shall be considered denied if the Environmental Appeals Board takes no action on the letter within 60 days after receiving it. This informal appeal is, under 5 U.S.C. 704, a prerequisite to seeking judicial review of EPA action in denying a request for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination.	request for modification, revocation, reissuance or termination of a permit is not justified, the Department shall send the requester a brief written response giving the reason or reasons for the decision. Denials of requests for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination are not subject to public notice, comment, or hearings. Hearings arising from denials of requests for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination shall be conducted as specified in 7 Del.C. §6008.	(b) If the Secretary decides the request is not justified, he or she shall send the requested a brief written response giving a reason for the decision. Denials of requests for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination are not subject to public notice, comment, or hearings.

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(c) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). (1) If the Director tentatively decides to modify or revoke and reissue a permit under Secs. 122.62 (NPDES), 144.39 (UIC), 233.14 (404), or 270.41 or 270.42(c) (RCRA), he or she shall prepare a draft permit under Sec. 124.6 incorporating the proposed changes. The Director may request additional information and, in the case of a modified permit, may require the submission of an updated application. In the case of revoked and reissued permits, the Director shall require the submission of a new application.	7.3 Permit Modification, Revocation and Reissuance. 7.3.1 If the Department tentatively decides to modify or revoke and reissue a permit under Section 40.0, the Department shall prepare a draft permit under Section 8.0, incorporating the proposed changes. The Department may request additional information and, in the case of a modified permit, may require the submission of an updated application. In the case of revoked and reissued permits, the Department shall require the submission of a new application.	(c)(1) If the Secretary tentatively decides to modify or revoke and reissue a permit under §122.15, he or she shall prepare a draft permit under §124.5 incorporating the proposed changes. The Secretary may request additional information and, in the case of a modified permit, may require the submission of an updated permit application. In the case of revoked and reissued permits, the Secretary shall require the submission of a new application.
(2) In a permit modification under this section, only those conditions to be modified shall be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing permit shall remain in effect for the duration of the unmodified permit. When a permit is revoked and reissued under this section, the entire permit is reopened just as if the permit had expired and was being reissued. During any revocation and reissuance proceeding the	7.3.2 When a permit is modified or revoked and reissued under this Section, the entire permit may be reopened just as if the permit had expired and was being reissued. During any modification, revocation and reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is reissued, provided that a complete UIC application was submitted at least 180	(2) In a permit modification under this section, only those conditions to be modified shall be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing permit shall remain in effect for the duration of the unmodified permit. When a permit is revoked and reissued under this section, the entire permit is reopened just as if the permit had expired and was being reissued. During any revocation and

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permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is reissued.	days prior to the expiration of the permit. (see Section 38.0).	reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is reissued.
(3) "Minor modifications" as defined in Secs. 122.63 (NPDES), 144.41 (UIC), and 233.16 (404), and "Classes 1 and 2 modifications" as defined in Sec. 270.42 (a) and (b) (RCRA) are not subject to the requirements of this section.	7.3.3 "Minor modifications" as defined in Section 42.0 are not subject to the requirements of this Section.	(3) "Minor modifications" as defined in §122.17 are not subject to the requirements of this section.
(d) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES) of this chapter, 145.11 (UIC) of this chapter, and 271.14 (RCRA) of this chapter). (1) If the Director tentatively decides to terminate: A permit under Sec. 144.40 (UIC) of this chapter, a permit under Secs. 122.64(a) (NPDES) of this chapter or 270.43 (RCRA) of this chapter (for EPA-issued NPDES permits, only at the request of the permittee), or a permit under Sec. 122.64(b) (NPDES) of this chapter where the permittee objects, he or she shall issue a notice of intent to terminate. A notice of intent to terminate is a type of draft permit which follows the same procedures as any draft permit prepared under Sec. 124.6 of this chapter.	7.4 If the Department tentatively decides to terminate a permit under Section 41.0 where the permittee objects, the Department shall issue a notice of intent to terminate. A notice of intent to terminate is a type of draft permit which follows the same procedures as any draft permit prepared under Section 8.0.	(d) If the Secretary tentatively decides to terminate a permit under §122.16, he or she shall issue a notice of intent to terminate. A notice of intent to terminate is a type of draft permit which follows the same procedures as any draft permit prepared under §124.5.
(2) For EPA-issued NPDES or RCRA permits, if the Director tentatively decides to terminate a permit under Sec. 122.64(a) (NPDES) of this chapter, other than at the		

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request of the permittee, or decides to		
conduct a hearing under section 3008 of		
RCRA in connection with the termination		
of a RCRA permit, he or she shall prepare		
a complaint under 40 CFR 22.13 and 22.44		
of this chapter. Such termination of		
NPDES and RCRA permits shall be subject		
to the procedures of part 22 of this chapter.		
(3) In the case of EPA-issued permits, a		
notice of intent to terminate or a complaint		
shall not be issued if the Regional		
Administrator and the permittee agree to		
termination in the course of transferring		
permit responsibility to an approved State		
under Secs. 123.24(b)(1) (NPDES) of this		
chapter, 145.25(b)(1) (UIC) of this chapter,		
271.8(b)(6) (RCRA) of this chapter, or		
501.14(b)(1) (sludge) of this chapter. In		
addition, termination of an NPDES permit		
for cause pursuant to Sec. 122.64 of this		
chapter may be accomplished by providing		
written notice to the permittee, unless the		
permittee objects.		
(e) When EPA is the permitting authority,		
all draft permits (including notices of intent		
to terminate) prepared under this section		
shall be based on the administrative record		
as defined in Sec. 124.9.		
(f) (Applicable to State programs, see Sec.		
233.26 (404)). Any request by the		
permittee for modification to an existing		
404 permit (other than a request for a minor		

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modification as defined in Sec. 233.16 (404)) shall be treated as a permit application and shall be processed in accordance with all requirements of Sec. 124.3.  (g)(1) (Reserved for PSD Modification Provisions).  (2) PSD permits may be terminated only by rescission under Sec. 52.21(w) or by automatic expiration under Sec. 52.21(r). Applications for rescission shall be precessed under Sec. 52.21(w) and are not		
subject to this part.	Outline O.O. Durff manuff	2124.5.D. 0:
Sec. 124.6 Draft permits.  (a) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) Once an application is complete, the Director shall tentatively decide whether to prepare a draft permit (except in the case of State section 404 permits for which no draft permit is required under Sec. 233.39) or to deny the application.	Section 8.0 Draft permits.  8.1 Once an application is complete, the Department shall tentatively decide whether to prepare a draft permit or to deny the application.	§124.5 Draft permits.  (a) Once an application is complete, the Secretary shall tentatively decide whether to prepare a draft permit or to deny the application.
(b) If the Director tentatively decides to deny the permit application, he or she shall issue a notice of intent to deny. A notice of intent to deny the permit application is a type of draft permit which follows the same procedures as any draft permit prepared under this section. See Sec. 124.6(e). If the Director's final decision (Sec. 124.15) is that the tentative decision to deny the	8.2 If the Department tentatively decides to deny the permit application, the Department shall issue a notice of intent to deny. A notice of intent to deny the permit application shall follow the same procedures as any draft permit prepared under this Section. If the Department's final decision is that the tentative decision to deny the permit	(b) If the Secretary tentatively decides to deny the permit application, he or she shall issue a notice of intent to deny. A notice of intent to deny the permit application is a type of draft permit which follows the same procedures as any draft permit prepared under this section. See §124.5(d). If the Secretary's final decision (§124.12) is that the

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permit application was incorrect, he or she shall withdraw the notice of intent to deny and proceed to prepare a draft permit under paragraph (d) of this section.	application was incorrect, the Department shall withdraw the notice of intent to deny and proceed to prepare a draft permit under subsection 8.3.	tentative decision to deny the permit application was incorrect, he or she shall withdraw the notice of intent to deny and proceed to prepare a draft permit under paragraph (c) of this section.
(c) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES) and 233.26 (404).) If the Director tentatively decides to issue an NPDES or 404 general permit, he or she shall prepare a draft general permit under paragraph (d) of this section.		
(d) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) If the Director decides to prepare a draft permit, he or she shall prepare a draft permit that contains the following information:	8.3 If the Department decides to prepare a draft permit, the Department shall prepare a draft permit that contains the following applicable information:	(c) If the Secretary decides to prepare a draft permit, he or she shall prepare a draft permit that contains the following information:
(1) All conditions under Secs. 122.41 and 122.43 (NPDES), 144.51 and 144.42 (UIC, 233.7 and 233.8 (404, or 270.30 and 270.32 (RCRA) (except for PSD permits)));	8.3.1 All conditions under Sections 43.0 and 44.0;	(1) All conditions under §§122.7 and 122.8;
(2) All compliance schedules under Secs. 122.47 (NPDES), 144.53 (UIC), 233.10 (404), or 270.33 (RCRA) (except for PSD permits);	8.3.2. All compliance schedules under Section 45.0; and	(2) All compliance schedules under §122.10;
(3) All monitoring requirements under Secs. 122.48 (NPDES), 144.54 (UIC), 233.11 (404), or 270.31 (RCRA) (except for PSD permits); and (4) For:	8.3.3 All monitoring requirements under Section 46.0.	(3) All monitoring requirements under §122.11;

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(i) RCRA permits, standards for treatment, storage, and/or disposal and other permit conditions under Sec. 270.30;		
(ii) UIC permits, permit conditions under Sec. 144.52; [moved to (4)]		(4) Permit conditions under §122.32.
(iii) PSD permits, permit conditions under 40 CFR Sec. 52.21; (iv) 404 permits, permit conditions under		
Secs. 233.7 and 233.8; (v) NPDES permits, effluent limitations,		
standards, prohibitions, standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, and conditions under Secs. 122.41, 122.42, and 122.44, including when applicable any		
conditions certified by a State agency under Sec. 124.55, and all variances that are to be included under Sec. 124.63.		
(e) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) All draft permits prepared by EPA under this section shall be accompanied by a statement of basis (Sec. 124.7) or fact sheet (Sec. 124.8), and shall be based on the administrative record (Sec. 124.9), publicly noticed (Sec. 124.10) and made available for public comment (Sec. 124.11). The Regional Administrator shall give notice of opportunity for a public hearing (Sec. 124.12), issue a final decision (Sec. 124.15) and respond to comments (Sec. 124.17). For RCRA, UIC or PSD permits,	8.4 Draft permits shall be accompanied by a fact sheet if required under Section 9.0.	(d) Draft permits prepared by a State shall be accompanied by a fact sheet if required under §124.6.

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an appeal may be taken under Sec. 124.19 and, for NPDES permits, an appeal may be taken under Sec. 124.74. Draft permits prepared by a State shall be accompanied by a fact sheet if required under Sec. 124.8. Sec. 124.7 Statement of basis.		
EPA shall prepare a statement of basis for every draft permit for which a fact sheet under Sec. 124.8 is not prepared. The statement of basis shall briefly describe the derivation of the conditions of the draft permit and the reasons for them or, in the case of notices of intent to deny or terminate, reasons supporting the tentative decision. The statement of basis shall be sent to the applicant and, on request, to any other person.		
Sec. 124.8 Fact sheet.  (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).)	Section 9.0 Fact sheet.	§124.6 Fact sheet.
(a) A fact sheet shall be prepared for every draft permit for a major HWM, UIC, 404, or NPDES facility or activity, for every Class I sludge management facility, for every 404 and NPDES general permit (Secs. 237.37 and 122.28), for every NPDES draft permit that incorporates a variance or requires an explanation under Sec. 124.56(b), for every draft permit that includes a sewage sludge land application	9.1 A fact sheet shall be prepared for every draft permit. The fact sheet shall briefly set forth the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit. The Department shall send this fact sheet to the applicant and, on request, to any other person.	(a) A fact sheet shall be prepared for every draft permit for a major UIC facility or activity, and for every draft permit which the Director finds is the subject of widespread public interest or raises major issues. The fact sheet shall briefly set forth the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit.

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plan under 40 CFR 501.15(a)(2)(ix), and for every draft permit which the Director finds is the subject of wide-spread public interest or raises major issues. The fact sheet shall briefly set forth the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit. The Director shall send this fact sheet to the applicant and, on request, to any other person.		The Secretary shall send this fact sheet to the applicant and, on request, to any other person.
(b) The fact sheet shall include, when applicable:	9.2 The fact sheet shall include, when applicable:	(b) The fact sheet shall include, when applicable:
(1) A brief description of the type of facility or activity which is the subject of the draft permit;	9.2.1 A brief description of the type of facility or activity which is the subject of the draft permit;	(1) A brief description of the type of facility or activity which is the subject of the draft permit;
(2) The type and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants which are proposed to be or are being treated, stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged.	9.2.2 The type and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants which are proposed to be or are being treated, stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged;	(2) The type and quantity of fluids which are proposed to be or are being injected.
(3) For a PSD permit, the degree of increment consumption expected to result from operation of the facility or activity.		
(4) A brief summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions and appropriate supporting references to the administrative record	9.2.3 A brief summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions and appropriate supporting references to the	

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required by Sec. 124.9 (for EPA-issued permits);	administrative record;	
(5) Reasons why any requested variances or alternatives to required standards do or do not appear justified;	9.2.4 A statement of reasons why any requested variances or alternatives to required standards are or are not justified;	(3) Reasons why any requested variances or alternatives to required standards do or do not appear justified;
(6) A description of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit including:	9.2.5 A description of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit including:	(4) A description of the procedures for reaching a final decision on the draft permit including:
(i) The beginning and ending dates of the comment period under Sec. 124.10 and the address where comments will be received;	9.2.4.1 The beginning and ending dates of the comment period under Section 10.0 and the address where comments will be received;	(i) The beginning and ending dates of the comment period under §124.7 and the address where comments will be received;
(ii) Procedures for requesting a hearing and the nature of that hearing; and	9.2.4.2 Procedures for requesting a hearing and the nature of that hearing; and	(ii) Procedures for requesting a hearing and the nature of that hearing; and
(iii) Any other procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision.	9.2.4.3 Any other procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision.	(iii) Any other procedures by which the public may participate in the final decision
(7) Name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information.	9.2.6 Name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information.	(5) Name and telephone number of a person to contact for additional information.
(8) For NPDES permits, provisions satisfying the requirements of Sec. 124.56.		
(9) Justification for waiver of any application requirements under Sec. 122.21(j) or (q) of this chapter.		

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Part 124	(based on the FED regs)	
Sec. 124.9 Administrative record for		
draft permits when EPA is the		
permitting authority.  (a) The provisions of a draft permit		
prepared by EPA under Sec. 124.6 shall be		
based on the administrative record defined		
in this section.		
in this section.		
(b) For preparing a draft permit under		
Sec. 124.6, the record shall consist of:		
,		
(1) The application, if required, and any		
supporting data furnished by the applicant;		
(2) The draft permit or notice of intent to		
deny the application or to terminate the		
permit;		
(2) [7]		
(3) The statement of basis (Sec. 124.7)		
or fact sheet (Sec. 124.8);		
(4) All documents cited in the statement		
of basis or fact sheet; and		
or busis of fact sheet, and		
(5) Other documents contained in the		
supporting file for the draft permit.		
(6) For NPDES new source draft permits		
only, any environmental assessment,		
environmental impact statement (EIS),		
finding of no significant impact, or		
environmental information document and		

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
any supplement to an EIS that may have		
been prepared. NPDES permits other than		
permits to new sources as well as all		
RCRA, UIC and PSD permits are not subject to the environmental impact		
statement provisions of section 102(2)(C)		
of the National Environmental Policy Act,		
42 U.S.C. 4321.		
(c) Material readily available at the		
issuing Regional Office or published		
material that is generally available, and that is included in the administrative record		
under paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section,		
need not be physically included with the		
rest of the record as long as it is		
specifically referred to in the statement of basis or the fact sheet.		
busis of the fact sheet.		
(d) This section applies to all draft		
permits when public notice was given after the effective date of these regulations.		
Sec. 124.10 Public notice of permit	Section 10.0 Public notice of permit	§124.7 Public notice of permit actions
actions and public comment period.	actions and public comment period.	and public comment period.
	10.1 Scope	( ) 9
(a) Scope. (1) The Director shall give public notice that the following actions	10.1.1 The Department shall provide public notice that any of the following	<ul><li>(a) <u>Scope</u>.</li><li>(1) The Secretary shall give public notice</li></ul>
have occurred:	actions have occurred:	that the following actions have occurred:
(i) A permit application has been	10.1.1.1 A permit application has	(i) A permit application has been
tentatively denied under Sec. 124.6(b);	been tentatively denied under subsection 8.2;	tentatively denied under §124.5(b);

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(ii) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). A draft permit has been prepared under Sec. 124.6(d);	10.1.1.2 A draft permit has been prepared under subsection 8.3;	(ii) A draft permit has been prepared under §124.5(c);
(iii) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404) and 271.14 (RCRA)). A hearing has been scheduled under Sec. 124.12;	10.1.1.3 A hearing has been scheduled under <b>7 Del.C.</b> §§ 6004 and 6006.	(iii) A hearing has been scheduled under §124.9;
(iv) An appeal has been granted under Sec. 124.19(c);	10.1.1.4 An appeal to the EAB has been filed pursuant to <b>7 Del.C.</b> §6008.	(iv) An appeal has been granted under §124.15(c);
(v) (Applicable to State programs, see Sec. 233.26 (404)). A State section 404 application has been received in cases when no draft permit will be prepared (see Sec. 233.39); or		
(vi) An NPDES new source determination has been made under Sec. 122.29.		
2) No public notice is required when a request for permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination is denied under Sec. 124.5(b). Written notice of that denial shall be given to the requester and to the permittee.	10.1.2 No public notice is required when a request for permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination is denied under subsection 7.2. Written notice of that denial shall be given to the requester and to the permittee.	(2) No public notice is required when a request for permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination is denied under §124.4(b). Written notice of that denial shall be given to the requester and to the permittee.
(3) Public notices may describe more than one permit or permit actions.	10.1.3 Public notices may describe more than one permit or permit actions if the applicant or permittee is the same person.	(3) Public notices may describe more than one permit or permit action.

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(b) Timing (applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404, and 271.14 (RCRA)). (1) Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit (including a notice of intent to deny a permit application) required under paragraph (a) of this section shall allow at least 30 days for public comment. For RCRA permits only, public notice shall allow at least 45 days for public comment. For EPA-issued permits, if the Regional Administrator determines under 40 CFR part 6, subpart F that an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) shall be prepared for an NPDES new source, public notice of the draft permit shall not be given until after a draft EIS is issued.	10.2 Timing.  10.2.1 Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit or a notice of intent to deny a permit application required under subsection 10.1 shall allow at least 30 days for public comment.	(b) Timing. (1) Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit (including a notice of intent to deny a permit application) required under paragraph (a) of this section shall allow at least 30 days for public comment.
(2) Public notice of a public hearing shall be given at least 30 days before the hearing. (Public notice of the hearing may be given at the same time as public notice of the draft permit and the two notices may be combined.)	10.2.2 Public notice of a public hearing shall be provided at least 30 days before the hearing. Public notice of the hearing may be given at the same time as public notice of the draft permit and the two notices may be combined.  10.2.3 Public notice is not required for activities approved by a	(2) Public notice of a public hearing shall be given at least 30 days before the hearing. (Public notice of the hearing may be given at the same time as public notice of the draft permit and the two notices may be combined.)
(c) Methods (applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC),	Rule Authorization letter.  10.3 Methods. Public notice of activities described in subsection 10.1.1	(c) Methods. Public notice of activities described in paragraph (a)(1) of this

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233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). Public notice of activities described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be given by the following methods:	shall be given by the following methods:	section shall be given by the following methods:
(1) By mailing a copy of a notice to the following persons (any person otherwise entitled to receive notice under this paragraph may waive his or her rights to receive notice for any classes and categories of permits);	10.3.1 By mailing a copy of a notice to the following persons (any person otherwise entitled to receive notice under this Section may waive his or her rights to receive notice for any classes and categories of permits);	(1) By mailing a copy of a notice to the following persons (any person otherwise entitled to receive notice under this paragraph may waive his or her rights to receive notice for any classes and categories of permits):
(i) The applicant (except for NPDES and 404 general permits when there is no applicant);	10.3.1.1 The applicant;	(i) The applicant;
(ii) Any other agency which the Director knows has issued or is required to issue a RCRA, UIC, PSD (or other permit under the Clean Air Act), NPDES, 404, sludge management permit, or ocean dumping permit under the Marine Research Protection and Sanctuaries Act for the same facility or activity (including EPA when the draft permit is prepared by the State);	10.3.1.2 Any other agency which the Department knows has issued or is required to issue a permit for the same facility or activity;	(ii) Any other agency which the Director knows has issued or is required to issue a permit for the same facility or activity;
(iii) Federal and State agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, and wildlife resources and over coastal zone management plans, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, State Historic Preservation Officers, including any affected States (Indian Tribes). (For purposes of this paragraph, and in the context of the Underground Injection	10.3.1.3 Federal and State agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, wildlife resources, coastal zone management plans, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, the State Historic Preservation Officer, including any affected States.	(iii) Federal and State agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, and wildlife resources and over coastal zone management plans, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, State Historic Preservation Officers, and other appropriate government authorities, including any affected States;

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 124	(based on the FED regs)	_
Control Program only, the term State		
includes Indian Tribes treated as States.)		
(iv) For NPDES and 404 permits only, any		
State agency responsible for plan		
development under CWA section		
208(b)(2), 208(b)(4) or 303(e) and the U.S.		
Army Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Fish		
and Wildlife Service and the National		
Marine Fisheries Service;		
(v) For NPDES permits only, any user		
identified in the permit application of a		
privately owned treatment works;		
(vi) For 404 permits only, any reasonably		
ascertainable owner of property adjacent to		
the regulated facility or activity and the		
Regional Director of the Federal Aviation		
Administration if the discharge involves		
the construction of structures which may		
affect aircraft operations or for purposes		
associated with seaplane operations;		
(vii) For PSD permits only, affected State		
and local air pollution control agencies, the		
chief executives of the city and county		
where the major stationary source or major		
modification would be located, any		
comprehensive regional land use planning		
agency and any State, Federal Land		
Manager, or Indian Governing Body whose lands may be affected by emissions from		
the regulated activity;		
(viii) For Class I injection well UIC permits only, state and local oil and gas		
permits only, state and local off and gas		

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
regulatory agencies and state agencies regulating mineral exploration and recovery;		
(ix) Persons on a mailing list developed by:	10.3.1.4 Persons on a mailing list developed by:	(iv) Persons on a mailing list developed by:
(A) Including those who request in writing to be on the list;	10.3.1.4.1 Including those who request in writing to be on the list;	(A) Including those who request in writing to be on the list;
(B) Soliciting persons for ``area lists" from participants in past permit proceedings in that area; and	10.3.1.4.2 Soliciting persons for "area lists" from participants in past permit proceedings in that area; and	(B) Soliciting persons for "area lists" from participants in past permit proceedings in that area; and
(C) Notifying the public of the opportunity to be put on the mailing list through periodic publication in the public press and in such publications as Regional and State funded newsletters, environmental bulletins, or State law journals. (The Director may update the mailing list from time to time by requesting written indication of continued interest from those listed. The Director may delete from the list the name of any person who fails to respond to such a request.)	10.3.1.4.3 Informing the public of the opportunity to be put on a notification list, via the Delaware Environmental Navigator website.	(C) Notifying the public of the opportunity to be put on the mailing list through periodic publication in the public press and in such publications as Regional and State funded newsletters, environmental bulletins, or State law journals. (The Secretary may update the mailing list from time to time by requesting written indication of continued interest from those listed. The Secretary may delete from the list the name of any person who fails to respond to such a request.)
(x)(A) To any unit of local government having jurisdiction over the area where the facility is proposed to be located; and (B) to each State agency having any authority under State law with respect to the construction or operation of such facility.	10.3.1.5 To any unit of local government having jurisdiction over the area where the facility is proposed to be located; and	

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	10.3.1.6 To each State agency having any authority under State law with respect to the construction or operation of such facility.	
(2)(i) For major permits, NPDES and 404 general permits, and permits that include sewage sludge land application plans under 40 CFR 501.15(a)(2)(ix), publication of a notice in a daily or weekly newspaper within the area affected by the facility or activity; and for EPA-issued NPDES general permits, in the Federal Register;  Note: The Director is encouraged to provide as much notice as possible of the NPDES or Section 404 draft general permit to the facilities or activities to be covered by the general permit.	10.3.2 For permits, publication of a notice in a daily or weekly newspaper within the area affected by the facility or activity	
(ii) For all RCRA permits, publication of a notice in a daily or weekly major local newspaper of general circulation and broadcast over local radio stations.		
(3) When the program is being administered by an approved State, in a manner constituting legal notice to the public under State law; and	10.3.3 In a manner constituting legal notice to the public under this Section and 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6004.	(2) When the program is being administered by an approved State, in a manner constituting legal notice to the public under State law; and
(4) Any other method reasonably calculated to give actual notice of the action in question to the persons potentially affected by it, including press releases or any other forum or medium to elicit public	10.3.4 Any other method reasonably calculated to give actual notice of the action in question to the persons potentially affected by it, including press releases or any other	(3) Any other method reasonably calculated to give actual notice of the action in question to the persons potentially affected by it, including press releases or any other forum or medium to

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
participation.	forum or medium to elicit public participation.	elicit public participation.
	10.4 Contents	
(d) Contents (applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA))(1) All public notices. All public notices issued under this part shall contain the following minimum information:	10.4.1 All public notices. All public notices issued under this part shall contain the following minimum information:	(d) Contents. (1) All public notices. All public notices issued under this Part shall contain the following minimum information:
(i) Name and address of the office processing the permit action for which notice is being given;	10.4.1.1 Name and address of the office processing the permit action for which notice is being given;	(i) Name and address of the office processing the permit action for which notice is being given;
(ii) Name and address of the permittee or permit applicant and, if different, of the facility or activity regulated by the permit, except in the case of NPDES and 404 draft general permits under Secs. 122.28 and 233.37;	10.4.1.2 The name and address of the permittee or permit applicant and, if different, of the facility or activity regulated by the permit;	(ii) Name and address of the permittee or permit applicant.
(iii) A brief description of the business conducted at the facility or activity described in the permit application or the draft permit, for NPDES or 404 general permits when there is no application.	10.4.1.3 A brief description of the business conducted at the facility or activity described in the permit application;	(iii) A brief description of the business conducted at the facility or activity described in the permit application or the draft permit,
(iv) Name, address and telephone number of a person from whom interested persons may obtain further information, including copies of the draft permit or draft general permit, as the case may be, statement of basis or fact sheet, and the application; and	10.4.1.4 The name, address and telephone number of a person from whom interested persons may obtain further information, including copies of the draft permit or draft general permit, as the case may be, a copy of the fact sheet, and a copy of the application; and	(iv) Name, address and telephone number of a person from whom interested persons may obtain further information, including copies of the draft permit or draft general permit, as the case may be, statement of basis or fact sheet, and the application; and

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(v) A brief description of the comment procedures required by Secs. 124.11 and 124.12 and the time and place of any hearing that will be held, including a statement of procedures to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled) and other procedures by which the public may participate in the final permit decision.	10.4.1.5 A brief description of the comment procedures required by Section 11.0 of these Regulations and by 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6006 and the time and place of any hearing that will be held, including a statement of procedures to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled) and other procedures by which the public may participate in the final permit decision.	(v) A brief description of the comment procedures required by §§124.8 and 124.9 and the time and place of any hearing that will be held, including a statement of procedures to request a hearing (unless a hearing has already been scheduled) and other procedures by which the public may participate in the final permit decision.
(vi) For EPA-issued permits, the location of the administrative record required by Sec. 124.9, the times at which the record will be open for public inspection, and a statement that all data submitted by the applicant is available as part of the administrative record.		
(vii) For NPDES permits only (including those for ``sludge-only facilities"), a general description of the location of each existing or proposed discharge point and the name of the receiving water and the sludge use and disposal practice(s) and the location of each sludge treatment works treating domestic sewage and use or disposal sites known at the time of permit application. For EPA-issued NPDES permits only, if the discharge is from a new source, a statement as to whether an environmental impact statement will be or		

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has been prepared.		
(viii) For 404 permits only,		
(A) The purpose of the proposed activity		
(including, in the case of fill material,		
activities intended to be conducted on the fill), a description of the type, composition,		
and quantity of materials to be discharged		
and means of conveyance; and any		
proposed conditions and limitations on the		
discharge;		
(B) The name and water quality		
standards classification, if applicable, of		
the receiving waters into which the		
discharge is proposed, and a general		
description of the site of each proposed		
discharge and the portions of the site and the discharges which are within State		
regulated waters;		
(C) A description of the anticipated		
environmental effects of activities		
conducted under the permit;		
(D) References to applicable statutory or		
regulatory authority; and		
(E) Any other evailable information		
(E) Any other available information which may assist the public in evaluating		
the likely impact of the proposed activity		
upon the integrity of the receiving water.		

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(ix) Requirements applicable to cooling water intake structures at new facilities under section 316(b) of the CWA, in accordance with part 125, subpart I, of this chapter.		
(x) Any additional information considered necessary or proper.	10.4.1.6 Any additional information considered necessary.	(vi) Any additional information considered necessary or proper.
<ul> <li>(2) Public notices for hearings. In addition to the general public notice described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, the public notice of a hearing under Sec. 124.12 shall contain the following information:</li> <li>(i) Reference to the date of previous public notices relating to the permit;</li> </ul>	10.4.2 Public notices for hearings. In addition to the general public notice described in subsection 10.4.1, the public notice of a hearing under 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6006 shall contain the following information:  10.4.2.1 Reference to the date(s) of previous public notices relating to the	(2) Public notices for hearings. In addition to the general public notice described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, the public notice of a hearing under §124.12, shall contain the following information:  (i) Reference to the date of previous public notices relating to the permit;
(ii) Date, time, and place of the hearing;	permit;  10.4.2.2 Date, time, and place of the hearing; and	(ii) Date, time, and place of the hearing;
(iii) A brief description of the nature and purpose of the hearing, including the applicable rules and procedures; and	10.4.2.3 A brief description of the nature and purpose of the hearing, including identification of the applicable rules and procedures (copies of which shall be provided upon request).	(iii) A brief description of the nature and purpose of the hearing, including the applicable rules and procedures; and
<ul><li>(iv) For 404 permits only, a summary of major issues raised to date during the public comment period.</li><li>(e) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs.</li></ul>	10.5 In addition to the general public	(e) In addition to the general public

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). In addition to the general public notice described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, all persons identified in paragraphs (c)(1) (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) of this section shall be mailed a copy of the fact sheet or statement of basis (for EPA-issued permits), the permit application (if any) and the draft permit (if any).	notice described in subsection 10.4.1, persons identified in subsection 10.3 may be mailed a copy of the fact sheet, the permit application, and the draft permit.	notice described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, all persons identified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section shall be mailed a copy of the permit application (if any) and the draft permit (if any).
	10.6 The applicant shall be responsible for all costs associated with advertising the Public Notice and the Public Hearing Notice.	
Sec. 124.11 Public comments and	Section 11.0 Public comments and	§124.8 Public comments and requests
requests for public hearings.	requests for public hearings.	for public hearings
(Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA)). During the public comment period provided under Sec. 124.10, any interested person may submit written comments on the draft permit or the permit application for 404 permits when no draft permit is required (see Sec. 233.39) and may request a public hearing, if no hearing has already been scheduled. A request for a public hearing shall be in writing and shall state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. All comments shall be considered in making the final decision and shall be	During the public comment period provided under Section 10.0, any interested person may submit written comments on the draft permit and may request a public hearing, if no hearing has already been scheduled. A request for a public hearing shall be in writing and shall state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. All comments shall be considered in making the final decision and shall be answered as provided in Section 17.0 of these Regulations.	During the public comment period provided under §124.7, any interested person may submit written comments on the draft permit and may request a public hearing, if no hearing has already been scheduled. A request for a public hearing shall be in writing and shall state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. All comments shall be considered in making the final decision and shall be answered as provided in §124.14.

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answered as provided in Sec. 124.17.		
Sec. 124.12 Public hearings.	Section 12.0 Public hearings.	§124.9 Public hearings.
(a) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs.	Public hearings shall be governed by the	(a) The Secretary shall hold a public
123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26	provisions of 7 <b>Del.C</b> . §6006 and by the	hearing whenever he or she finds, on the
(404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) (1) The	Delaware Administrative Procedures	basis of requests, a significant degree of
Director shall hold a public hearing	Act, 29 <b>Del. C.</b> , Chapter 101 and by any	public interest in a draft permit(s). Public
whenever he or she finds, on the basis of	amending or superseding legislation. A	notice of the hearing shall be given as specified in §124.7.
requests, a significant degree of public interest in a draft permit(s);	public hearing shall be held on any application if the Secretary deems	specified in §124.7.
interest in a draft permit(s),	significant public interest exists to do so.	
(2) The Director may also hold a public	significant public interest exists to do so.	The Secretary also may hold a public
hearing at his or her discretion, whenever,		hearing at his or her discretion,
for instance, such a hearing might clarify		whenever, for instance, such a hearing
one or more issues involved in the permit		might clarify one or more issues
decision;		involved in the permit decision.
(3) For RCRA permits only, (i) the		
Director shall hold a public hearing		
whenever he or she receives written notice		
of opposition to a draft permit and a		
request for a hearing within 45 days of		
public notice under Sec. 124.10(b)(1); (ii)		
whenever possible the Director shall schedule a hearing under this section at a		
location convenient to the nearest		
population center to the proposed facility;		
(4) Public notice of the hearing shall be		Public notice of the hearing shall be
given as specified in Sec. 124.10.		given as specified in §124.7.
(b) Whenever a public hearing will be held		0
and EPA is the permitting authority, the		
Regional Administrator shall designate a		

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Presiding Officer for the hearing who shall		
be responsible for its scheduling and		
orderly conduct.		
(c) Any person may submit oral or written		(b) Any person may submit oral or
statements and data concerning the draft		written statements and data concerning
permit. Reasonable limits may be set upon		the draft permit. Reasonable limits may
the time allowed for oral statements, and		be set upon the time allowed for oral
the submission of statements in writing		statements, and the submission of
may be required. The public comment		statements in writing may be required.
period under Sec. 124.10 shall		The public comment period under
automatically be extended to the close of		§124.7 shall automatically be extended
any public hearing under this section. The hearing officer may also extend the		to the close of any public hearing under this section. The hearing officer may also
comment period by so stating at the		extend the comment period by so stating
hearing.		at the hearing.
(d) A tape recording or written transcript of		(c) A tape recording or written transcript
the hearing shall be made available to the		of the hearing shall be made available to
public.		the public.
Sec. 124.13 Obligation to raise issues and	Section 13.0 Obligation to raise	§124.10 Obligation to raise issues and
provide information during the public	issues and provide information	provide information during the public
comment period.	during the public comment period.	comment period
All persons, including applicants, who	All persons, including applicants, who	All persons, including applicants, who
believe any condition of a draft permit is	believe any condition of a draft permit is	believe any condition of a draft permit is
inappropriate or that the Director's tentative	inappropriate or that the Department's tentative decision to deny an application,	inappropriate or that the Secretary's
decision to deny an application, terminate a	terminate a permit, or prepare a draft permit	tentative decision to deny an application,
permit, or prepare a draft permit is	is inappropriate, must by the close of the	terminate a permit, or prepare a draft
inappropriate, must raise all reasonably	public comment period (including any public	permit is inappropriate, must raise all
ascertainable issues and submit all	hearing) under Section 10.0, raise all	reasonable ascertainable issues and
reasonably available arguments supporting	reasonably ascertainable issues and submit	submit all reasonably available
their position by the close of the public	all reasonably available arguments	arguments and factual grounds
comment period (including any public hearing) under Sec. 124.10. Any	supporting their position. Any supporting materials which are submitted shall be	supporting their position, including all supporting material, by the close of the
nearing) under Sec. 124.10. Ally	materials which are submitted shall be	supporting material, by the close of the

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supporting materials which are submitted shall be included in full and may not be incorporated by reference, unless they are already part of the administrative record in the same proceeding, or consist of State or Federal statutes and regulations, EPA documents of general applicability, or other generally available reference materials. Commenters shall make supporting materials not already included in the administrative record available to EPA as directed by the Regional Administrator. (A comment period longer than 30 days may be necessary to give commenters a reasonable opportunity to comply with the requirements of this section. Additional time shall be granted under Sec. 124.10 to the extent that a commenter who requests additional time demonstrates the need for such time.)	included in full and may not be incorporated by reference. There is no need to provide copies of State or Federal statutes and regulations, EPA documents of general applicability, or other generally available reference materials. Such items may be referred to by citation in the submission but copies shall be provided to the DNREC upon request. Commenters shall make supporting materials not already included in the administrative record available to the DNREC as reasonably requested by the Department. A comment period longer than 30 days may be necessary to give commenters a reasonable opportunity to comply with the requirements of this Section. Additional time shall be granted under Section 10.0 upon a showing of good cause by a commenter who requests additional time.	public comment period (including any public hearing) under §124.7. All supporting materials shall be included in full and may not be incorporated by reference, unless they consist of State or Federal statutes and regulations, EPA documents of general applicability, or other generally available reference materials.
Sec. 124.14 Reopening of the public comment period.	Section 14.0 Reopening of the public comment period.	§124.11 Reopening of the public comment period
(a)(1) The Regional Administrator may order the public comment period reopened	14.1 The Department may order the reopening of the public comment period	
if the procedures of this paragraph could	if he or she determines that doing so	
expedite the decision making process. When the public comment period is	pursuant to this Section could expedite the decision making process. The public	
reopened under this paragraph, all persons,	comment period may be reopened at the	

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including applicants, who believe any condition of a draft permit is inappropriate or that the Regional Administrator's tentative decision to deny an application, terminate a permit, or prepare a draft permit is inappropriate, must submit all reasonably available factual grounds supporting their position, including all supporting material, by a date, not less than sixty days after public notice under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, set by the Regional Administrator. Thereafter, any person may file a written response to the material filed by any other person, by a date, not less than twenty days after the date set for filing of the material, set by the Regional Administrator.	request of any person, including applicants, who (1) believe that any condition of a draft permit is inappropriate or (2) question the Department's tentative decision to deny an application, terminate a permit, or prepare a draft permit is inappropriate. All persons, including applicants, who request the reopening of the public comment period must submit all reasonably available facts supporting their challenge no less than 30 days from the date of public notice. Thereafter, any person may file a written response to the submission of any other person, by a date set by the Department which shall be at least 20 days after the date of the submission to which response is made.	
(2) Public notice of any comment period under this paragraph shall identify the issues to which the requirements of Sec. 124.14(a) shall apply.		
(3) On his own motion or on the request of any person, the Regional Administrator may direct that the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall apply during the initial comment period where it reasonably appears that issuance of the permit will be contested and that applying the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section will substantially expedite the	14.1.1 The Department may direct that the requirements of subsection 14.1 shall apply during the initial comment period where it reasonably appears that issuance of the permit will be contested and that applying the requirements of subsection 14.1 will substantially expedite the decision making process. The notice of	

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decision making process. The notice of the draft permit shall state whenever this has been done.	the draft permit shall state whenever this has been done.	
(4) A comment period of longer than 60 days will often be necessary in complicated proceedings to give commenters a reasonable opportunity to comply with the requirements of this section. Commenters may request longer comment periods and they shall be granted under Sec. 124.10 to the extent they appear necessary.	14.1.2 A longer comment period will often be necessary in complicated proceedings to give commenters a reasonable opportunity to comply with the requirements of this Section.  Commenters may request longer comment periods and extensions shall be granted under Section 10.0 to the extent they appear necessary.	
(b) If any data information or arguments submitted during the public comment period, including information or arguments required under Sec. 124.13, appear to raise substantial new questions concerning a permit, the Regional Administrator may take one or more of the following actions:	14.2 If any data, information, or arguments submitted during the public comment period, including information or arguments required under Section 13.0, appear to raise substantial new questions concerning a permit, the Department may take one or more of the following actions:	(a) If any data information or arguments submitted during the public comment period, including information or arguments required under §124.10, appear to raise substantial new questions concerning a permit, the Secretary may take one or more of the following actions:
(1) Prepare a new draft permit, appropriately modified, under Sec. 124.6;	14.2.1 Prepare a new draft permit, appropriately modified, under Section 8.0;	(1) Prepare a new draft permit, appropriately modified, under §124.5;
(2) Prepare a revised statement of basis under Sec. 124.7, a fact sheet or revised fact sheet under Sec. 124.8 and reopen the comment period under Sec. 124.14; or	14.2.2 Prepare a revised fact sheet under Section 9.0 and reopen the comment period under this Section; or	(2) Prepare a fact sheet or revised fact sheet under §124.6 and reopen the comment period under §124.11; or
(3) Reopen or extend the comment period under Sec. 124.10 to give interested persons an opportunity to comment on the	14.2.3 Reopen or extend the comment period under Section 10.0 to give interested persons an opportunity to	(3) Reopen or extend the comment period under §124.7 to given interested persons an opportunity to comment on

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information or arguments submitted.	comment on the information or arguments submitted.	the information or arguments submitted.
(c) Comments filed during the reopened comment period shall be limited to the substantial new questions that caused its reopening. The public notice under Sec. 124.10 shall define the scope of the reopening.  (d) [Reserved]	14.3 Comments filed during the reopened comment period shall be limited to the substantial new questions that caused its reopening pursuant to this Section. The public notice under Section 10.0 shall define the scope of the reopening.	(b) Comments filed during the reopened comment period shall be limited to the substantial new questions that caused its reopening. The public notice under §124.7 shall define the scope of the reopening.
(e) Public notice of any of the above actions shall be issued under Sec. 124.10.	14.4 Public notice of any of the above actions shall be issued under Section 10.0.	(c) Public notice of any of the above actions shall be issued under §124.7.
Sec. 124.15 Issuance and effective date of permit.	Section 15.0 Issuance and effective date of permit.	§124.12 Issuance and effective date of permit
(a) After the close of the public comment period under Sec. 124.10 on a draft permit,	15.1 After the close of the public	(a) After the close of the public comment period under §124.7 on a draft permit,

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final permit decision means a final decision to issue, deny, modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit.	revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit.	
(b) A final permit decision (or a decision to deny a permit for the active life of a RCRA hazardous waste management facility or unit under Sec. 270.29) shall become effective 30 days after the service of notice of the decision unless:	15.2 A final permit decision shall become effective 30 days after the service of notice of the decision unless:	(b) A final permit decision shall become effective 30 days after the service of notice of the decision under paragraph (a) of this section, unless:
(1) A later effective date is specified in the decision; or	15.2.1 A later effective date is specified in the decision; or	(1) A later effective date is specified in the decision; or
(2) Review is requested on the permit under Sec. 124.19.	15.2.2 A review is requested, in accordance with DNREC Environmental Appeals Board (EAB) requirements;	(2) Review is requested under §124.15; or
(3) No comments requested a change in the draft permit, in which case the permit shall become effective immediately upon issuance.	15.2.3 No comments requested a change in the draft permit, in which case the permit shall become effective immediately upon issuance.	(3) No comments requested a change in the draft permit, in which case the permit shall become effective immediately upon issuance.
Sec. 124.16 Stays of contested permit conditions.	Section 16.0 Application to Stay Contested Permit Action.	§124.13 Says of contested permits conditions
	No appeal shall automatically stay any action of the Department; but upon application, and for good cause, the Department or the Court of Chancery may stay the action pending disposition of the appeal.	
(a) Stays. (1) If a request for review of a RCRA, UIC, or NPDES permit under Sec. 124.19 of this part is filed, the effect of the contested permit conditions shall be stayed		(a) Stays. (1) If a request for review of a UIC permit under §124.15 is granted, the effect of the contested permit conditions shall be stayed and shall not be subject to

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and shall not be subject to judicial review pending final agency action. Uncontested permit conditions shall be stayed only until the date specified in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section. (No stay of a PSD permit is available under this section.) If the permit involves a new facility or new injection well, new source, new discharger or a recommencing discharger, the applicant shall be without a permit for the proposed new facility, injection well, source or discharger pending final agency action. See also Sec. 124.60. [section does not exist]  (2)(i) Uncontested conditions which are not severable from those contested shall be stayed together with the contested conditions. The Regional Administrator shall identify the stayed provisions of permits for existing facilities, injection wells, and sources. All other provisions of the permit for the existing facility, injection well, or source become fully effective and enforceable 30 days after the date of the notification required in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section.		judicial review pending final agency action. If the permit involves a new injection well the applicant shall be without a permit for the proposed new injection well pending final agency action.  (2) Uncontested conditions which are not severable from those contested shall be stayed together with the contested conditions. Stayed provisions of permits for existing injection wells shall be identified by the Secretary. All other provisions of the permit for the existing injection well shall remain fully effective and enforceable.
(ii) The Regional Administrator shall, as soon as possible after receiving notification from the EAB of the filing of a petition for review, notify the EAB, the applicant, and all other interested parties of the uncontested (and severable) conditions of the final permit that will become fully		

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effective enforceable obligations of the		
permit as of the date specified in paragraph		
(a)(2)(i) of this section . For NPDES		
permits only, the notice shall comply with		
the requirements of Sec. 124.60(b).		
(b) Stays based on cross effects. (1) A stay		(b) Stays based on cross effects. (1) A
may be granted based on the grounds that		stay may be granted based on the
an appeal to the Administrator under Sec.		grounds that an appeal to the Secretary
124.19 of one permit may result in changes		under §124.15 of one permit may result
to another EPA-issued permit only when		in changes to another permit only when
each of the permits involved has been		each of the permits involved has been
appealed to the Administrator and he or she		appealed to the Secretary and he or she
has accepted each appeal.		has accepted each appeal.
(2) No stay of an EPA-issued RCRA, UIC,		
or NPDES permit shall be granted based on		
the staying of any State-issued permit		
except at the discretion of the Regional		
Administrator and only upon written		
request from the State Director.		
(c) Any facility or activity holding an		(c) Any facility or activity holding an
existing permit must:		existing permit must:
(1) Comply with the conditions of that		(1) Comply with the conditions of that
permit during any modification or		permit during any modification or
revocation and reissuance proceeding under		revocation and reissuance proceeding
Sec. 124.5; and		under §124.4; and
(2) To the extent conditions of any new		(2) To the extent conditions of any new
permit are stayed under this section,		permit are stayed under this section,
comply with the conditions of the existing		comply with the conditions of the
permit which correspond to the stayed		existing permit which correspond to the
conditions, unless compliance with the		stayed conditions, unless compliance
existing conditions would be		with the existing conditions would be
technologically incompatible with		technologically incompatible with

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
compliance with other conditions of the new permit which have not been stayed.		compliance with other conditions of the new permit which have not been stayed.
Sec. 124.17 Response to comments.  (a) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) At the time that any final permit decision is issued under Sec. 124.15, the Director shall issue a response to comments. States are only required to issue a response to comments when a final permit is issued. This response shall:	Section 17.0 Response to comments.  17.1 The Department shall issue a response to comments when a final permit is issued. This response shall:	§124.14 Response to comments  (a) At the time that any final permit decision is issued under §124.12, the Secretary shall issue a response to comments. States are only required to issue a response to comments when a final permit is issued. This response shall:
(1) Specify which provisions, if any, of the draft permit have been changed in the final permit decision, and the reasons for the change; and	17.1.1 Specify which provisions, if any, of the draft permit have been changed in the final permit decision, and the reasons for the change; and	(1) Specify which provisions, if any, of the draft permit have been changed in the final permit decision, and the reasons for the change; and
(2) Briefly describe and respond to all significant comments on the draft permit or the permit application (for section 404 permits only) raised during the public comment period, or during any hearing.	17.1.2 Briefly describe and respond to all significant comments on the draft permit raised during the public comment period, or during any hearing.	(2) Briefly describe and respond to all significant comments on the draft permit raised during the public comment period, or during any hearing
(b) For EPA-issued permits, any documents cited in the response to comments shall be included in the administrative record for the final permit decision as defined in Sec. 124.18. If new points are raised or new material supplied during the public comment period, EPA may document its response to those matters by adding new materials to the administrative record.	17.2 Any documents cited in the response to comments shall be included in the administrative record for the final permit decision. If new points are raised or new material supplied during the public comment period, the Department may document a response to those matters by adding new materials to the administrative record.	

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(c) (Applicable to State programs, see Secs. 123.25 (NPDES), 145.11 (UIC), 233.26 (404), and 271.14 (RCRA).) The response to comments shall be available to the public.	17.3 The response to comments shall be available to the public.	(b) The response to comments shall be available to the public.
Sec. 124.18 Administrative record for final permit when EPA is the permitting authority.		
[text not shown here]		
Sec. 124.19 Appeal of RCRA, UIC, NPDES, and PSD Permits.	Section 18.0 Appeal of UIC Permits.	§124.15 Appeal of UIC permits
(a) Within 30 days after a RCRA, UIC, NPDES, or PSD final permit decision (or a decision under 270.29 of this chapter to deny a permit for the active life of a RCRA hazardous waste management facility or unit) has been issued under Sec. 124.15 of this part, any person who filed comments on that draft permit or participated in the public hearing may petition the Environmental Appeals Board to review any condition of the permit decision. Persons affected by an NPDES general permit may not file a petition under this section or otherwise challenge the conditions of the general permit in further Agency proceedings. They may, instead, either challenge the general permit in court, or apply for an individual NPDES permit under Sec. 122.21 as authorized in Sec. 122.28 and then petition the Board for	Any appeal of a UIC permit shall be governed by 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6008 and by any amending or superseding legislation.	(a) Within 30 days after a UIC, final permit decision has been issued under §124.12, any person who filed comments on that draft permit or participated in the public hearing may petition the Secretary to review any condition of the permit decision. Any person who failed to file comments or failed to participate in the public hearing on the draft permit may petition for administrative review only to the extent of the changes from the draft to the final permit decision. The 30-day period within which a person may request review under this section begins with the service of notice of the Secretary's action unless a later date is specified in that notice. The petition shall include a statement of the reasons supporting that review, including a demonstration that any issues being

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review as provided by this section. As provided in Sec. 122.28(b)(3), any		raised were raised during the public comment period (including any public
interested person may also petition the		hearing) to the extent required by these
Director to require an individual NPDES		regulations and when appropriate, a
permit for any discharger eligible for		showing that the condition in question is
authorization to discharge under an NPDES		based on:
general permit. [[unclear whether or not		
the following section is for NPDES only or		
not]] Any person who failed to file		
comments or failed to participate in the		
public hearing on the draft permit may		
petition for administrative review only to		
the extent of the changes from the draft to the final permit decision. The 30-day		
period within which a person may request		
review under this section begins with the		
service of notice of the Regional		
Administrator's action unless a later date is		
specified in that notice. The petition shall		
include a statement of the reasons		
supporting that review, including a		
demonstration that any issues being raised		
were raised during the public comment		
period (including any public hearing) to the		
extent required by these regulations and		
when appropriate, a showing that the		
condition in question is based on:		(1) A C 1' CC
(1) A finding of fact or conclusion of law		(1) A finding of fact or conclusion of law
which is clearly erroneous, or		which is clearly erroneous, or
(2) An exercise of discretion or an		(2) An exercise of discretion or an important policy consideration which the
important policy consideration which the Environmental Appeals Board should, in		important policy consideration which the Secretary should, in his or her discretion,
Environmental Appeals Board should, In		Secretary should, in his of her discretion,

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its discretion, review		review
(b) The Environmental Appeals Board may		(b) The Secretary may also decide on his
also decide on its own initiative to review		or her initiative to review any condition
any condition of any RCRA, UIC, NPDES,		of any UIC permit issued under this Part.
or PSD permit decision issued under this		The Secretary must act under this
part for which review is available under		paragraph within 30 days of the service
paragraph (a) of this section. The		date of notice of the Secretary's action.
Environmental Appeals Board must act		
under this paragraph within 30 days of the		
service date of notice of the Regional		
Administrator's action.		
(c) Within a reasonable time following the		(c) Within a reasonable time following
filing of the petition for review, the		the filing of the petition for review, the
Environmental Appeals Board shall issue		Secretary shall issue an order either
an order granting or denying the petition		granting or denying the petition for
for review. To the extent review is denied,		review. To the extent review is denied,
the conditions of the final permit decision		the conditions of the final permit
become final agency action. Public notice		decision become final agency action.
of any grant of review by the		Public notice of any grant of review by
Environmental Appeals Board under		the Secretary under paragraph (a) or (b)
paragraph (a) or (b) of this section shall be		of this section shall be given as provided
given as provided in Sec. 124.10. Public		in §124.7. Public notice shall set forth a
notice shall set forth a briefing schedule for		briefing schedule for the appeal and shall
the appeal and shall state that any		state that any interested person may file
interested person may file an amicus brief.		an amicus brief. Notice of denial or
Notice of denial of review shall be sent		review shall be sent only to the person(s)
only to the person(s) requesting review.		requesting review.
(d) The Regional Administrator, at any		
time prior to the rendering of a decision		
under paragraph (c) of this section to grant		
or deny review of a permit decision, may,		
upon notification to the Board and any		

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interested parties, withdraw the permit and prepare a new draft permit under Sec. 124.6 addressing the portions so withdrawn. The new draft permit shall proceed through the same process of public comment and opportunity for a public hearing as would apply to any other draft permit subject to this part. Any portions of the permit which are not withdrawn and which are not stayed under Sec. 124.16(a) continue to apply.		
(e) A petition to the Environmental Appeals Board under paragraph (a) of this section is, under 5 U.S.C. 704, a prerequisite to the seeking of judicial review of the final agency action.		(d) A petition to the Secretary under paragraph (a) of this section is a prerequisite to the seeking of judicial review of the final agency action.
[[is this for EPA-issued permits only??]] (f)(1) For purposes of judicial review under the appropriate Act, final agency action occurs when a final RCRA, UIC, NPDES, or PSD permit decision is issued by EPA and agency review procedures under this section are exhausted. A final permit decision shall be issued by the Regional Administrator:		(e)(1) For purposes of judicial review under the appropriate Act, final agency action occurs when a final UIC permit is issued or denied by the State and agency review procedures are exhausted. A final permit decision shall be issued by the Secretary:
(i) When the Environmental Appeals Board issues notice to the parties that review has been denied;		(i) When the Secretary issues notice to the parties that review has been denied;
(ii) When the Environmental Appeals Board issues a decision on the merits of the appeal and the decision does not include a		(ii) When the Secretary issues a decision on the merits of the appeal and the decision does not include a remand of

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remand of the proceedings; or		the proceedings; or
(iii) Upon the completion of remand		(iii) upon the completion of remand
proceedings if the proceedings are		proceedings if the proceedings are
remanded, unless the Environmental		remanded, unless the Secretary's remand
Appeals Board's remand order specifically		order specifically provides that appeal of
provides that appeal of the remand decision		the remand decision will be required to
will be required to exhaust administrative		exhaust administrative remedies.
remedies.		
(2) Notice of any final agency action		
regarding a PSD permit shall promptly be		
published in the Federal Register.		
(g) Motions to reconsider a final order shall		
be filed within ten (10) days after service of		
the final order. Every such motion must set		
forth the matters claimed to have been		
erroneously decided and the nature of the		
alleged errors. Motions for reconsideration		
under this provision shall be directed to,		
and decided by, the Environmental Appeals		
Board. Motions for reconsideration		
directed to the administrator, rather than to		
the Environmental Appeals Board, will not		
be considered, except in cases that the		
Environmental Appeals Board has referred		
to the Administrator pursuant to Sec. 124.2		
and in which the Administrator has issued		
the final order. A motion for		
reconsideration shall not stay the effective date of the final order unless specifically so		
ordered by the Environmental Appeals		
Board.		
Sec. 124.20 Computation of time.	Section 19.0 Computation of time.	§124.16 Computation of time.
Sec. 124.20 Computation of time.	occion 13.0 Computation of time.	3127.10 Computation of time.

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Current FED regs Part 124	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
<ul> <li>(a) Any time period scheduled to begin on the occurrence of an act or event shall begin on the day after the act or event.</li> <li>(b) Any time period scheduled to begin before the occurrence of an act or event shall be computed so that the period ends on the day before the act or event.</li> <li>(c) If the final day of any time period falls on a weekend or legal holiday, the time period shall be extended to the next working day.</li> </ul>	In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these Regulations, by order of court, or by statute, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. As used in this rule, "legal holidays" shall be those days provided by statute or appointed by the Governor or the Chief Justice of the State of Delaware.	<ul> <li>(a) Any time period scheduled to begin on the occurrence of an act or event shall begin on the day after the act or event.</li> <li>(b) Any time period schedule to begin before the occurrence of an act or event shall be computed so that the period ends on the day before the act or event.</li> <li>(c) If the final day of any time period falls on a weekend or legal holiday, the time period shall be extended to the next working day.</li> </ul>
(d) Whenever a party or interested person has the right or is required to act within a prescribed period after the service of notice or other paper upon him or her by mail, 3 days shall be added to the prescribed time.  Sec. 124.21 Effective date of part 124.  [text not shown here]		(d) Whenever a party or interested person has the right or is required to act within a prescribed period after the service of notice or other paper upon him or her by mail, 3 days shall be added to the prescribed time.
Subpart BSpecific Procedures Applicable to RCRA Permits Subpart CSpecific Procedures Applicable to PSD Permits Subpart DSpecific Procedures Applicable		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 124	(based on the FED regs)	
to NPDES Permits		
END Part 124, Subpart A		

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Part 144 - Subpart A—General Provisions	Part 144 - General Provisions – Sections 20.0-54.0	
§ 144.1 Purpose and scope of Part 144.	Section 20.0 Purpose and scope	
(a) Contents of part 144. The regulations in this part set forth requirements for the Underground Injection Control (UIC) program promulgated under Part C of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) (Pub. L. 93–523, as amended; 42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.) and, to the extent that they deal with hazardous waste, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (Pub. L. 94–580 as amended; 42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).	20.1 Content of Part 144. Part 144 (Sections 20.0-54.0) set forth requirements for the Underground Injection Control (UIC) program promulgated under Part C of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA).	
(b) Applicability. (1) The regulations in this part establish minimum requirements for UIC programs. To the extent set forth in part 145, each State must meet these requirements in order to obtain primary enforcement authority for the UIC program in that State.	20.2 Applicability. The Regulations in this Part establish minimum requirements for Delaware's UIC program.	
(2) In addition to serving as minimum requirements for UIC programs, the regulations in this part constitute a part of the UIC program for States listed in part 147 to be administered directly by EPA.  (c) The information requirements located		
in the following sections have been cleared by the Office of Management and Budget:		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
Sections 144.11, 144.28(c)(d)(i), 144.31,		
14.33, 144.51(j)(m) (n), 144.52(a), 144.54,		
144.55, 144.15, 144.23, 144.26, 144.27,		
144.28(i)(k), 144.51(o), 146.52. The OMB		
clearance number is 2040-0042.		
(d) Authority. (1) Section 1421 of SDWA		
requires the Administrator to promulgate		
regulations establishing minimum		
requirements for effective UIC programs.		
(2) Section 1422 of SDWA requires the		
Administrator to list in the Federal		
Register ``each State for which in his		
judgment a State underground injection		
control program may be necessary to		
assure that underground injection will not		
endanger drinking water sources" and to		
establish by regulation a program for EPA		
administration of UIC programs in the		
absence of an approved State program in a		
listed State.		
(3) Section 1423 of SDWA provides		
procedures for EPA enforcement of UIC		
requirements.		
(4) Section 1431 authorizes the		
Administrator to take action to protect the		
health of persons when a contaminant		
which is present in or may enter a public		
water system or underground source of		
drinking water may present an imminent		
and substantial endangerment to the health		
of persons.		
(5) Section 1445 of SDWA authorizes the		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Carron STITE 1055
Underground Injection Control Program	(Sassa sir are r = 2 regs)	
promulgation of regulations for such		
recordkeeping, reporting, and monitoring		
requirements ``as the Administrator may		
reasonably require to assist him in		
establishing regulations under this title,"		
and a ``right of entry and inspection to		
determine compliance with this title,		
including for this purpose, inspection, at		
reasonable time, or records, files, papers,		
processes, controls, and facilities."		
(6) Section 1450 of SDWA authorizes the		
Administrator ``to prescribe such		
regulations as are necessary or appropriate		
to carry out his functions" under SDWA.		
(e) Overview of the UIC program. An UIC	20.3 All underground injections in	
program is necessary in any State listed by	Delaware are unlawful and subject to	
EPA under section 1422 of the SDWA.	penalties unless authorized by rule,	
Because all States have been listed, the	authorized by a permit or Rule	
SDWA requires all States to submit an	Authorization letter. This Part sets forth	
UIC program within 270 days after July	the requirements governing all UIC	
24, 1980, the effective date of 40 CFR part	programs, activities authorized by rule,	
146, which was the final element of the	Rule Authorization letters, or Permit(s)	
UIC minimum requirements to be	and prohibits certain types of injection.	
originally promulgated, unless the	The technical regulations governing	
Administrator grants an extension, which	these authorizations appear in Part	
can be for a period not to exceed an	146 (Sections 55.0-70.0).	
additional 270 days. If a State fails to	,	
submit an approvable program, EPA will		
establish a program for that State. Once a		
program is established, SDWA provides		
that all underground injections in listed		
States are unlawful and subject to penalties		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	3 /	
unless authorized by a permit or a rule.		
This part sets forth the requirements		
governing all UIC programs,		
authorizations by permit or rule and		
prohibits certain types of injection. The		
technical regulations governing these		
authorizations appear in 40 CFR part 146.		
(f) Structure of the UIC program(1) Part	20.4 Scope of the permit and other	(b) <u>Structure</u> . The sequence of sections
144. This part sets forth the permitting and	program requirements. The UIC Permit	within each of the subparts of Part 122 has
other program requirements that must be	Program regulates underground	been rearranged for logic and consistency
met by UIC Programs, whether run by a	injections by six classes of wells. The	and to provide a discernible "map" for
State or by EPA. It is divided into the	six classes of wells are set forth in	proceeding through the regulations. Each
following subparts:	Section 58.0. All owners or operators	subpart of Part 122 includes three types of
	of injection wells that are not	provisions:
	authorized by rule in this Regulation	
	shall receive written approval from the	
	Department prior to constructing the	
	injection activity. Injection that results	
	in the movement of fluid containing any	
	contaminant into Underground Sources	
	of Drinking Water (USDW), if the	
	presence of that contaminant may	
	cause a violation of any primary	
	drinking water regulation or may adversely affect the health of persons	
	(Section 24.0) is prohibited. For Class V wells, if such prohibited fluid	
	movement occurs, a permit may be	
	required (Section 29.0) or the	
	Department may require remedial	
	action or closure by Order (Section	
	24.0). An aquifer is a USDW if it fits the	
	27.0/. / 11 aquilor 13 a 000 vv 11 it illo tile	

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Current FED regs Part 144	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Underground Injection Control Program	(100.00 ti 0.1 ti 0.1 ± 1.0go)	
	definition, even if it has not been "identified."	
(i) Subpart A describes general elements of the program, including definitions and classifications.		
(ii) Subpart B sets forth the general program requirements, including the performance standards applicable to all injection activities, basic elements that all UIC programs must contain, and provisions for waiving permit of rule requirements under certain circumstances.		
(iii) Subpart C sets forth requirements for wells authorized by rule.		
(iv) Subpart D sets forth permitting procedures.		
(v) Subpart E sets forth specific conditions, or types of conditions, that must at a minimum be included in all permits.		
(vi) Subpart F sets forth the financial responsibility requirements for owners and operators of all existing and new Class I hazardous waste injection wells.		
(vii) Subpart G of this part sets forth requirements for owners and operators of		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Č
Underground Injection Control Program	3 /	
Class V injection wells.		
(2) Part 145. While part 144 sets forth		
minimum requirements for all UIC		
Programs, these requirements are		
specifically identified as elements of a		
State application for primacy to administer		
an UIC Program in part 145. Part 145 also		
sets forth the necessary elements of a State		
submission and the procedural		
requirements for approval of State		
programs.		
(3) Part 124. The public participation		(d) Public participation. This rule
requirements that must be met by UIC		establishes the requirements for public
Programs, whether administered by the		participation in State permit issuance,
State or by EPA, are set forth in part 124.		enforcement, and related variance
EPA must comply with all part 124		proceedings; and in the approval of State
requirements; State administered programs		UIC program. These requirements carry
must comply with part 124 as required by		out the purposes of the public participation
part 145. These requirements carry out the		requirements of 40 CFR Part 25 (Public
purposes of the public participation		Participation), and supersede the
requirement of 40 CFR part 25 (Public		requirements of that Part as they apply to
Participation), and supersede the		actions covered under Parts 122 and 124.
requirements of that part as they apply to		
the UIC Program.		
(4) Part 146. This part sets forth the		
technical criteria and standards that must		
be met in permits and authorizations by		
rule as required by part 144.		
(g) Scope of the permit or rule		
requirement. The UIC Permit Program		
regulates underground injections by five		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
classes of wells (see definition of ``well		
injection," Sec. 144.3). The five classes of		
wells are set forth in Sec. 144.6. All		
owners or operators of these injection		
wells must be authorized either by permit		
or rule by the Director. In carrying out the		
mandate of the SDWA, this subpart		
provides that no injection shall be		
authorized by permit or rule if it results in		
the movement of fluid containing any		
contaminant into Underground Sources of		
Drinking Water (USDWssee Sec. 144.3		
for definition), if the presence of that		
contaminant may cause a violation of any		
primary drinking water regulation under 40		
CFR part 141 or may adversely affect the		
health of persons (Sec. 144.12). Existing		
Class IV wells which inject hazardous		
waste directly into an underground source		
of drinking water are to be eliminated over		
a period of six months and new such Class		
IV wells are to be prohibited (Sec.		
<del>144.13).</del> For Class V wells, if remedial		
action appears necessary, a permit may be		
required (Sec. 144.25) or the Director		
must require remedial action or closure by		
order (Sec. 144.12(c)). <del>During UIC</del>		
Program development, the Director may		
identify aquifers and portions of aquifers		
which are actual or potential sources of		
drinking water. This will provide an aid to		
the Director in carrying out his or her duty		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
to protect all USDWs. An aquifer is a		
USDW if it fits the definition, even if it has		
not been "identified." The Director may		
also designate "exempted aquifers" using		
the criteria in 40 CFR 146.4. Such aquifers		
are those which would otherwise qualify as		
``underground sources of drinking water"		
to be protected, but which have no real		
potential to be used as drinking water		
sources. Therefore, they are not USDWs.		
No aquifer is an ``exempted aquifer" until		
it has been affirmatively designated under		
the procedures in Sec. 144.7. Aquifers		
which do not fit the definition of		
"underground source of drinking water"		
are not ``exempted aquifers." They are		
simply not subject to the special protection		
afforded USDWs.		
(1) Specific inclusions. The following	20.4.1 Specific inclusions. The	
wells are included among those types of	following wells are included among	
injection activities which are covered by	those types of injection activities which	
the UIC regulations. (This list is not	are addressed by Delaware UIC	
intended to be exclusive but is for	regulations. (This list is not intended to	
clarification only.)	be exclusive but is for clarification	
	only.)	
(i) Any injection well located on a drilling	20.4.1.1 Any injection well located	
platform inside the State's territorial	on a drilling platform inside the State's	
waters.	territorial waters.	
(ii) Any dug hole or well that is deeper	20.4.1.2 Any dug hole or well that	
than its largest surface dimension, where	is deeper than its largest surface	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program the principal function of the hole is emplacement of fluids. (iii) Any well used by generators of hazardous waste, or by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, to dispose of fluids containing hazardous waste. This includes the disposal of hazardous waste into what would otherwise be septic systems and cesspools, regardless of their capacity.	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  dimension, where the principal function of the hole is emplacement of fluids.	Current STATE regs
(iv) Any septic tank, cesspool, or other well used by a multiple dwelling, community, or Regional system for the injection of wastes.	20.4.1.3 Any on-site wastewater treatment and disposal system (septic), or other injection well used by a multiple dwelling, community, or regional system, for the injection of wastes, that are not permitted through the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Design, Installation and Operation of On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems. See Section 53.0 regarding cesspool requirements.  20.4.1.4 Any percolation ponds in direct contact with the water table.	
(2) Specific exclusions. The following are not covered by these regulations:  (i) Injection wells located on a drilling platform or other site that is beyond the State's territorial waters.	20.4.2 Specific exclusions. The following are not covered by these regulations:	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program (ii) Individual or single family residential waste disposal systems such as domestic cesspools or septic systems.	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  20.4.2.1 Individual or single family residential waste disposal systems such as domestic on-site wastewater treatment and disposal (septic) systems, which are addressed in the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Design, Installation and Operation of On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems.	Current STATE regs
(iii) Non-residential cesspools, septic systems or similar waste disposal systems if such systems (A) Are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste, and (B) have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day.	20.4.2.2 Water softener backwash from individual or single family residential water softeners.	
(iv) Injection wells used for injection of hydrocarbons which are of pipeline quality and are gases at standard temperature and pressure for the purpose of storage.		
(v) Any dug hole, drilled hole, or bored shaft which is not used for the subsurface emplacement of fluids.	20.4.2.3 Any dug hole, drilled hole, or bored shaft which is not used for the subsurface emplacement of fluids.	
(3) The prohibition applicable to Class IV wells under Sec. 144.13 does not apply to injections of hazardous wastes into aquifers or portions thereof which have been exempted pursuant to Sec. 146.04.		
(h) Interim Status under RCRA for Class I Hazardous Waste Injection Wells. The minimum national standards which define		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	(2000 and 1 = 2 + 200)	
acceptable injection of hazardous waste		
during the period of interim status under		
RCRA are set out in the applicable		
provisions of this part, parts 146 and 147,		
and Sec. 265.430 of this chapter. The		
issuance of a UIC permit does not		
automatically terminate RCRA interim		
status. A Class I well's interim status does,		
however, automatically terminate upon		
issuance to that well of a RCRA permit, or		
upon the well's receiving a RCRA permit-		
by rule under Sec. 270.60(b) of this		
chapter. Thus, until a Class I well injecting		
hazardous waste receives a RCRA permit		
or RCRA permit-by-rule, the well's interim		
status requirements are the applicable		
requirements imposed pursuant to this part		
and parts 146, 147, and 265 of this chapter,		
including any requirements imposed in the		
<del>UIC permit.</del>		
Sec. 144.2 Promulgation of Class II		
<del>programs for Indian lands.</del>		
	20.5 Noncompliance Notification	
	20.5.1 The permittee shall report to	
	the Department's Enforcement Section	
	at (800) 662-8802 any unpermitted	
	release or discharge of any	
	contaminant into the air, or a pollutant,	
	including petroleum substances, into	
	surface waters, groundwater, or onto	
	land as soon as the permittee has	
	knowledge of, or should have had	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  knowledge of, the release or	Current STATE regs
	discharge.	
	20.5.2 If for any reason the permittee does not comply with, or will be unable to comply with, any effluent limitations or other conditions specified in the permit, the permittee shall provide the Department with the following information in writing within five (5) days of becoming aware of any actual or potential noncompliance:	
	20.5.2.1 A description and cause of the noncompliance with any limitation or condition.	
	20.5.2.2 The period of non-compliance including exact dates and times; or, if not yet corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue.	
	20.5.2.3 The steps being taken or planned to reduce, eliminate and/or prevent recurrence of the noncompliant condition.	
	20.6 Bypassing 20.6.1 Any bypass of treatment facilities, or component thereof necessary to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of a UIC permit or Rule Authorization Letter is prohibited unless:	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
	20.6.1.1 The bypass is unavoidable to	
	prevent loss of life, personal injury or	
	severe property damage;	
	20.6.1.2 There are no alternatives;	
	20.6.1.3 The Department is orally	
	notified within 24 hours after such	
	bypass; and, a written submission	
	regarding the bypass is submitted	
	within five (5) days of the permittee's	
	becoming aware of the bypass. Where	
	the need for a bypass is known (or	
	should have been known) in advance,	
	this notification shall be submitted to	
	the Department for approval at least 10	
	days prior or as soon as possible	
	before the date of bypass; and	
	20.6.1.4 The bypass is allowed under	
	conditions determined by the	
	Department to be necessary to	
	minimize adverse effects as provided	
	under 7 <b>Del. C.</b> §6011.	
	20.7 Adverse Impact	
	Permittees shall take all steps to	
	minimize any adverse impact to a	
	USDW resulting from operation under	
	the permit. Such steps may include,	
	but not be limited to, accelerated or	
	additional monitoring as necessary to	
	determine the nature and impact of the	
	non-complying discharge or mitigation	
	of such impacts.	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE 10g8
Underground Injection Control Program	(based on the regs)	
Onderground injection Control Program		
	20.8 State Laws	
	A UIC permit or Rule Authorization	
	Letter shall not be construed to	
	preclude the institution of any legal	
	action or relieve the permittee from any	
	responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties	
	established pursuant to any applicable	
	state law or regulation.	
	20.9 Property Rights	
	The issuance of a UIC permit or Rule	
	Authorization letter does not convey	
	any property rights of either real or	
	personal property, or any exclusive	
	privileges, nor does it authorize any	
	injury to private property or any	
	invasion of personal rights, nor any	
	infringement of federal, state or local	
	laws or regulations.	
Sec. 144.3 Definitions.	4.0 Acronyms and Definitions:	
Sec. 144.4 Considerations under	(not shown here – listed in draft regs)	§122.12 Considerations under Federal
Federal law.		law
The following is a list of Federal laws that		Permits shall be issued in a manner and
may apply to the issuance of permits under		shall contain conditions consistent with
these rules. When any of these laws is		requirements of applicable Federal laws.
applicable, its procedures must be		
followed. When the applicable law		
requires consideration or adoption of		
particular permit conditions or requires the		
denial of a permit, those requirements also		
must be followed.		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
(a) The Wild and Scenic Rivers Act, 16		
U.S.C. 1273 et seq. Section 7 of the Act		
prohibits the Regional Administrator from		
assisting by license or otherwise the		
construction of any water resources project		
that would have a direct, adverse effect on		
the values for which a national wild and		
scenic river was established.		
(b) The National Historic Preservation Act		
of 1966, 16 U.S.C. 470 et seq. Section 106		
of the Act and implementing regulations		
(36 CFR part 800) require the Regional		
Administrator, before issuing a license, to		
adopt measures when feasible to mitigate		
potential adverse effects of the licensed		
activity and properties listed or eligible for		
listing in the National Register of Historic		
Places. The Act's requirements are to be		
implemented in cooperation with State		
Historic Preservation Officers and upon		
notice to, and when appropriate, in		
consultation with the Advisory Council on		
Historic Preservation.		
(c) The Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C.		
1531 et seq. Section 7 of the Act and		
implementing regulations (50 CFR part		
402) require the Regional Administrator to		
ensure, in consultation with the Secretary		
of the Interior or Commerce, that any		
action authorized by EPA is not likely to		
jeopardize the continued existence of any		
endangered or threatened species or		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Underground Injection Control Program	3 /	
adversely affect its critical habitat.		
(d) The Coastal Zone Management Act, 16		
U.S.C. 1451 et seq. Section 307(c) of the		
Act and implementing regulations (15 CFR		
part 930) prohibit EPA from issuing a		
permit for an activity affecting land or		
water use in the coastal zone until the		
applicant certifies that the proposed		
activity complies with the State Coastal		
Zone Management program, and the State		
or its designated agency concurs with the		
certification (or the Secretary of		
Commerce overrides the States		
nonconcurrence).		
(e) The Fish and Wildlife Coordination		
Act, 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq., requires the		
Regional Administrator, before issuing a		
permit proposing or authorizing the		
impoundment (with certain exemptions),		
diversion, or other control or modification		
of any body of water, consult with the		
appropriate State agency exercising		
jurisdiction over wildlife resources to		
conserve these resources.		
(f) Executive orders. [Reserved]		
Sec. 144.5 Confidentiality of	Sec. 21.0 Confidentiality of	§122.19 Confidentiality of information.
information.	information.	
(a) In accordance with 40 CFR part 2, any	21.1 Any information submitted to the	(a) In accordance with 40 CFR Part 2, any
information submitted to EPA pursuant to	Department pursuant to these	information submitted to DNREC pursuant
these regulations may be claimed as	regulations may be claimed as	to these regulations may be claimed as
confidential by the submitter. Any such	confidential by the submitter. Any such	confidential by the submitter. Any such
claim must be asserted at the time of	claim must be asserted at the time of	claim must be asserted at the time of

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
submission in the manner prescribed on the application form or instructions or, in the case of other submissions, by stamping the words `confidential business information" on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, EPA may make the information available to the public without further notice. If a claim is asserted, the information will be treated in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR part 2 (Public Information).	submission, in accordance with the Department's Freedom of Information Act Regulations and the Freedom of Information Act, 29 <b>Del. C.</b> Ch. 100. If no claim of confidentiality is made at the time of submission, the Department may make the information available to the public without further notice. If a claim is asserted, the information will be treated in accordance with Department procedures.	submission in the manner prescribed on the application form or instructions or, in the case of other submissions, by stamping the words "confidential business information" on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, DNREC may make the information available to the public without further notice. If a claim is asserted, the information will be treated in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR Part 2 (Public Information).
(b) Claims of confidentiality for the following information will be denied:	21.2 The following information shall not be deemed confidential:	(b) Claims of confidentiality for the following information will be denied:
(1) The name and address of any permit applicant or permittee;	21.2.1 The name and address of any permit applicant or permittee;	(1) The name and address of any permit applicant or permittee;
(2) Information which deals with the existence, absence, or level of contaminants in drinking water.	21.2.2 Information relating to the existence, absence, or level of contaminants in drinking water; and	(2) Information which deals with the existence, absence, or level of contaminants in drinking water.
	21.2.3 Any monitoring data submitted as part of a permit application or submitted as part of a permit requirement.	
Sec. 144.6 Classification of wells.	58.0 Classification of injection wells.	§122.22 Classification of injection wells.
Injection wells are classified as follows:	58.1 Injection wells are classified as follows: [note: some of these types of wells are prohibited in Delaware,	The following classifications apply to Parts 122 and 146:

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Carron STITIE 1055
Underground Injection Control Program	(Sacou en alo i Eb rege)	
one of the original	including all Class II, III, IV, and VI injection wells]	
(a) Class I. (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one-quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	58.2 Class I. 58.2.1 Wells used by generators, owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost aquifer containing, within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	(a) <u>Class I</u> (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost formation containing within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.
(2) Other industrial and municipal disposal wells which inject fluids beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	58.2.2 Industrial and domestic disposal wells which inject fluids beneath the lowermost aquifer containing, within one-quarter (¼) mile radius of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	(2) Other industrial and municipal disposal wells which inject fluids beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.
(3) Radioactive waste disposal wells which inject fluids below the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water within one quarter mile of the well bore.		(iii) Radioactive waste disposal wells other than Class IV;
	58.2.3 Any other injection activity identified by the Department.	
(b) Class II. Wells which inject fluids:	58.3 Class II {prohibited}. Wells which inject fluids:	(b) <u>Class II.</u> – Wells used to inject fluids:
(1) Which are brought to the surface in connection with natural gas storage operations, or conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of production	58.3.1 Which are brought to the surface in connection with natural gas storage or conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of	(1) Which are brought to the surface in connection with conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of production operations, unless those waters are

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection.	production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection.	classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection.
(2) For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; and	58.3.2 For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; and	(2) For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; and
(3) For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.	58.3.3 For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.	(3) For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.
(c) Class III. Wells which inject for extraction of minerals including:	58.4 Class III {prohibited}. Wells which inject for extraction of minerals including:	(c) <u>Class III</u> – Wells which inject for extraction of minerals or energy, including:
(1) Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;	58.4.1 Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;	(1) Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;
(2) In situ production of uranium or other metals; this category includes only in-situ production from ore bodies which have not been conventionally mined. Solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching is included in Class V.	58.4.2 In situ production of uranium or other metals. This category includes only in-situ production from ore bodies which have not been conventionally mined. Solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching is included in Class V.	(2) In situ production of uranium or other metals;
(3) Solution mining of salts or potash.	58.4.3 Solution mining of salts or potash.	(3) Solution mining of salts or potash.
(d) Class IV. (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste into a formation which within one-quarter (\1/4\) mile of the well	58.5 Class IV {prohibited}. 58.5.1 Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or	(d) <u>Class IV</u> . (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or of radioactive wastes, by owners or operators of hazardous wastes management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous wastes or radioactive wastes into a formation which within one quarter

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
contains an underground source of drinking water.	radioactive waste into a formation which contains an underground source of drinking water within one-quarter (¼) mile of the well.	(1/4) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.
(2) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation which within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.	58.5.2 Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation which contains an underground source of drinking water within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well.	(2) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or of radioactive wastes, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation which within one quarter (1/4) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.
(3) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to dispose of hazardous waste, which cannot be classified under paragraph (a)(1) or (d) (1) and (2) of this section (e.g., wells used to dispose of hazardous waste into or above a formation which contains an aquifer which has been exempted pursuant to Sec. 146.04).	58.5.3 Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to dispose of hazardous waste, which cannot be classified under this Section (e.g., wells used to dispose of hazardous wastes into or above a formation which contains an aquifer which has been exempted pursuant to Section 57.0).	(3) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to dispose of hazardous wastes, which cannot be classified under §122.22(a)(1) or 122.22 (d)(1) and (2) (e.g. wells used to dispose of hazardous wastes into or above a formation which contains an aquifer which has been exempted pursuant to §146.04).
(e) Class V. Injection wells not included in Class I, II, III, or IV. Specific types of Class V injection wells are described in Sec. 144.81.	58.6 Class V. Injection wells not included in Class I, II, III, IV or VI. Typically, Class V wells are shallow wells used to place a variety of fluids directly below the land surface.	(e) <u>Class V</u> – Injection wells not included in Class I, II, III, or IV. Class V wells include: [text not shown]

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE 10g5
Underground Injection Control Program	(bacoa on the representation	
Chacigiouna injection Control Program	However, if the fluids placed in the	
	ground qualify as a hazardous waste	
	under the Resource Conservation and	
	Recovery Act (RCRA), the well is	
	either a Class I or Class IV well, not a	
	Class V well. Examples of Class V	
	•	
	wells include, but are not limited to:	
	58.6.1 Air conditioning return flow wells	
	used to return to the supply aquifer the	
	water used for heating or cooling in a	
	heat pump;	
	58.6.2 Cooling water return flow wells	
	used to inject water previously used for	
	cooling, which contain no additives;	
	58.6.3 Drainage wells used to	
	discharge or inject surface fluid,	
	primarily storm runoff, directly into a	
	USDW;	
	58.6.4 Recharge wells used to	
	replenish the water in an aquifer;	
	58.6.5 Salt water intrusion barrier wells	
	used to inject potable water into a fresh	
	water aquifer to prevent the intrusion of	
	salt water into the fresh water;	
	58.6.6 Sand backfill and other backfill	
	wells used to inject a mixture of water	
	and sand, mill tailings or other solids	
	into mined-out portions of subsurface	
	mines whether what is injected is a	
	radioactive waste or not;	
	58.6.7 Septic system wells used to	
	inject the waste or effluent from a	
	injust the waste of emacht nom a	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE 10g5
Underground Injection Control Program	(bacoa on the representation	
Chaciground injection control Program	multiple dwelling, business	
	establishment, or community septic	
	tank. The UIC requirements do not	
	apply to single family residential septic	
	system wells, or to non-residential	
	septic system wells which are used	
	solely for the disposal of sanitary waste	
	and have the capacity to serve fewer	
	than 20 persons a day; see also the	
	State of Delaware Regulations	
	Governing the Design, Installation and	
	Operation of On-Site Wastewater	
	Treatment and Disposal Systems;	
	58.6.8 Subsidence control wells (not	
	used for the purpose of oil or natural	
	gas production) used to inject fluids	
	into a non-oil or gas producing zone to	
	reduce or eliminate subsidence	
	associated with the overdraft of fresh	
	water;	
	58.6.9 Injection wells associated with	
	the recovery of geothermal energy for	
	heating, aquaculture and production of	
	electric power;	
	58.6.10 Experimental injection	
	well technologies; and	
	58.6.11 Aguifer Storage and	
	Recovery (ASR) wells.	
	58.6 Class VI (prohibited). Injection	
	wells used to inject Carbon Dioxide	
	(CO <sub>2</sub> ) for long-term storage, also	
	known as Geologic Sequestration of	
	Miowii as Ocologio Ocquestiation of	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Sec. 144.7 Identification of underground sources of drinking water and exempted aquifers.	CO <sub>2</sub> .  Sec. 22.0 Identification of underground sources of drinking water and exempted aquifers.	§122.25 Identification of underground sources of drinking water and exempted aquifers.
(a) The Director may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and shall protect, except where exempted under paragraph (b) of this section, as an underground source of drinking water, all aquifers or parts of aquifers which meet the definition of an ``underground source of drinking water" in Sec. 144.3. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Director, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in Sec. 144.3.	22.1 The Department may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and shall protect as an underground source of drinking water, all aquifers or parts of aquifers which meet the definition of an "underground source of drinking water" in Section 4.0 except where exempted under subsection 22.2. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Department, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in Section 4.0.	(a) The Secretary may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and shall protect, except where exempted under paragraph (b) of this section, as an underground source of drinking water, all aquifers or parts of aquifers which meet the definition of an "underground source of drinking water" in §122.3. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Secretary, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in §122.3.
(b)(1) The Director may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe in geographic and/or geometric terms (such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient) which are clear and definite, all aquifers or parts thereof which the Director proposes to designate as exempted aquifers using the criteria in 40 CFR 146.04.	22.2 The Department may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe in geographic and geometric terms (such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient) which are clear and definite, all aquifers or parts thereof which the Department proposes to designate as exempted aquifers using the criteria in Section 57.0.	(b)(1) The Secretary may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe in geographic and/or geometric terms (such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient) which are clear and definite, all aquifers or parts thereof which the Secretary proposes to designate as exempted aquifers using the criteria in §146.04.
(2) No designation of an exempted aquifer submitted as part of a UIC Program shall be final until approved by the	22.3 No designation of an exempted aquifer submitted as part of a UIC Program shall be final until approved	(2) No designation of an exempted aquifer submitted as part of a UIC program shall be final until approved by the

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Administrator as part of a UIC program.	by the EPA Administrator as part of Delaware's UIC program.	Administrator as part of the State program.
(3) Subsequent to program approval or promulgation, the Director may, after notice and opportunity for a public hearing, identify additional exempted aquifers. For approved State programs exemption of aquifers identifed (i) under Sec. 146.04(b) shall be treated as a program revision under Sec. 145.32; (ii) under Sec. 146.04(c) shall become final if the State Director submits the exemption in writing to the Administrator and the Administrator has not disapproved the designation within 45 days. Any disapproval by the Administrator shall state the reasons and shall constitute final Agency action for purposes of judicial review.	22.4 Subsequent to program approval or promulgation, the Department may, after notice and opportunity for a public hearing, identify additional exempted aquifers. Aquifer exemptions shall only occur if the Department submits the exemption in writing to the EPA Administrator and the EPA Administrator has not disapproved the designation.	(3) Subsequent to program approval, the Secretary may, after notice and opportunity for a public hearing, identify additional exempted aquifers.  Exemption of aquifers identified (i) under §146.04(b) shall be treated as a program revision; (ii) under §146.04(c) shall become final if the Secretary submits the exemption in writing to the Administrator and the Administrator has not disapproved the designation within 45 days. Any disapproval by the Administrator shall state the reasons and shall constitute final agency action for purposes of judicial review.
(c)(1) For Class III wells, the Director shall require an applicant for a permit which necessitates an aquifer exemption under Sec. 146.04(b)(1) to furnish the data necessary to demonstrate that the aquifer is expected to be mineral or hydrocarbon producing. Information contained in the mining plan for the proposed project, such as a map and general description of the mining zone, general information on the mineralogy and geochemistry of the mining zone, analysis of the amenability of		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Carront STITIZ regs
Underground Injection Control Program	(2000 an ano 1 22 1 ago)	
the mining zone to the proposed mining		
method, and a time table of planned		
development of the mining zone shall be		
considered by the Director in addition to		
the information required by Sec. 144.31(g).		
(2) For Class II wells, a demonstration of		
commercial producibility shall be made as		
follows:		
(i) For a Class II well to be used for		
enhanced oil recovery processes in a field		
or project containing aquifers from which		
hydrocarbons were previously produced,		
commercial producibility shall be		
presumed by the Director upon a		
demonstration by the applicant of		
historical production having occurred in		
the project area or field.		
— (ii) For Class II wells not located in a		
field or project containing aquifers from		
which hydrocarbons were previously		
produced, information such as logs, core		
data, formation description, formation		
depth, formation thickness and formation		
parameters such as permeability and		
porosity shall be considered by the		
Director, to the extent such information is		
available.		
Sec. 144.8 Noncompliance and		(none)
program reporting by the Director.		
The Director shall prepare quarterly and		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
annual reports as detailed below. When the		
State is the permit-issuing authority, the		
State Director shall submit any reports		
required under this section to the Regional		
Administrator. When EPA is the permit-		
issuing authority, the Regional		
Administrator shall submit any report		
required under this section to EPA		
Headquarters.		
(a) Quarterly reports. The Director shall		
submit quarterly narrative reports for		
major facilities as follows:		
(1) Format. The report shall use the		
following format:		
(i) Provide an alphabetized list of		
permittees. When two or more permittees		
have the same name, the lowest permit		
number shall be entered first.		
(ii) For each entry on the list, include the		
following information in the following		
order:		
(A) Name, location, and permit number of		
the noncomplying permittees.		
(B) A brief description and date of each		
instance of noncompliance for that		
permittee. Instances of noncompliance		
may include one or more the kinds set		
forth in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.		
When a permittee has noncompliance of		
more than one kind, combine the		
information into a single entry for each		
such permittee.		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
(C) The date(s) and a brief description of		
the action(s) taken by the Director to		
ensure compliance.		
(D) Status of the instance(s) of		
noncompliance with the date of the review		
of the status or the date of resolution.		
(E) Any details which tend to explain or		
mitigate the instance(s) of noncompliance.		
(2) Instances of noncompliance to be		
reported. Any instances of noncompliance		
within the following categories shall be		
reported in successive reports until the		
noncompliance is reported as resolved.		
Once noncompliance is reported as		
resolved it need not appear in subsequent		
reports.		
(i) Failure to complete construction		
elements. When the permittee has failed to		
complete, by the date specified in the		
permit, an element of a compliance		
schedule involving either planning for		
construction or a construction step (for		
example, begin construction, attain		
operation level); and the permittee has not		
returned to compliance by accomplishing		
the required elements of the schedule		
within 30 days from the date a compliance		
schedule report is due under the permit.		
(ii) Modifications to schedules of		
compliance. When a schedule of		
compliance in the permit has been		
modified under Sec. Sec. 144.39 or 144.41		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
because of the permittee's noncompliance.		
(iii) Failure to complete or provide		
compliance schedule or monitoring		
reports. When the permittee has failed to		
complete or provide a report required in a		
permit compliance schedule (for example,		
progress report or notice of noncompliance		
or compliance) or a monitoring report; and		
the permittee has not submitted the		
complete report within 30 days from the		
date it is due under the permit for		
compliance schedules, or from the date		
specified in the permit for monitoring		
reports.		
(iv) Deficient reports. When the required		
reports provided by the permittee are so		
deficient as to cause misunderstanding by		
the Director and thus impede the review of		
the status of compliance.		
(v) Noncompliance with other permit		
requirements. Noncompliance shall be		
reported in the following circumstances:		
(A) Whenever the permittee has violated a		
permit requirement (other than reported		
under paragraph (a)(2) (i) or (ii) of this		
section), and has not returned to		
compliance within 45 days from the date		
reporting of noncompliance was due under		
the permit; or		
(B) When the Director determines that a		
pattern of noncompliance exists for a		
major facility permittee over the most		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
recent four consecutive reporting periods.		
This pattern includes any violation of the		
same requirement in two consecutive		
reporting periods, and any violation of one		
or more requirements in each of four		
consecutive reporting periods; or		
(C) When the Director determines		
significant permit noncompliance or other		
significant event has occurred, such as a		
migration of fluids into a USDW.		
(vi) All other. Statistical information shall		
be reported quarterly on all other instances		
of noncompliance by major facilities with		
permit requirements not otherwise reported		
under paragraph (a) of this section.		
(b) Annual reports(1) Annual		
noncompliance report. Statistical reports		
shall be submitted by the Director on		
nonmajor UIC permittees indicating the		
total number reviewed, the number of		
noncomplying nonmajor permittees, the		
number of enforcement actions, and		
number of permit modifications extending		
compliance deadlines. The statistical		
information shall be organized to follow		
the types of noncompliance listed in		
paragraph (a) of this section.		
(2) For State-administered UIC Programs		
only. In addition to the annual		
noncompliance report, the State Director		
shall:		
(i) Submit each year a program report to		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	3 /	
the Administrator (in a manner and form		
prescribed by the Administrator) consisting		
of:		
(A) A detailed description of the State's		
implementation of its program;		
(B) Suggested changes, if any to the		
program description (see Sec. 145.23(f))		
which are necessary to reflect more		
accurately the State's progress in issuing		
permits;		
(C) An updated inventory of active		
underground injection operations in the		
State.		
(ii) In addition to complying with the		
requirements of paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this		
section, the Director shall provide the		
Administrator, on February 28th and		
August 31st of each of the first two years		
of program operation, the information		
required in 40 CFR 146.15, 146.25, and		
<del>146.35.</del>		
(c) Schedule. (1) For all quarterly reports.		
On the last working day of May, August,		
November, and February, the State		
Director shall submit to the Regional		
Administrator information concerning		
noncompliance with permit requirements		
by major facilities in the State in		
accordance with the following schedule.		
The Regional Administrator shall prepare		
and submit information for EPA issued		
permits to EPA Headquarters in		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
accordance with the same schedule.		
Quarters Covered by Reports on		
Noncompliance by Major Facilities		
[Date for completion of reports]		
January, February, and		
March\1\ May 31		
April, May, and		
June\1\ Aug. 31		
July, August, and		
September		
October, November, and		
December		
\1\ Reports must be made available to the		
public for inspection and copying on this		
date.		
(2) For all annual reports. The period for		
annual reports shall be for the calendar		
year ending December 31, with reports		
completed and available to the public no		
more than 60 days later.		
Sec. 144.11 Prohibition of unauthorized	Sec. 23.0 Prohibition of	§122.23 Prohibition of unauthorized
injection.	unauthorized injection.	injection; Prohibition of all Class II, III
		and IV wells; Prohibition of Class I and
		V wells except as specifically provided.
Any underground injection, except into a	Any underground injection, except into	(a) Any underground injection, except as
well authorized by rule or except as	a well authorized by rule or has been	authorized by permit issued under the UIC
authorized by permit issued under the UIC	authorized by Rule Authorization letter	program or otherwise authorized herein, is
program, is prohibited. The construction of	or permit issued under the UIC	prohibited. The construction of any well

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
any well required to have a permit is prohibited until the permit has been issued.	program, is prohibited. The construction of any well required to have a UIC permit or Rule Authorization letter is prohibited until the UIC permit or Rule Authorization letter has been issued.	required to have a permit is prohibited until the permit is issued.
Sec. 144.12 Prohibition of movement of fluid into underground sources of	Sec. 24.0 Prohibition of movement of fluid into underground sources of	§122.24 Prohibition of movement of fluid into underground sources of
drinking water.	drinking water.	drinking water.
(a) No owner or operator shall construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR part 142 or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of showing that the requirements of this paragraph are met.	24.1 No owner or operator shall construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of the State of Delaware Primary Drinking Water Standards or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of showing that the requirements of this Section are met.	(a) No owner or operator shall construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR Part 142 or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of showing that the requirements of this paragraph are met.
(b) For Class I, II and III wells, if any	24.2 For Class I wells, if any water	(b) For Class I wells, if any water quality
water quality monitoring of an underground source of drinking water	quality monitoring of an underground source of drinking water indicates the	monitoring of an underground source of drinking water indicates the movement of
indicates the movement of any contaminant into the underground source	movement of any contaminant into the underground source of drinking water,	any contaminant into the underground source of drinking water, except as
of drinking water, except as authorized	except as authorized under Sections	authorized under Part 146, the Secretary

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program under part 146, the Director shall prescribe such additional requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring, or reporting (including closure of the injection well) as are necessary to prevent such movement. In the case of wells authorized by permit, these additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit in accordance with Sec. 144.39, or the permit may be terminated under Sec. 144.40 if cause exists, or appropriate enforcement action may be taken if the permit has been violated. In the case of wells authorized by rule, see Sec. Sec. 144.21 through 144.24. For EPA administered programs, such enforcement action shall be taken in accordance with appropriate sections of the SDWA.	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  55.0-70.0, the Department shall prescribe such additional requirements for construction, corrective action (including closure of the injection well), operation, monitoring, or reporting as are necessary to prevent such movement. These additional requirements may be imposed by modifying the permit in accordance with Section 40.0, or the permit may be terminated under Section 41.0. Appropriate enforcement action may be taken if a permit condition has been violated.	shall prescribe such additional requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring, or reporting (including closure of the injection well) as are necessary to prevent such movement. In the case of wells authorized by a permit, these additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit in accordance with §124.4, or the permit may be terminated under §124.4 if cause exists, or appropriate enforcement action may be taken if the permit has been violated.
(c) For Class V wells, if at any time the Director learns that a Class V well may cause a violation of primary drinking water regulations under 40 CFR part 142, he or she shall:	24.3 For Class V wells, if at any time the Department learns that a Class V well may cause a violation of primary drinking water regulations under State of Delaware Public Drinking Water Systems, the Department shall:	(c) For Class V wells, if at any time the Secretary learns that a Class V well may cause a violation of primary drinking water regulations under 40 CFR Part 142, he or she shall:
(1) Require the injector to obtain an individual permit;	24.3.1 Require the injector to obtain an individual UIC permit;	(1) Require the injector to obtain an individual permit;
(2) Order the injector to take such actions (including, where required, closure of the injection well) as may be necessary to	24.3.2 Order the injector to take such actions (including, where required, closure of the injection well)	(2) Order the injector to take such actions (including where required closure of the injection well) as may be necessary to

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program prevent the violation. For EPA administered programs, such orders shall be issued in accordance with the appropriate provisions of the SDWA; or	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  as may be necessary to prevent the violation; or	Current STATE regs  prevent the violation; or
(3) Take enforcement action.	24.3.3 Take enforcement action.	(3) Take enforcement action.
(d) Whenever the Director learns that a Class V well may be otherwise adversely affecting the health of persons, he or she may prescribe such actions as may be necessary to prevent the adverse effect, including any action authorized under paragraph (c) of this section.	24.4 Whenever the Department learns that a Class V well may be otherwise adversely affecting the health of persons, the Department may prescribe such actions as may be necessary to prevent the adverse effect, including any action authorized under subsection 24.3.	(d) Whenever the Secretary learns that a Class V well may be otherwise adversely affecting the health of persons, he or she may prescribe such actions as may be necessary to prevent the adverse effect, including any action authorized under paragraph (c) of this section.
(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Director may take emergency action upon receipt of information that a contaminant which is present in or likely to enter a public water system or underground source of drinking water may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the health of persons. If the Director is an EPA official, he must first determine that the appropriate State and local authorities have not taken appropriate action to protect the health of such persons, before taking emergency action.	24.5 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the Department may take emergency action upon receipt of information that a contaminant which may constitute an imminent and substantial danger or threat to the health of persons is present in or is likely to enter a public water system or USDW.	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Secretary may take emergency action upon receipt of information that a contaminant which is present in or is likely to enter a public water system may present an imminent and substantial endangerment to the health of persons.
Sec. 144.13 Prohibition of Class IV wells.	25.0 Prohibition of unauthorized injection; Prohibition of all Class II, III, IV and VI wells; Prohibition of Class I and V wells	§122.23 Prohibition of unauthorized injection; Prohibition of all Class II, III and IV wells; Prohibition of Class I and V wells except as specifically provided.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(a) The following are prohibited, except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section:	25.1 The following is prohibited, except as provided in subsection 25.1.2:	(a) Any underground injection, except as authorized by permit issued under the UIC program or otherwise authorized herein, is prohibited. The construction of any well required to have a permit is prohibited until the permit is issued.
(1) The construction of any Class IV well.	25.1.1 The construction, use, operation, or modification of any of the following wells is hereby expressly prohibited and no permit may be issued for any such activity in Delaware: Class I well used to inject hazardous waste; Class II, Class III, Class IV, and Class VI injection wells.	(b) The construction, use, operation or modification of any Class II, III or IV well as defined in these regulations is hereby expressly prohibited and no permit may be issued for any such activity.
(2) The operation or maintenance of any Class IV well not in operation prior to July 18, 1980.		
(3) The operation or maintenance of any Class IV well that was in operation prior to July 18, 1980, after six months following the effective date of a UIC program approved or promulgated for the state.		
(4) Any increase in the amount of hazardous waste or change in the type of hazardous waste injected into a Class IV well.		
(b) The owner or operator of a Class IV well shall comply with the requirements of Sec. 144.14, and with the requirements of Sec. 144.23 regarding closure of Class IV wells.		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
(c) Wells used to inject contaminated	25.1.2 Wells used to inject	
ground water that has been treated and is	contaminated Groundwater that has	
being reinjected into the same formation	been treated to primary drinking water	
from which it was drawn are not prohibited	standards and is being re-injected into	
by this section if such injection is approved	the same formation from which it was	
by EPA, or a State, pursuant to provisions	drawn are not prohibited by this	
for cleanup of releases under the	Section if such injection is approved by	
Comprehensive Environmental Response,	the Department pursuant to provisions	
Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980	for cleanup of releases under the	
(CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. 9601-9657, or	appropriate DNREC or Federal	
pursuant to requirements and provisions	program.	
under the Resource Conservation and		
Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. 6901		
through 6987.		
(d) Clarification. The following wells are		
not prohibited by this action:		
(1) Wells used to inject hazardous waste		
into aquifers or portions thereof that have		
been exempted pursuant to Sec. 146.4, if		
the exempted aquifer into which waste is		
injected underlies the lowermost formation		
containing a USDW. Such wells are Class		
I wells as specified in Sec. 144.6(a)(1),		
and the owner or operator must comply		
with the requirements applicable to Class I		
wells.		
(2) Wells used to inject hazardous waste		
where no USDW exists within one quarter		
mile of the well bore in any underground		
formation, provided that the Director		
determines that such injection is into a		
formation sufficiently isolated to ensure		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE legs
Underground Injection Control Program	(basea on the representation	
that injected fluids do not migrate from the		
injection zone. Such wells are Class I wells		
as specified in Sec. 144.6(a)(1), and the		
owner or operator must comply with the		
requirements applicable to Class I wells.		
Sec. 144.14 Requirements for wells		none
injecting hazardous waste. [full text not		
showing here]		
(no section 144.15 in federal regs)		
Sec. 144.16 Waiver of requirement by	Sec. 26.0 Waiver of requirement by	§122.33 Waiver of requirements by
Director.	Department.	Director.
(a) When injection does not occur into,	26.1 When injection does not occur	(a) When injection does not occur into,
through or above an underground source of	into or through an underground source	through or above an underground source of
drinking water, the Director may authorize	of drinking water, the Department may	drinking water, the Secretary may
a well or project with less stringent	authorize a well or project with less	authorize a well or project with less
requirements for area of review,	stringent requirements for area of	stringent requirements for area of review,
construction, mechanical integrity,	review, construction, mechanical	construction, mechanical integrity,
operation, monitoring, and reporting than	integrity, operation, monitoring, and	operation, monitoring, and reporting than
required in 40 CFR part 146 or Sec.	reporting than required in Part 146	required in Part 146 or §122.32 to the
144.52 to the extent that the reduction in	(Sections 55.0-70.0) or Section 44.0 to	extent that the reduction in requirements
requirements will not result in an increased	the extent that the reduction in	will not result in an increased risk of
risk of movement of fluids into an	requirements will not result in an	movement of fluids into an underground
underground source of drinking water.	increased risk of movement of fluids	source of drinking water.
	into an underground source of drinking	
	water.	
(b) When injection occurs through or	26.2 When injection occurs through	(b) When injection occurs through or
above an underground source of drinking	or above an underground source of	above an underground source of drinking
water, but the radius of endangering	drinking water, but the radius of	water, but the radius of endangering
influence when computed under Sec.	endangering influence when computed	influence when computed under
146.06(a) is smaller or equal to the radius	under Section 59.0 is smaller or equal	§146.06(a) is smaller or equal to the radius
of the well, the Director may authorize a	to the radius of the well, the	of the well, the Secretary may authorize a
well or project with less stringent	Department may authorize a well or	well or project with less stringent

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE legs
	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
requirements for operation, monitoring,	project with less stringent requirements	requirements for operation, monitoring,
and reporting than required in 40 CFR part	for operation, monitoring, and reporting	and reporting than required in Part 146 or
146 or Sec. 144.52 to the extent that the	than required in Part 146 (Sections	§122.32 to the extent that the reduction in
reduction in requirements will not result in	55.0-70.0) or Section 44.0 to the extent	requirements will not result in an increased
an increased risk of movement of fluids	that the reduction in requirements will	risk of movement of fluids into an
into an underground source of drinking	not result in an increased risk of	underground source of drinking water.
water.	movement of fluids into an	
	underground source of drinking water.	
(c) When reducing requirements under	26.3 When reducing requirements	(c) When reducing requirements under
paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, the	under subsection 26.1 or 26.2, the	paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, the
Director shall prepare a fact sheet under	Department shall prepare a fact sheet	Secretary shall prepare a fact sheet under
Sec. 124.8 explaining the reasons for the	under Section 9.0, explaining the	State procedures explaining the reasons for
action.	reasons for the action.	the action.
action.	reasons for the action.	the action.
Sec. 144.17 Records.	Sec. 27.0 Records.	Belongs in <b>§122.11 Requirements for</b>
Sec. 144.17 Records.	Occ. 27.0 Records.	recording and reporting of monitoring
		results.
The Director or the Administrator may	The Department may require, by	1 CSUICS.
require, by written notice on a selective	written notice, an owner or operator of	
well-by-well basis, an owner or operator of	·	
•	an injection well to establish and	
an injection well to establish and maintain	maintain records, make reports,	
records, make reports, conduct monitoring,	conduct monitoring, and provide other	
and provide other information as is deemed	information as is deemed necessary to	
necessary to determine whether the owner	determine whether the owner or	
or operator has acted or is acting in	operator has acted or is acting in	
compliance with Part C of the SDWA or	compliance with these Regulations. All	
its implementing regulations.	records shall be maintained for a	
	minimum of five (5) years beyond	
	Permit expiration date. All records and	
	information resulting from the	
	monitoring activities required by this	
	Permit including all records of analyses	

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Current FED regs Part 144	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Underground Injection Control Program	performed calibration and maintenance of instrumentation and recording from continuous monitoring instrumentation shall be retained for five (5) years. This period of retention shall be automatically extended during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding the regulated activity or regarding control standards applicable to the permittee, or as requested by	
Sec. 144.21 Existing Class I, II (except enhanced recovery and hydrocarbon storage) and III wells.— [full text not	the Department.	
showing here]  Sec. 144.22 Existing Class II enhanced recovery and hydrocarbon storage wells.  [full text not showing here]		
Sec. 144.23 Class IV wells. [full text not showing here]		
Sec. 144.24 Class V wells.  (a) A Class V injection well is authorized by rule, subject to the conditions in Sec. 144.84	Sec. 28.0 Class V wells.  28.1 A Class V injection well may be authorized by rule, subject to the conditions in Section 52.0.	Thru-out state regs
(b) Duration of well authorization by rule. Well authorization under this section expires upon the effective date of a permit issued pursuant to Sec. Sec. 144.25, 144.31, 144.33 or 144.34, or upon proper closure of the well.	28.2 Duration of well authorization by rule. Wells that are authorization by rule under this Section expire upon the noted expiration date of the authorization, the issuance of a permit, or upon proper closure of the well	
(c) Prohibition of injection. An owner or	(when applicable).  28.3 Prohibition of injection. An	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE legs
Underground Injection Control Program	(based on the LD regs)	
<u> </u>		
operator of a well which is authorized by	owner or operator of a well which is	
rule pursuant to this section is prohibited	authorized by rule pursuant to this	
from injecting into the well:	Section is prohibited from injecting into	
	the well:	
(1) Upon the effective date of an	28.3.1 Any fluid that would	
applicable permit denial;	cause a violation of any primary	
	drinking water standard;	
(2) Upon failure to submit a permit	28.3.2 Upon the effective date of	
application in a timely manner pursuant to	an applicable permit denial;	
Sec. Sec. 144.25 or 144.31;		
(3) Upon failure to submit inventory	28.3.3 Upon failure to submit a	
information in a timely manner pursuant to	permit application in a timely manner	
Sec. 144.26; or	pursuant to Section 32.0;	
(4) Upon failure to comply with a request	28.3.4 Upon failure to submit	
for information in a timely manner	inventory information in a timely	
pursuant to Sec. 144.27.	manner pursuant to Section 30.0; or	
	28.3.5 Upon failure to comply	
	with a request for information in a	
	timely manner pursuant to Section	
	31.0.	
Sec. 144.25 Requiring a permit.	Sec. 29.0 Classes of wells	none
Sec. 14422 Requiring a period	requiring a permit.	none
(a) The Director may require the owner or	29.1 The Department shall require	
operator of any Class I, H, HI or V	the owner or operator of any Class V	
injection well which is authorized by rule		
3	injection well that is not authorized by	
under this subpart to apply for and obtain	rule to apply for and obtain an	
an individual or area UIC permit. Cases	individual UIC permit. An individual	
where individual or area UIC permits may	UIC permit shall also be required	
be required include:	when:	
(1) The injection well is not in compliance	29.1.1 The injection well is not in	
with any requirement of the rule;	compliance with one or more	
	conditions of the rule. Any	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	(based on the red regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
Note: Any underground injection which	underground injection which violates	
violates any authorization by rule is subject	any authorization by rule is subject to	
to appropriate enforcement action.	appropriate enforcement action.	
(2) The injection well is not or no longer is	29.1.2 The injection well is no	
within the category of wells and types of	longer within the category of wells and	
well operations authorized in the rule;	types of well operations authorized in	
	these Regulations.	
(3) The protection of USDWs requires that	29.1.3 The protection of USDWs	
the injection operation be regulated by	requires that the injection operation be	
requirements, such as for corrective action,	regulated by requirements, such as for	
monitoring and reporting, or operation,	corrective action, monitoring and	
which are not contained in the rule.	reporting, mechanical integrity (as	
	applicable), or operation, which are not	
	contained in the rule.	
(4) When the injection well is a Class I <del>, II</del>	29.1.4 When the injection well is	
(except existing enhanced recovery and	a Class I well, in accordance with a	
hydrocarbon storage) or III well, in	schedule established by the	
accordance with a schedule established by	Department pursuant to Section 32.0.	
the Director pursuant to Sec. 144.31(c).	Department pursuant to Section 32.0.	
the Director pursuant to Sec. 144.51(c).	29.2 Class V injection wells	
	utilized for large and community	
	wastewater disposal systems and	
	OWTDS shall be permitted in	
	accordance with the State of Delaware	
	Regulations Governing the Design,	
	Installation and Operation of On-site	
	Wastewater Treatment and Disposal	
	Systems, and do not require a	
	separate UIC permit.	
(b) For EPA administered programs, the		
Regional Administrator may require an		
owner or operator of any well which is		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
authorized by rule under this subpart to		
apply for an individual or area UIC permit		
under this paragraph only if the owner or		
operator has been notified in writing that a		
permit application is required. The owner		
or operator of a well which is authorized		
by rule under this subpart is prohibited		
from injecting into the well upon the		
effective date of permit denial, or upon		
failure by the owner or operator to submit		
an application in a timely manner as		
specified in the notice. The notice shall		
include: a brief statement of the reasons for		
requiring a permit; an application form; a		
statement setting a time for the owner or		
operator to file the application; and a		
statement of the consequences of denial or		
issuance of the permit, or failure to submit		
an application, as described in this		
<del>paragraph.</del>		
(c) An owner or operator of a well	29.3 An owner or operator of a well	
authorized by rule may request to be	that has been authorized by rule may	
excluded from the coverage of this subpart	request to be excluded from the	
by applying for an individual or area UIC	coverage of this subpart by applying	
permit. The owner or operator shall submit	for an individual UIC permit. Such	
an application under Sec. 144.31 with	owner or operator shall submit to the	
reasons supporting the request, to the	Department an application under	
Director. The Director may grant any such	Section 32.0 with reasons supporting	
requests.	the request. The Department may	
	grant or deny any such requests at the	
	Department's discretion.	
See 144.26 Inventory requirements		None (port of permit appl)
Sec. 144.26 Inventory requirements.	Sec. 30.0 Inventory requirements.	None (part of permit appl)

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
The owner or operator of an injection well which is authorized by rule under this subpart shall submit inventory information to the Director. Such an owner or operator is prohibited from injecting into the well upon failure to submit inventory information for the well within the time frame specified in paragraph (d) of this section.	30.1 The owner or operator of an injection well which is authorized by rule under this subpart shall submit inventory information to the Department. Such an owner or operator is prohibited from injecting into the well if such inventory information is not submitted in a timely manner, as requested by the Department.	
(a) Contents. As part of the inventory, the Director shall require and the owner/operator shall provide at least the following information:	30.1.1 Contents. As part of the inventory, the owner/operator shall provide at least the following information:	
(1) Facility name and location;	30.1.1.1 Facility name and physical location;	
(2) Name and address of legal contact;	30.1.1.2 Name, physical address and phone number of legal contact;	
(3) Ownership of facility;	30.1.1.3 Ownership of facility;	
(4) Nature and type of injection wells; and	30.1.1.4 Quantity and type of injection wells;	
(5) Operating status of injection wells.  Note: This information is requested on national form ``Inventory of Injection Wells," OMB No. 158-R0170.	30.1.1.5 Operating status of injection wells;	
	30.1.1.6 Any other	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
	information requested; and	
	30.1.1.7 A response to any	
	written request for information from the	
	GWDS.	
(b) Additional contents. For EPA		
administered programs only, the owner or		
operator of a well listed in paragraph (b)(1)		
of this section shall provide the		
information listed in paragraph (b)(2) of		
this section. $[b(1) \text{ and } b(2) \text{ text not}]$		
showing]		
(c) Notice. Upon approval of the UIC	30.2 The Department shall notify	
Program in a State, the Director shall	owners or operators of injection wells	
notify owners or operators of injection	of their duty to submit inventory	
wells of their duty to submit inventory	information.	
information. The method of notification		
selected by the Director must assure that		
the owners or operators will be made		
aware of the inventory requirement.		
(d) Deadlines. (1) The owner or operator of		
an injection well shall submit inventory		
information no later than one year after the		
date of approval or effective date of the		
UIC program for the State. The Director		
need not require inventory information		
from any facility with interim status under		
RCRA.		
(2) For EPA administered programs the		
information need not be submitted if a		
complete permit application is submitted		
within one year of the effective data of the		

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
UIC program. The owner or operator of Class IV well shall submit inventory information no later than 60 days after the effective date of the program.		
Sec. 144.27 Requiring other information.	Sec. 31.0 Requiring other information.	none
(a) For EPA administered programs only, in addition to the inventory requirements of Sec. 144.26, the Regional Administrator may require the owner or operator of any well authorized by rule under this subpart to submit information as deemed necessary by the Regional Administrator to determine whether a well may be endangering an underground source of drinking water in violation of Sec. 144.12 of this part.	31.1 The Department may require the owner or operator of any well that has been authorized by rule under this subpart to submit information deemed necessary by the Department to determine whether a well may be contaminating, or poses a threat of contamination to, an underground source of drinking water in violation of Section 24.0.	
(b) Such information requirements may include, but are not limited to:	31.2 The Department may require, among other things:	
(1) Performance of ground-water monitoring and the periodic submission of reports of such monitoring;	31.2.1 Performance of ground-water monitoring and the periodic submission of reports of such monitoring;	
(2) An analysis of injected fluids, including periodic submission of such analyses; and	31.2.2 An analysis of injected fluids, including periodic submission of such analyses; and	
(3) A description of the geologic strata through and into which injection is taking place.	31.2.3 A description of the geologic strata through and into which injection is taking place.	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
	31.2.4 A determination of the	
	location of private supply wells and	
	public supply wells within 1/4 mile radius	
	from the injection area.	
(c) Any request for information under this	31.3 Any request for information	
section shall be made in writing, and	under this Section shall be made by	
include a brief statement of the reasons for	the Department in writing, and may	
requiring the information. An owner or	include a brief statement of the	
operator shall submit the information	reasons for requiring the information.	
within the time period(s) provided in the	An owner or operator shall submit the	
notice.	information within the time period(s)	
	provided in the notice.	
(d) An owner or operator of an injection	31.4 An owner or operator of an	
well authorized by rule under this subpart	injection well that has been authorized	
is prohibited from injecting into the well	by rule under this subpart is prohibited	
upon failure of the owner or operator to	from injecting into such well if the	
comply with a request for information	owner or operator fails to comply with a	
within the time period(s) specified by the	request for information within the time	
Director pursuant to paragraph (c) of this	period(s) specified by the Department	
section. An owner or operator of a well	pursuant to subsection 31.3. An owner	
prohibited from injection under this section	or operator of a well prohibited from	
shall not resume injection except under a	injection under this Section shall not	
permit issued pursuant to Sec. Sec.	resume injection except under a permit	
144.25, 144.31, 144.33 or 144.34.	issued pursuant to Section 29.0 or	
	32.0.	
	31.5 The applicant is required to	
	submit any requested information,	
	within the time requested by the	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	GWDS or the application may be	
	returned as incomplete.	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program Sec. 144.28 Requirements for Class I, II, and III wells authorized by rule.	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs none
Sec. 144.31 Application for a permit; authorization by permit.	Sec. 32.0 Application for a permit.	§122.4 Application for a permit and §122.28 Application for a permit; authorization by permit. And §124.3 Application for a permit(?).
(a) Permit application. Unless an underground injection well is authorized by rule under subpart C of this part, all injection activities including construction of an injection well are prohibited until the owner or operator is authorized by permit. An owner or operator of a well currently authorized by rule must apply for a permit under this section unless well authorization by rule was for the life of the well or project. Authorization by rule for a well or project for which a permit application has been submitted terminates for the well or project upon the effective date of the permit. Procedures for applications, issuance and administration of emergency permits are found exclusively in Sec. 144.34. A RCRA permit applying the standards of part 264, subpart C of this chapter will constitute a UIC permit for hazardous waste injection wells for which the technical standards in part 146 of this chapter are not generally appropriate.	32.1 Permit application. Unless an underground injection well is authorized by rule, all injection activities including construction of an injection well are prohibited until the owner or operator has received a Rule Authorization letter or a Permit. An owner or operator of a well that is currently authorized by rule must apply for a permit under this Section if the owner or operator fails to comply with the authorization by rule. Authorization by rule for a well or project for which a permit application has been submitted terminates for the well or project upon the effective date of the permit. Procedures for applications, issuance and administration of emergency permits are found in Section 35.0.	(a) Permit application. Any person who is required to have a permit (including new applicants and permittees with expiring permits) shall complete, sign, and submit an application to the Secretary as described in this section and in §122.28. Procedures for applications, issuance and administration of emergency permits are found exclusively in §122.30.  §122.28 Application for a permit; authorization by permit.  (a) Permit application. All underground injections into Class I wells in the State are prohibited unless authorized by permit.
(b) Who applies? When a facility or activity is owned by one person but is operated by another person, it is the	32.2 Potential Applicants. When a facility or activity is owned by one person but is operated by another	(b) Who applies? When a facility or activity is owned by one person, but is operated by another person, it is the

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
operator's duty to obtain a permit.	person, it is the operator's duty to obtain a permit; however, the Department may require that the property owner obtain a permit.	operator's duty to obtain a permit. The owner must also sign the permit application.
(c) Time to apply. Any person who performs or proposes an underground injection for which a permit is or will be required shall submit an application to the Director in accordance with the UIC program as follows:	32.3 Time to apply. Any person who performs or proposes an underground injection for which a permit is or will be required shall submit an application to the Department in accordance with the UIC program as follows:	§122.28 Application for a permit; authorization by permit.  (b) Time to apply. Any person who proposes an underground injection for which a permit is or will be required shall submit an application (Form UIC Application) to the Secretary in a reasonable time before construction is expected to begin.
(1) For existing wells, as expeditiously as practicable and in accordance with the schedule in any program description under Sec. 145.23(f) or (for EPA administered programs) on a schedule established by the Regional Administrator, but no later than 4 years from the approval or promulgation of the UIC program, or as required under Sec. 144.14(b) for wells injecting hazardous waste. For EPA administered programs the owner or operator of Class I or III wells shall submit a complete permit application no later than 1 year after the effective date of the program.	32.3.1 For existing, unpermitted injection activities or wells, within 180 days from being located, must come into compliance with these regulations or subsequent revisions thereof.	
(2) For new injection wells, except new wells in projects authorized under Sec. 144.21(d) or authorized by an existing area permit under Sec. 144.33(c), a reasonable time before construction is expected to	32.3.2 For new injection wells, a minimum of 60 days before construction is expected to begin.	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
begin.		
(d) Completeness. The Director shall not issue a permit before receiving a complete application for a permit except for emergency permits. An application for a permit is complete when the Director receives an application form and any supplemental information which are completed to his or her satisfaction. The completeness of any application for a permit shall be judged independently of the status of any other permit application or permit for the same facility or activity. For EPA administered programs, an application which is reviewed under Sec. 124.3 is complete when the Director receives either a complete application or the information listed in a notice of deficiency.	32.4 Completeness. The Department will not issue a permit before receiving a complete application for a permit. An application for a permit is complete when the Department receives an application form and any supplemental information which are completed to the Department's satisfaction. The completeness of any application for a permit shall be judged independently of the status of any other permit application or permit for the same facility or activity.	(c) Completeness. The Secretary shall not issue a permit before receiving a complete application for a permit under this program except for emergency permits. An application for a permit is complete when the Secretary receives an application form and any supplemental information which are completed to his or her satisfaction. The completeness of any application for a permit shall be judged independently of the status of any other permit application or permit for the same facility or activity.
(e) Information requirements. All applicants for permits shall provide the following information to the Director, using the application form provided by the Director.	32.5 Information requirements. All applicants for permits shall provide the following information to the Department, using the application form provided by the Department.	(d) <u>Information Requirements</u> . All applicants for UIC permits shall provide the following information to the Secretary, using the application form provided by the Secretary (additional information required of applicants is set forth in §122.28).
(1) The activities conducted by the applicant which require it to obtain permits under RCRA, UIC, the National Pollution Discharge Elimination system (NPDES) program under the Clean Water Act, or the Prevention of Significant Deterioration	32.5.1 The activities conducted by the applicant which require it to obtain a permit(s) under UIC.	(1) The activities conducted by the applicant which require it to obtain permits under UIC.

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
(PSD) program under the Clean Air Act.		
(2) Name, mailing address, and location of the facility for which the application is submitted.	32.5.2 The name, mailing address, and physical location of the facility for which the application is submitted.	(2) Name, mailing address, and location of the facility for which the application is submitted.
(3) Up to four SIC codes which best reflect the principal products or services provided by the facility.	32.5.3 Up to four (4) SIC or NAICS codes which best reflect the principal products or services provided by the facility.	(3) Up to four SIC codes which best reflect the principal products or services provided by the facility.
(4) The operator's name, address, telephone number, ownership status, and status as Federal, State, private, public, or other entity.	32.5.4 The owner's and operator's (if different from owner) name, address, telephone number, ownership status, and status as Federal, State, private, public, or other entity.	(4) The operator's name, address, telephone number, ownership status, and status as Federal, State, private, public or other entity.
(5) Whether the facility is located on Indian lands.		
(6) A listing of all permits or construction approvals received or applied for under any of the following programs:	32.5.5 A listing of all permits or construction approvals received or applied for under any of the following programs:	(5) A listing of all permits or construction approvals received or applied for under the UIC program.
(i) Hazardous Waste Management program under RCRA	32.5.5.1 Hazardous Waste Management program under RCRA.	
(ii) UIC program under SDWA.	32.5.5.2 UIC program under SDWA.	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(iii) NPDES program under CWA	32.5.5.3 NPDES program under CWA.	
(iv) Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program under the Clean Air Act.	32.5.5.4 Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program under the Clean Air Act.	
(v) Nonattainment program under the Clean Air Act.	32.5.5.5 Nonattainment program under the Clean Air Act.	
(vi) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Pollutants (NESHAPS) preconstruction approval under the Clean Air Act.	32.5.5.6 National Emission Standards for Hazardous Pollutants (NESHAPS) preconstruction approval under the Clean Air Act.	
(vii) Ocean dumping permits under the Marine Protection Research and Sanctuaries Act.	32.5.5.7 Ocean dumping permits under the Marine Protection Research and Sanctuaries Act.	
(viii) Dredge and fill permits under section 404 of CWA.	32.5.5.8 Dredge and fill permits under Section 404 of CWA.	
(ix) Other relevant environmental permits, including State permits.	32.5.5.9 Other relevant environmental permits, including State permits (including well permits).	
(7) A topographic map (or other map if a topographic map is unavailable) extending one mile beyond the property boundaries of the source depicting the facility and each of its intake and discharge structures; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities; each well	32.5.6 A scaled, color topographic map (or other map approved by DNREC if a topographic map is unavailable) extending one (1) mile beyond the property boundaries of the source, depicting the facility and each of its intake and discharge	(6) A topographic map (or other map if a topographic map is unavailable) extending one mile beyond the property boundaries of the source, depicting the facility and each of its intake and discharge structures; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities; each well

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
where fluids from the facility are injected underground; and those wells, springs, and other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells listed in public records or otherwise known to the applicant within a quarter mile of the facility property boundary.	structures; each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities; each well where fluids from the facility are injected underground; and those wells, springs, and other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells listed in public records or otherwise known to the applicant within a quarter (1/4) mile of the facility property boundary.	where fluids from the facility are injected underground; and those wells, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells listed in public records or otherwise known to the applicant in the map area.
(8) A brief description of the nature of the business.	32.5.7 A brief description of the nature of the business.	(7) A brief description of the nature of the business.
(9) For EPA-administered programs, the applicant shall identify and submit on a list with the permit application the names and addresses of all owners of record of land within one quarter mile of the facility boundary. This requirement may be waived by the Regional Administrator where the site is located in a populous area and the Regional Administrator determines that the requirement would be impracticable.		
(10) A plugging and abandonment plan that meets the requirements of Sec. 146.10 of this chapter and is acceptable to the Director.	32.5.8 A plugging and abandonment plan that meets the requirements of Section 63.0 and is acceptable to the Department.  32.5.9 A map showing the extent of the plume of contamination, even beyond the property boundary lines of injection property, for each	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	contaminant.	
(f) Recordkeeping. Applicants shall keep records of all data used to complete permit applications and any supplemental information submitted under Sec. 144.31 for a period of at least 3 years from the date the application is signed.	32.6 Recordkeeping. Applicants shall keep for at least five (5) years from the date of submission all data used to complete permit applications and any supplemental information submitted in support of an application or written UIC approval.	(e) Recordkeeping. Applicants shall keep records of all data used to complete permit applications and any supplemental information submitted under §§122.4(d) and 122.28 for a period of at least 3 years from the date the application is signed.
(g) Information Requirements for Class I Hazardous Waste Injection Wells Permits. [note: text not showing here]		
	32.7 Other information, as specified on the UIC application form.	
Sec. 144.32 Signatories to permit applications and reports.	Sec. 33.0 Signatories to permit applications and reports.	§122.6 Signatories to permit applications and reports.
(a) Applications. All permit applications, except those submitted for Class II wells (see paragraph (b) of this section), shall be signed as follows:	33.1 Applications. All permit applications shall be signed as follows:	(a) <u>Applications</u> . All permit applications shall be signed as follows:
(1) For a corporation: by a responsible	33.1.1 For a corporation: by a	(1) For a corporation: by a principal

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second-quarter 1980 dollars), if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.  Note: EPA does not require specific assignments or delegations of authority to responsible corporate officers identified in Sec. 144.32(a)(1)(i). The Agency will presume that these responsible corporate officers have the requisite authority to sign permit applications unless the corporation has notified the Director to the contrary. Corporate procedures governing authority to sign permit applications may provide for assignment or delegation to applicable corporate positions under Sec. 144.32(a)(1)(ii) rather than to specific individuals.	one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or having gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second-quarter 1980 dollars), if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.	
(2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or	33.1.2 For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or	(2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively, or
(3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes: (i) The chief executive officer of the agency, or (ii) a senior executive officer having responsibility for	33.1.3 For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or other official who is authorized by statute, ordinance, regulation, or other applicable procedure to bind the governmental entity. For purposes of this section, a principal executive	(3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., Regional Administrators of EPA).	officer of a Federal agency includes: (i) The chief executive officer of the agency, or (ii) a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., Regional Administrators of EPA).	
(b) Reports. All reports required by permits, other information requested by the Director, and all permit applications submitted for Class II wells under Sec. 144.31 shall be signed by a person described in paragraph (a) of this section, or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:	33.2 Reports. All reports required by permits and other information requested by the Department in the course of evaluating a permit application shall be signed by a person described in Section 33.0, or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:	(b) Reports. All reports required by permits and other information requested by the Secretary shall be signed by a person described in paragraph (a) of this section, or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
(1) The authorization is made in writing by a person described in paragraph (a) of this section;	33.2.1 The authorization is made in writing by a person described in subsection 33.1;	(1) The authorization is made in writing by a person described in paragraph (a) of this section;
(2) The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual	33.2.2 The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be	(2) The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
occupying a named position); and	either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position); and	occupying a named position); and
(3) The written authorization is submitted to the Director.	33.2.3 The written authorization is approved by the Department.	(3) The written authorization is submitted to the Secretary.
(c) Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph (b) of this section is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section must be submitted to the Director prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.	33.3 Changes to authorization. If an authorization under Section 33.0 is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of Section 33.0 must be submitted to the Department prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.	(c) Changes to authorization. If an authorization under paragraph (b) of this section is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section must be submitted to the Secretary prior to or together with any reports, information or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
(d) Certification. Any person signing a document under paragraph (a) or (b) of this section shall make the following certification:	33.4 Certification. Any person signing a document under subsection 33.1 or 33.2 shall make the following certification:	(d) <u>Certification</u> . Any person signing a document under paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section shall make the following certification:
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system,	"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or	"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.	persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."	there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."
	<ul><li>33.5 Certification by a Professional</li><li>Engineer and Professional Geologist.</li><li>33.5.1 All applications for Class</li></ul>	
	I injection wells and Class V injection wells that penetrate through a USDW shall be sealed and certified by a	
	professional engineer or professional geologist (as applicable), in compliance with these regulations and	
	the professional regulations of the State of Delaware.	
	33.5.2 The application, plans, and specifications, certification of construction completion reports,	
	operation and maintenance manual, and other related documents shall be certified by a professional engineer or	
	professional geologist, as applicable, registered in the State of Delaware and	
	retained by the applicant for that purpose.  33.5.3 All applications for Class	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
	I injection wells and Class V injection	
	wells that penetrate through a USDW	
	shall contain the following statement:	
	erian cernam une renewing ciaterneria	
	I certify that the features of this	
	injection point have been	
	designed or examined by me	
	and found to be in conformity	
	with modern principles of	
	injection of fluids and well	
	design for the purpose	
	described in this application.	
	There is reasonable assurance,	
	in my professional judgment,	
	that the injection point, when	
	properly maintained and	
	operated, will discharge the fluid	
	in compliance with all applicable	
	statutes of the State of	
	Delaware and the rules and	
	regulations of the Department of	
	Natural Resources and	
	Environmental Control. It is	
	agreed that the undersigned will	
	furnish the applicant with a set	
	of instructions for proper	
	maintenance and operation of	
	the injection point.	
	une injection point.	
Sec. 144.33 Area permits.	Sec. 34.0 Area permits.	none
(a) The Director may issue a permit on an	All injection activities in Delaware	
area basis, rather than for each well	require approval. No Area permits will	
area casis, radior diam for each well	1.09ano approvan 1107tioa poninto Will	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
individually, provided that the permit is for	be issued.	
injection wells:		
(1) Described and identified by location in		
permit application(s) if they are existing		
wells, except that the Director may accept		
a single description of wells with		
substantially the same characteristics;		
(2) Within the same well field, facility site,		
reservoir, project, or similar unit in the		
same State;		
(3) Operated by a single owner or operator;		
and		
(4) Used to inject other than hazardous		
waste.		
(b) Area permits shall specify:		
(1) The area within which underground		
injections are authorized, and		
(2) The requirements for construction,		
monitoring, reporting, operation, and		
abandonment, for all wells authorized by		
the permit.		
(c) The area permit may authorize the		
permittee to construct and operate, convert,		
or plug and abandon wells within the		
permit area provided:		
(1) The permittee notifies the Director at		
such time as the permit requires;		
(2) The additional well satisfies the criteria		
in paragraph (a) of this section and meets		
the requirements specified in the permit		
under paragraph (b) of this section; and		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	(wassa sir are r == r sg s)	
(3) The cumulative effects of drilling and		
operation of additional injection wells are		
considered by the Director during		
evaluation of the area permit application		
and are acceptable to the Director.		
(d) If the Director determines that any well		
constructed pursuant to paragraph (c) of		
this section does not satisfy any of the		
requirements of paragraphs (c) (1) and (2)		
of this section the Director may modify the		
permit under Sec. 144.39, terminate under		
Sec. 144.40, or take enforcement action. If		
the Director determines that cumulative		
effects are unacceptable, the permit may be		
modified under Sec. 144.39.		
Sec. 144.34 Emergency permits.	Sec. 35.0 Emergency permits.	§122.30 Emergency permits.
(a) Coverage. Notwithstanding any other	35.1 Coverage. Notwithstanding any	(a) Coverage. Notwithstanding any other
provision of this part or part 124, the	other provision of these Regulations,	provision of this Part or Part 124, the
Director may temporarily permit a specific	the Department may temporarily permit	Secretary may temporarily permit a
underground injection if:	a specific underground injection if:	specific underground injection which has
		not otherwise been authorized by rule or
		permit if:
(1) An imminent and substantial	35.1.1 An imminent and	(1) An imminent and substantial
endangerment to the health of persons will	substantial endangerment to the health	endangerment to the health of persons will
result unless a temporary emergency	of persons will result unless a	result unless a temporary emergency
permit is granted; or	temporary emergency permit is	permit is granted.
	granted;	
(2) A substantial and irretrievable loss of		
oil or gas resources will occur unless a		
temporary emergency permit is granted to		
a Class II well; and		

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Underground Injection Control Program	(based on the FED regs) 35.1.2 Timely application for a	
<u> </u>	25.1.2 Timely application for a	
\'\' \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	permit could not practicably have been	
_ ·	made; and	
1 \ / 3	The injection will not	
Č	result in the movement of fluids into	
sources of drinking water; <del>or</del> u	underground sources of drinking water;	
(3) A substantial delay in production of oil		
or gas resources will occur unless a		
temporary emergency permit is granted to a new Class II well and the temporary		
authorization will not result in the		
movement of fluids into an underground		
source of drinking water.		
	35.2 Requirements for issuance.	(b) Requirements for issuance. (1) Any
temporary permit under paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be for no longer term than 3	35.2.1 Any temporary permit	temporary permit under paragraph (a)(1) of this section shall be for no longer term than
	under subsection 35.1.1 shall be for no	required to prevent the hazard.
Ic	onger term than required to prevent	
tr	he hazard.	
(2) Any temporary permit under paragraph 3	35.2.2 Any temporary permit	(2) Notice of any temporary permit under
(a)(2) of this section shall be for no longer u	under subsection 35.1.2 shall be for no	this paragraph shall be published in
	onger than 90 days, except that if a	accordance with §124.11 within 5 days of
I •	permit application has been submitted	the issuance of the permit.
	perior to the expiration of the 90 day period, the Department may extend the	
	emporary permit until final action on	
	the application.	
(3) Any temporary permit under paragraph		

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(a)(3) of this section shall be issued only after a complete permit application has been submitted and shall be effective until final action on the application.		
(4) Notice of any temporary permit under this paragraph shall be published in accordance with Sec. 124.11 within 10 days of the issuance of the permit.	35.2.4 Notice of any temporary permit under this Section shall be published in accordance with Section 10.0.	
(5) The temporary permit under this section may be either oral or written. If oral, it must be followed within 5 calendar days by a written temporary emergency permit.	35.2.5 The temporary permit under this Section may be either oral or written. If oral, it must be followed within five (5) calendar days by a written temporary emergency permit.	(3) The temporary permit under this section may be either oral or written. If oral, it must be followed within 5 calendar days by a written temporary emergency permit.
(6) The Director shall condition the temporary permit in any manner he or she determines is necessary to ensure that the injection will not result in the movement of fluids into an underground source of drinking water.	35.2.6 The Department shall condition the temporary permit in any manner determined to be necessary to ensure that the injection will not will not result in the movement of fluids into an underground source of drinking water.	(4) The Secretary shall condition the temporary permit in any manner he or she determines is necessary to ensure that the injection will not result in the movement of fluids into an underground source of drinking water.
Sec. 144.35 Effect of a permit.  (a) Except for Class II and III wells, compliance with a permit during its term constitutes compliance, for purposes of enforcement, with Part C of the SDWA. However, a permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated during its term for cause as set forth in Sec. Sec. 144.39 and 144.40.	Sec. 36.0 Effect of a permit.  36.1 A permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated during its term, for cause as set forth in Section 40.0 and 41.0. Compliance with a permit during its term constitutes compliance, for the purposes of enforcement, with Part C of the SWDA.	§122.13 Effect of a permit.  (a) Compliance with a permit during its term constitutes compliance, for purposes of enforcement, with Part C of SDWA. However, a permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated during its term for cause as set forth in §§122.15 and 122.16.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(b) The issuance of a permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.	36.2 The issuance of a permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.	(b) The issuance of a permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
(c) The issuance of a permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of State or local law or regulations.	36.3 The issuance of a permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of State or local law or regulations.	(c) The issuance of a permit does not authorize any injury to persons or property or invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of State or local law or regulations.
Sec. 144.36 Duration of permits.	Sec. 37.0 Duration of permits.	§122.9 Duration of permits.
(a) Permits for Class I and Class V wells shall be effective for a fixed term not to exceed 10 years. UIC permits for Class II and III wells shall be issued for a period up to the operating life of the facility. The Director shall review each issued Class II or III well-UIC permit at least once every 5 years to determine whether it should be modified, revoked and reissued, terminated, or a minor modification made as provided in Sec. Sec. 144.39, 144.40, and 144.41.	37.1 Permits for Class I and Class V injection wells shall be effective for a fixed term not to exceed five (5) years. The Department may review each issued UIC permit prior to permit expiration to determine whether it should be modified, revoked and reissued, terminated, or a minor modification made as provided in Sections 40.0, 41.0, and 42.0.	(a) UIC permits for Class I and Class V wells shall be effective for a fixed term not to exceed 10 years.
<ul><li>(b) Except as provided in Sec. 144.37, the term of a permit shall not be extended by modification beyond the maximum duration specified in this section.</li><li>(c) The Director may issue any permit for a duration that is less than the full allowable term under this section.</li></ul>	37.2 Except as provided in Section 38.0, the term of a permit shall not be extended by modification beyond the maximum duration of five (5) years.  37.3 The Department may issue any permit under these Regulations for a duration that is less than five (5) years.	<ul><li>(b) The term of a permit shall not be extended by modification beyond the maximum duration specified in this section.</li><li>(c) The Secretary may issue any permit for a duration that is less than the full allowable term under this section.</li></ul>

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Sec. 144.37 Continuation of expiring permits.	Sec. 38.0 Continuation of expiring permits.	none
(a) EPA permits. When EPA is the permitissuing authority, the conditions of an expired permit continue in force under 5 U.S.C. 558(c) until the effective date of a new permit if:	38.1 The conditions of an expired permit continue in force until the effective date of a new permit if:	
(1) The permittee has submitted a timely application which is a complete application for a new permit; and	38.1.1 The permittee has submitted a complete application within 180 days prior to expiration of the current permit; and	
(2) The Regional Administrator, through no fault of the permittee does not issue a new permit with an effective date on or before the expiration date of the previous permit (for example, when issuance is impracticable due to time or resource constraints).	38.1.2 The Department, through no fault of the permittee, does not issue a new permit with an effective date on or before the expiration date of the previous permit.	
(b) Effect. Permits continued under this section remain fully effective and enforceable.	38.2 Effect. Permits continued under this Section remain fully effective and enforceable.	
(c) Enforcement. When the permittee is not in compliance with the conditions of the expiring or expired permit the Regional Administrator may choose to do any or all of the following:	38.3 Enforcement. When the permittee is not in compliance with the conditions of the expiring or expired permit the Department may choose to do any or all of the following:	
(1) Initiate enforcement action based upon the permit which has been continued;	38.3.1 Initiate enforcement action based upon the permit which has been continued;	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(2) Issue a notice of intent to deny the new permit. If the permit is denied, the owner or operator would then be required to cease the activities authorized by the continued permit or be subject to enforcement action for operating without a permit;	38.3.2 Issue a notice of intent to deny the new permit. If the permit is denied, the owner or operator would then be required to cease the activities authorized by the continued permit or be subject to enforcement action for operating without a permit;	
(3) Issue a new permit under part 124 with appropriate conditions; or	38.3.3 Issue a new permit under Part 124 (Sections 3.0-19.0) with appropriate conditions; or	
(4) Take other actions authorized by these regulations.	38.3.4 Take other actions authorized by these regulations.	
(d) State continuation. An EPA issued permit does not continue in force beyond its time expiration date under Federal law if at that time a State is the permitting authority. A State authorized to administer the UIC program may continue either EPA or State-issued permits until the effective date of the new permits, if State law allows. Otherwise, the facility or activity is operating without a permit from the time of expiration of the old permit to the effective date of the State-issued new permit.	38.4 State continuation. The UIC program may continue permits until the effective date of the new permit.	8122.14 T
Sec. 144.38 Transfer of permits.	Sec. 39.0 Transfer of permits.	§122.14 Transfer of permits.
(a) Transfers by modification. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee	39.1 Transfers by modification.  Except as provided in subsection 39.2, a permit may be transferred by the	(a) <u>Transfers by modification</u> . Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, a permit may be transferred by the permittee

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued (under Sec. 144.39(b)(2)), or a minor modification made (under Sec. 144.41(d)), to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Safe Drinking Water Act.	permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued (under Section 40.0), or a minor modification made (under Section 42.0), to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Safe Drinking Water Act.	to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued (under §122.15(b)(2)), or a minor modification made (under §122.17(d)), to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the appropriate Act.
(b) Automatic transfers. As an alternative to transfers under paragraph (a) of this section, any UIC permit for a well not injecting hazardous waste may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:	39.2 Requested transfers. As an alternative to transfers under subsection 39.1, any UIC permit may be transferred to a new permittee if:	(b) <u>Automatic transfers</u> . As an alternative to transfers under paragraph (a) of this section, any UIC permit for a well not injecting hazardous waste may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
(1) The current permittee notifies the Director at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date referred to in paragraph (b)(2) of this section;	39.2.1 The current permittee notifies the Department at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date referred to in subsection 39.2.2;	(1) The current permittee notifies the Secretary at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date in paragraph (b)(2) of this section;
(2) The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer or permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them, and the notice demonstrates that the financial responsibility requirements of Sec. 144.52(a)(7) will be met by the new permittee; and	39.2.2 A written agreement is submitted to the Department, signed by all parties to the transfer, containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage and liability between the current and new permittees, and the notice demonstrates that the financial responsibility requirements of subsection 44.1.7 will be met by the new permittee; and	(2) The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them and the notice demonstrates that the financial responsibility requirements of §122.32(g) will be met by the new permittee; and

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(3) The Director does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of his or her intent to modify or revoke and reissue the permit. A modification under this paragraph may also be a minor modification under Sec. 144.41. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph (b)(2) of this section.	39.2.3 The Department notifies the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of the Department's intent to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate the permit and to require that a new application be filed rather than agreeing to the transfer of the permit. A modification under this Section may also be a minor modification under Section 42.0.	(3) The Secretary does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of his or her intent to modify or revoke and reissue the permit. A modification under this subparagraph may also be a minor modification under §122.17. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in paragraph (b)(2) of this section.
Sec. 144.39 Modification or revocation and reisssuance of permits.	Sec. 40.0 Modification or revocation and reisssuance of permits.	§122.15 Modification or revocation and reissuance of permits and §124.4 Modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination of permits.
When the Director receives any information (for example, inspects the facility, receives information submitted by the permittee as required in the permit (see Sec. 144.51 of this chapter), receives a request for modification or revocation and reissuance under Sec. 124.5, or conducts a review of the permit file) he or she may	40.1 When the Department receives any information (for example, inspects the facility, receives information submitted by the permittee as required in the permit, receives a request for modification or revocation and reissuance under Section 7.0, or conducts a review of the permit file) he	When the Secretary receives any information (for example, inspects the facility, receives information submitted by the permittee as required in the permit (see §122.7), receives a request for modification or revocation and reissuance under §124.5, or conducts a review of the permit file) he or she may determine

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program determine whether or not one or more of the causes listed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section for modification or revocation and reissuance or both exist. If cause exists, the Director may modify or revoke and reissue the permit accordingly, subject to the limitations of paragraph (c) of this section, and may request an updated application if necessary. When a permit is modified, only the conditions subject to modification are reopened. If a permit is revoked and reissued, the entire permit is reopened and subject to revision and the permit is reissued for a new term. See Sec. 124.5(c)(2) of this chapter. If cause does not exist under this section or Sec. 144.41 of this chapter, the Director shall not modify or revoke and reissue the permit. If a permit modification satisfies the criteria in Sec. 144.41 for ``minor modifications" the permit may be modified without a draft	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  or she may determine whether or not one or more of the causes listed in subsection 40.2 for modification or revocation and reissuance or both exist. If cause exists, the Department may modify or revoke and reissue the permit accordingly, and may request an updated application if necessary. If a permit is modified or revoked and reissued, the entire permit is reopened and subject to revision and the permit is reissued for a new term. If a permit modification satisfies the criteria in Section 42.0 for "minor modifications," the permit may be modified without a draft permit or public review.  Otherwise, a draft permit must be prepared and other procedures in Part 124 (Sections 3.0-19.0) must be followed.	whether or not one or more of the causes listed in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section for modification or revocation and reissuance or both exist. If cause exists, the Secretary may modify or revoke and reissue the permit accordingly, subject to the limitations of paragraph (c) of this section, and may request an updated application if necessary. When a permit is modified, only the conditions subject to modification are reopened. If a permit is revoked and reissued, the entire permit is reopened and subject to revision and the permit is reissued for a new term. See §1224.5(c). If cause does not exist under this section or §122.17, the Secretary shall not modify or revoke and reissue the permit. If a permit modification satisfies the criteria in §122.17 for "minor modifications" the permit may be modified without a draft permit or public review.
the permit may be modified without a draft permit or public review. Otherwise, a draft permit must be prepared and other procedures in part 124 must be followed.  (a) Causes for modification. The following	40.2 Causes for modification. The	without a draft permit or public review. Otherwise, a draft permit must be prepared and other procedures in Part 124 followed.  (a) Causes for modification. The
(a) Causes for modification. The following are causes for modification. For Class I hazardous waste injection wells, Class II, or Class III wells the following may be causes for revocation and reissuance as well as modification; and for all other wells the following may be cause for revocation or reissuance as well as	following may be cause for revocation and/or reissuance as well as modification when the permittee requests or agrees.	following are causes for modification. The following are causes for modification, but not revocation and reissuance of permits.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
modification when the permittee requests or agrees.		
(1) Alterations. There are material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activity which occurred after permit issuance which justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit.	40.2.1 Alterations. There are material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activity which occurred after permit issuance which justify the application of permit conditions that differ from or are absent from the existing permit.	(1) Alterations. There are material and substantial alterations or additions to the permitted facility or activity which, occurred after permit issuance which justify the application of permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit.
(2) Information. The Director has received information. Permits other than for Class II and III wells-may be modified during their terms for this cause only if the information was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) and would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of issuance. For UIC area permits (Sec. 144.33), this cause shall include any information indicating that cumulative effects on the environment are unacceptable.	40.2.2 Information. The Department has received information that was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) and which would have justified the application of different permit conditions based on standards in effect at the time of issuance.	(2) Information. The Secretary has received new information. Permits may be modified during their terms for this cause only if the information was not available at the time of permit issuance (other than revised regulations, guidance, or test methods) and would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of issuance.
(3) New regulations. The standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by promulgation of new or amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued. Permits other than for Class I hazardous waste injection wells, Class II, or Class III wells may be modified during their terms for this cause only as follows:	40.2.3 New regulations. The standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by promulgation of new or amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued. Permits may be modified during their terms for this reason as follows:	(3) New regulations. The standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by promulgation of amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued. Permits may be modified during their terms for this cause only as follows:

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(i) For promulgation of amended standards or regulations, when:	40.2.3.1 For promulgation of new or amended standards or regulations, when	(i) For promulgation of amended standards or regulations, when:
(A) The permit condition requested to be modified was based on a promulgated part 146 regulation; and	40.2.3.1.1 The permit condition requested to be modified was based on a promulgated Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0) regulation; and	(A) The permit condition requested to be modified was based on a promulgated Part 146 regulation; and
(B) EPA has revised, withdrawn, or modified that portion of the regulation on which the permit condition was based, and	40.2.3.1.2 The Department has revised, withdrawn, or modified that portion of the regulation on which the permit condition was based, and	(B) DNREC has revised, withdrawn, or modified that portion of the regulation on which the permit condition was based; and
(C) A permittee requests modification in accordance with Sec. 124.5 within ninety (90) days after Federal Register notice of the action on which the request is based.	40.2.3.1.3 A permittee requests modification in accordance with Section 7.0 within 90 days after public notice of the action on which the request is based.	(C) A permittee requests modification in accordance with §124.4 within ninety (90) days after public notice of the action on which the request is based.
(ii) For judicial decisions, a court of competent jurisdiction has remanded and stayed EPA promulgated regulations if the remand and stay concern that portion of the regulations on which the permit condition was based and a request is filed by the permittee in accordance with Sec. 124.5 within ninety (90) days of judicial remand.	40.2.3.2 For judicial decisions, a court of competent jurisdiction has remanded and stayed DNREC-promulgated regulations if the remand and stay concerned that portion of the regulations on which the permit condition was based and a request is filed by the permittee in accordance with Section 7.0 within 90 days of judicial remand.	(ii) For judicial decisions, a court of competent jurisdiction has remanded and stayed DNREC promulgated regulations, if the remand and stay concern that portion of the regulations on which the permit condition was based and a request is filed by the permittee in accordance with §124.4 within ninety (90) days of judicial remand.
(4) Compliance schedules. The Director	40.2.4 Compliance schedules. The	(4) Compliance schedules. The Secretary

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
determines good cause exists for modification of a compliance schedule, such as an act of God, strike, flood, or materials shortage or other events over which the permittee has little or no control and for which there is no reasonably available remedy. See also Sec. 144.41(c) (minor modifications).	Department determines good cause exists for modification of a compliance schedule, such as an act of God, strike, flood, or materials shortage or other events over which the permittee has little or no control and for which there is no reasonably available remedy.	determines good cause exists for modification of a compliance schedule, such as an act of God, strike, flood, or materials shortage or other events over which the permittee has little or no control and for which there is no reasonably available remedy.
(b) Causes for modification or revocation and reissuance. The following are causes to modify or, alternatively, revoke and reissue a permit:	40.3 Causes for modification or revocation and reissuance. The following are causes to modify or, alternatively, revoke and reissue a permit:	(b) Causes for modification or revocation and reissuance. The following are causes to modify or, alternatively, revoke and reissue a permit:
(1) Cause exists for termination under Sec. 144.40, and the Director determines that modification or revocation and reissuance is appropriate.	40.3.1 Cause exists for termination under Section 41.0, and the Department determines that modification or revocation and reissuance is appropriate.	(1) Cause exists for termination under §122.16 and the Secretary determines that modification or revocation and reissuance is appropriate.
(2) The Director has received notification (as required in the permit, see Sec. 144.41(d)) of a proposed transfer of the permit. A permit also may be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an automatic transfer (Sec. 144.38(b)) but will not be revoked and reissued after the effective date of the transfer except upon the request of the new permittee.	40.3.2 The Department has received notification of a proposed transfer of the permit. A permit also may be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an automatic transfer but will not be revoked and reissued after the effective date of the transfer except upon the request of the new permittee.	(2) The Secretary has received notification (as required in the permit, see §122.17) of a proposed transfer of the permit. A permit also may be modified to reflect a transfer after the effective date of an automatic transfer (§122.14(b)) but will not be revoked and reissued after the effective date of the transfer except upon the request of the new permittee.

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Underground Injection Control Program	(based on the LD regs)	
	40.3.3 A determination that the waste	
(3) A determination that the waste being		
injected is a hazardous waste as defined in	being injected is a hazardous waste as	
Sec. 261.3 either because the definition	defined in 40 CFR 261.3 either	
has been revised, or because a previous	because the definition has been	
determination has been changed.	revised, or because a previous	
	determination has been changed.	
(c) Facility siting. Suitability of the facility	40.4 Facility siting. Suitability of the	(c) Facility siting. Suitability of the facility
location will not be considered at the time	facility location will not be considered	location will not be considered at the time
of permit modification or revocation and	at the time of permit modification or	of permit modification or revocation and
reissuance unless new information or	revocation and reissuance unless new	reissuance unless new information or
standards indicate that a threat to human	information or standards indicate that a	standards indicate that a threat to human
health or the environment exists which was	threat to human health or the	health or the environment exists which was
unknown at the time of permit issuance.	environment exists which was	unknown at the time of permit issuance.
William Will We will differ of permit is summed.	unknown at the time of permit	grand with the time of permits assumed.
	issuance.	
	issuance.	
Sec. 144.40 Termination of permits.	Sec. 41.0 Termination of permits.	§122.16 Termination of permits.
(a) The Director may terminate a permit	41.1 The Department may terminate	(a) The Secretary may terminate a permit
during its term, or deny a permit renewal	a permit during its term, or deny a	during its term or deny a permit renewal
application for the following causes:	permit renewal application for the	application for the following causes:
appreciation for the following causes.	following causes:	approaction for the following eaches:
	Tollowing caucos.	
(1) Noncompliance by the permittee with	41.1.1 Noncompliance by the	(1) Noncompliance by the permittee with
any condition of the permit;	permittee with any condition of the	any condition of the permit;
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	permit;	r J
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(2) The permittee's failure in the	41.1.2 The permittee's failure in the	(2) The permittee's failure in the
application or during the permit issuance	application or during the permit	application or during the permit issuance
process to disclose fully all relevant facts,	issuance process to disclose fully all	process to disclose fully all relevant facts,
or the permittee's misrepresentation of any	relevant facts, or the permittee's	or the permittee's misrepresentation of any
of the permittee's imprepresentation of any	Tolovant radio, of the polititice o	of the permittee's imprepresentation of any

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
relevant facts at any time; or	misrepresentation of any relevant facts at any time; or	relevant facts at any time; or
(3) A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination;	41.1.3 A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination.	(3) A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination.
(b) The Director shall follow the applicable procedures in part 124 in terminating any permit under this section.	41.2 The Department shall follow the applicable procedures in Part 124 (Sections 3.0-19.0) in terminating any permit under this Section.	
Sec. 144.41 Minor modifications of	Sec. 42.0 Minor modifications of	§122.17 Minor modifications of permits
permits.	permits.	
permits.  Upon the consent of the permittee, the Director may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this section, without following the procedures of part 124. Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this section must be made for cause and with part 124 draft permit and public notice as required in Sec. 144.39. Minor modifications may only:	permits.  42.1 The Department may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this Section, without following the procedures of Part 124 (Sections 3.0-19.0). Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this Section must be made for cause and with Part 124 draft permit and public notice as required in Section 40.0 Minor modifications may only:	Upon the consent of the permittee, the Secretary may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this section, without following the procedures of Part 124. Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this section must be made for cause and with Part 124 draft permit and public notice as required in §122.15. Minor modifications may only:
Upon the consent of the permittee, the Director may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this section, without following the procedures of part 124. Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this section must be made for cause and with part 124 draft permit and public notice as required in Sec. 144.39. Minor	42.1 The Department may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this Section, without following the procedures of Part 124 (Sections 3.0-19.0). Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this Section must be made for cause and with Part 124 draft permit and public notice as required in Section 40.0 Minor	Secretary may modify a permit to make the corrections or allowances for changes in the permitted activity listed in this section, without following the procedures of Part 124. Any permit modification not processed as a minor modification under this section must be made for cause and with Part 124 draft permit and public notice as required in §122.15. Minor

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program reporting by the permittee;	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  reporting by the permittee;	Current STATE regs reporting by the permittee;
(c) Change an interim compliance date in a schedule of compliance, provided the new date is not more than 120 days after the date specified in the existing permit and does not interfere with attainment of the final compliance date requirement; or	42.4 Change an interim compliance date in a schedule of compliance, provided the new date is not more than 120 days after the date specified in the existing permit and does not interfere with attainment of the final compliance date requirement;	(c) Change an interim compliance date in a schedule of compliance, provided the new date is not more than 120 days after the date specified in the existing permit and does not interfere with attainment of the final compliance date requirement; or
(d) Allow for a change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Director determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees has been submitted to the Director.	42.5 Allow for a change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Department determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Department;	(d) Allow for a change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Secretary determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees has been submitted to the Secretary.
(e) Change quantities or types of fluids injected which are within the capacity of the facility as permitted and, in the judgment of the Director, would not interfere with the operation of the facility or its ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not change its classification.  (f) Change construction requirements	42.6 Change quantities or types of fluids injected which are within the capacity of the facility as permitted and, in the judgment of the Department, would not interfere with the operation of the facility or its ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not change its classification;  42.7 Change construction	(e)(1) Changes quantities or types of fluids injected which are within the capacity of the facility as permitted and, in the judgment of the Secretary, would not interfere with the operation of the facility or its ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not change its classification.  (2) Change construction requirements

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
approved by the Director pursuant to Sec. 144.52(a)(1) (establishing UIC permit conditions), provided that any such alteration shall comply with the requirements of this part and part 146.	requirements approved by the Department pursuant to Section 44.0, provided that any such alteration shall comply with the requirements of this Part and Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0); or	approved by the Secretary pursuant to \$122.32(a) (establishing UIC permit conditions), provided that any such alteration shall comply with the requirements of this Part and Part 146.
(g) Amend a plugging and abandonment plan which has been updated under Sec. 144.52(a)(6).	42.8 Amend a plugging and abandonment plan which has been updated under subsection 44.1.6.	(3) Amend a plugging and abandonment plan which has been updated under §122.31(e).
Sec. 144.51 Conditions applicable to all permits.	43.0 Conditions applicable to all Permits and Major Class V Injection Wells.	§122.7 Conditions applicable to all permits [see also §122.31 Additional conditions applicable to all UIC permits.]
The following conditions apply to all UIC permits. All conditions applicable to all permits shall be incorporated into the permits either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to these regulations (or the corresponding approved State regulations) must be given in the permit.	43.1 The following conditions apply to all UIC permits and Major Class V Injection Wells. All conditions applicable to all permits and Major Class V Injection Wells shall be incorporated into the permits either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to these regulations (or the other applicable State regulations) may be given in the permit or Rule Authorization letter.	The following conditions apply to all UIC permits. For additional conditions applicable to all permits for the UIC program, see section 122.31. All conditions applicable to all permits, and all additional conditions applicable to all permits for the program shall be incorporated into the permits either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to these regulations must be given in the permit.
(a) Duty to comply. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Safe Drinking Water Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for	43.2 Duty to comply. The permittee must comply with all conditions of a permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6003 and any amending or	(a) <u>Duty to comply</u> . The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the appropriate Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application; except that the permittee need not comply with the provisions of this permit to the extent and for the duration such noncompliance is authorized in an emergency permit under Sec. 144.34.	superseding legislation and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.	termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.
(b) Duty to reapply. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.	43.3 Duty to reapply. If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by a permit after the expiration date of a permit, the permittee must submit a complete application for a new permit at least 180 days prior to the expiration of the current permit, unless otherwise stated in the permit.	(b) <u>Duty to reapply</u> . If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit.
(c) Need to halt or reduce activity not a defense. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.	43.4 Need to halt or reduce activity not a defense. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of a permit.	(c) <u>Duty to halt or reduce activity</u> . It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
(d) Duty to mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from noncompliance with this permit.	43.5 Duty to mitigate. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from noncompliance with a permit.	(d) <u>Duty to mitigate</u> . The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from noncompliance with this permit.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(e) Proper operation and maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.	43.6 Proper operation and maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of a permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.	(e) Proper operation and maintenance. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operator of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
(f) Permit actions. This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.	43.7 Permit actions. A permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes, or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.	(f) <u>Permit actions</u> . This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
(g) Property rights. This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or	43.8 Property rights. A permit does not convey any property rights of any	(g) <u>Property rights</u> . This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
any exclusive privilege.	sort, or any exclusive privilege.	any exclusive privilege.
(h) Duty to provide information. The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a time specified, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.	43.9 Duty to provide information. The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a time specified, any information which the Department may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating a permit, or to determine compliance with a permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department, upon request, copies of records required to be kept under the terms of the permit.	(h) <u>Duty to provide information</u> . The permittee shall furnish to the Secretary, within a reasonable time, any information which the Secretary may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Secretary, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
(i) Inspection and entry. The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:	43.10 Inspection and entry. As authorized by 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6024, the permittee shall allow the Department, or an authorized representative, to:	(i) <u>Inspection and entry</u> . The permittee shall allow the Secretary, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law to:
(1) Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;	43.10.1 Enter upon the permittee's property where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of a permit;	(1) Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
(2) Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;	43.10.2 Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of a permit;	(2) Have access to any copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
(3) Inspect at reasonable times any	43.10.3 Inspect any facilities,	(3) Inspect at reasonable times any

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and	equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under a permit; and	facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit, and
<ul> <li>(4) Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the SDWA, any substances or parameters at any location.</li> <li>(j) Monitoring and records.</li> <li>(1) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.</li> </ul>	43.10.4 Sample or monitor, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the SDWA, any substances or parameters at any location.  43.11 Monitoring and records.  43.11.1 Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.	<ul> <li>(4) Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the appropriate Act, any substances or parameters at any location.</li> <li>(j) Monitoring and records.</li> <li>(1) Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity.</li> </ul>
(2) The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including the following:	43.11.2 The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including the following:	(2) The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Secretary at any time.
(i) Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation,	43.11.2.1 Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous	(see above)

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time; and	monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by a permit, and records of all data used to complete an application for a permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by the Department at any time; and	
(ii) The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures specified under Sec. 144.52(a)(6), or under part 146 subpart G as appropriate. The Director may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the Director at the conclusion of the retention period. For EPA administered programs, the owner or operator shall continue to retain the records after the three year retention period unless he delivers the records to the Regional Administrator or obtains written approval from the Regional Administrator to discard the records.	43.11.2.2 The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three (3) years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment. The Department may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the Department at the conclusion of the retention period.	
(3) Records of monitoring information shall include:	43.11.3 Records of monitoring information shall include:	(3) Records of monitoring information shall include:
(i) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;	43.11.3.1 The date, exact physical location, sampling method and time of sampling or measurements;	(i) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(ii) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;	43.11.3.2 The names of the individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;	(ii) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
(iii) The date(s) analyses were performed;	43.11.3.3 The date(s) analyses were performed;	(iii) The date(s) analyses were performed;
(iv) The individual(s) who performed the analyses;	43.11.3.4 The names of the individual(s) who performed the analyses;	(iv) The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
(v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and	43.11.3.5 The analytical techniques or methods used; and	(v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and
(vi) The results of such analyses.	43.11.3.6 The results of such analyses.	(vi) The results of such analyses.
(k) Signatory requirement. All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Administrator shall be signed and certified. (See Sec. 144.32.)	43.12 Signatory requirement. All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Department shall be signed and certified pursuant to Section 33.0.	(k) <u>Signatory requirement</u> . All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Secretary shall be signed and certified. (See §122.6)
(l) Reporting requirements. (1) Planned changes. The permittee shall give notice to the Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility.	43.13 Reporting requirements. 43.13.1 Planned changes. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility that may affect any permitted or authorized UIC activity.	(1) Reporting requirements. Planned changes. The permittee shall given notice to the Secretary as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility.
(2) Anticipated noncompliance. The	43.13.2 Anticipated	(2) Anticipated noncompliance. The

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  noncompliance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.	Current STATE regs  permittee shall give advance notice to the Secretary of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.
(3) Transfers. This permit is not transferable to any person except after notice to the Director. The Director may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Safe Drinking Water Act. (See Sec. 144.38; in some cases, modification or revocation and reissuance is mandatory.)	43.13.3 Transfers. A permit is not transferable to any person except after notice to and written approval from the Department. The Department may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under Section 39.0.	(3) Transfers. This permit is not transferable to any person except after notice to the Secretary. The Secretary may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the appropriate Act. (See §122.14)
(4) Monitoring reports. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified elsewhere in this permit.	43.13.4 Monitoring reports.  Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified in a permit.	(4) Monitoring reports. Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified elsewhere in this permit.
(5) Compliance schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 30 days following each schedule date.	43.13.5 Compliance schedules. Progress reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance with interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of a permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each scheduled date.	(5) Compliance schedules. Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.
(6) Twenty-four hour reporting. The	43.13.6 Twenty-four (24) hour	(6) Twenty-four hour reporting. The

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment, including:	reporting. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances by calling DNREC's Enforcement Section's 24-hour Reporting Line at (800) 662-8802. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a contact name and phone number; description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. The submitted report shall also include the following, as a minimum:	permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
(i) Any monitoring or other information which indicates that any contaminant may cause an endangerment to a USDW; or	43.13.6.1 Any monitoring or other information which indicates that any contaminant may pose a threat of contamination to an underground source of drinking water; or	

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not reported under paragraphs (1) (4), (5), and (6) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The of noncompliance not reported under subsection 43.13, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The not reported under paragraphs (1)(4), (5), and (6) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The	Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause, the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.  (7) Other noncompliance. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (1) (4), (5), and (6) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed	condition or malfunction of the injection system which may cause fluid migration	a permit condition or malfunction of the injection system which may cause fluid migration into or between the	
shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (1) (4), (5), and (6) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed  The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under subsection 43.13, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed	within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause, the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.	43.13.7 Other noncompliance	
(8) Other information. Where the permittee 43.13.8 Other information. (8) Other information. Where the permittee	shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (l) (4), (5), and (6) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph (l)(6) of this section.	The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under subsection 43.13, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in subsection 43.13.	shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (1)(4), (5), and (6) of this section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.	Where the permittee becomes aware that he/she failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Department, the permittee shall promptly submit such facts or information.	becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Secretary, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
	43.13.9 Noncompliance notifications shall be submitted to the GWDS as follows: DNREC GWDS, 89 Kings Highway, Dover, DE 19901.	
(m) Requirements prior to commencing injection. Except for all new wells authorized by an area permit under Sec. 144.33(e), a new injection well may not commence injection until construction is complete, and	43.14 Requirements prior to commencing injection. A new injection well may not commence injection until construction is complete, and	
(1) The permittee has submitted notice of completion of construction to the Director; and	43.14.1 The permittee has submitted notice of completion of construction to the Department; and	
(2)(i) The Director has inspected or otherwise reviewed the new injection well and finds it is in compliance with the conditions of the permit; or	43.14.2 The Department has inspected or otherwise reviewed the new injection well and finds it is in compliance with the conditions of the permit.	
(ii) The permittee has not received notice form the Director of his or her intent to inspect or otherwise review the new		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
injection well within 13 days of the date of		
the notice in paragraph (m)(1) of this		
section, in which case prior inspection or		
review is waived and the permittee may		
commence injection. The Director shall		
include in his notice a reasonable time		
period in which he shall inspect the well.		
(n) The permittee shall notify the Director	43.15 The permittee shall notify the	
at such times as the permit requires before	Department at such times as the	
conversion or abandonment of the well or	permit or these regulations require	
in the case of area permits before closure	before conversion or abandonment of	
of the project.	the well.	
(o) A Class I, <del>II or III</del> permit shall include	43.16 All Class I permits and Major	§122.32 Establishing UIC permit
and a Class V permit may include,	Class V permits (such as a project	conditions
conditions which meet the applicable	which discharges fluid through an	(e) Plugging and abandonment. Any Class
requirements of Sec. 146.10 of this	underground source of drinking water)	I permit shall include, and any Class V
chapter to insure that plugging and	shall include conditions which meet the	permit may include, conditions to ensure
abandonment of the well will not allow the	applicable requirements of Section	that plugging and abandonment of the well
movement of fluids into or between	63.0 of these Regulations and the	will not allow the movement of fluids
USDWs. Where the plan meets the	State of Delaware Regulations	either into an underground source of
requirements of Sec. 146.10 of this	Governing the Construction and Use of	drinking water or from one underground
chapter, the Director shall incorporate it	Wells to ensure that plugging and	source of drinking water to another. Any
into the permit as a permit condition.	abandonment of the well will not allow	applicant for a UIC permit shall be
Where the Director's review of an	the movement of fluids into or between	required to submit a plan for plugging and
application indicates that the permittee's	USDWs. Where the Department's	abandonment. Where the plan meets the
plan is inadequate, the Director may	review of an application indicates that	requirements of this paragraph, the
require the applicant to revise the plan,	the permittee's plan is inadequate, the	Secretary shall incorporate it into the
prescribe conditions meeting the	Department may require the applicant	permit as a condition. Where the
requirements of this paragraph, or deny the	to revise the plan, prescribe conditions	Secretary's review of an application
permit. For purposes of this paragraph,	meeting the requirements of this	indicates that the permittee's plan is
temporary or intermittent cessation of	Section, or deny the permit. For	inadequate, the Secretary shall require the
injection operations is not abandonment.	purposes of this Section, temporary or	applicant to revise the plan, prescribe

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
	intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment.	conditions meeting the requirements of this paragraph, or deny the application. For purposes of this paragraph, temporary intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment.
(p) Plugging and abandonment report. For	43.17 Plugging and abandonment	
EPA-administered programs, within 60	report. The report shall be certified as	
days after plugging a well or at the time of	accurate by the person who performed	
the next quarterly report (whichever is	the plugging operation, in accordance	
less) the owner or operator shall submit a	with the State of Delaware Regulations	
report to the Regional Administrator. If the	Governing the Construction and Use of	
quarterly report is due less than 15 days	Wells and these Regulations.	
before completion of plugging, then the		
report shall be submitted within 60 days.  The report shall be certified as accurate by		
the person who performed the plugging		
operation. Such report shall consist of		
either:		
(1) A statement that the well was plugged		
in accordance with the plan previously		
submitted to the Regional Administrator;		
<del>Or</del>		
(2) Where actual plugging differed from		
the plan previously submitted, and updated		
version of the plan on the form supplied by		
the regional administrator, specifying the		
differences.		
(q) Duty to establish and maintain	43.18 Duty to establish and maintain	
mechanical integrity. (1) The owner or	mechanical integrity.	
operator of a Class I, <del>II or III</del> well	43.18.1 The owner or operator of	
permitted under this part shall establish	a Class I injection well shall establish	
prior to commencing injection or on a	mechanical integrity prior to	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	0 332233 72 22 22 24 75
Underground Injection Control Program	33,	
schedule determined by the Director, and	commencing injection or on a schedule	
thereafter maintain mechanical integrity as	determined by the Department, and	
defined in Sec. 146.8 of this chapter. For	thereafter maintain mechanical	
EPA-administered programs, the Regional	integrity as defined in Section 61.0.	
Administrator may require by written	The Department may require by written	
notice that the owner or operator comply	notice that the owner or operator	
with a schedule describing when	comply with a schedule describing	
mechanical integrity demonstrations shall	when mechanical integrity	
be made.	demonstrations shall be made.	
(2) When the Director determines that a	43.18.2 When the Department	
Class I, <del>II, or III</del> well lacks mechanical	determines that a Class I injection well	
integrity pursuant to Sec. 146.8 of this	lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to	
chapter, he shall give written notice of his	Section 61.0, the Department shall	
determination to the owner or operator.	give written notice of the Department's	
Unless the Director requires immediate	determination to the owner or operator.	
cessation, the owner or operator shall cease	Unless the Department requires	
injection into the well within 48 hours of	immediate cessation, the owner or	
receipt of the Director's determination. The	operator shall cease injection into the	
Director may allow plugging of the well	well within 48 hours of receipt of the	
pursuant to the requirements of Sec.	Department's determination. The	
146.10 of this chapter or require the	Department may allow plugging of the	
permittee to perform such additional	well pursuant to the requirements of	
construction, operation, monitoring,	Section 63.0 or require the permittee to	
reporting and corrective action as is	perform such additional construction,	
necessary to prevent the movement of fluid	operation, monitoring, reporting, and	
into or between USDWs caused by the	corrective action as is necessary to	
lack of mechanical integrity. The owner or	prevent the movement of fluid into or	
operator may resume injection upon	between USDWs caused by the lack of	
written notification from the Director that	mechanical integrity. The owner or	
the owner or operator has demonstrated	operator may resume injection upon	
mechanical integrity pursuant to Sec.	written notification from the	
146.8 of this chapter.	Department that the owner or operator	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  has demonstrated mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 61.0.	Current STATE regs
(3) The Director may allow the owner or operator of a well which lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to Sec. 146.8(a)(1) of this chapter to continue or resume injection, if the owner or operator has made a satisfactory demonstration that there is no movement of fluid into or between USDWs.		
Sec. 144.52 Establishing permit conditions.	Sec. 44.0 Establishing permit conditions.	§122.8 Establishing permit conditions. [see also §122.32 Establishing UIC permit conditions.]
(a) In addition to conditions required in Sec. 144.51, the Director shall establish conditions, as required on a case-by-case basis under Sec. 144.36 (duration of permits), Sec. 144.53(a) (schedules of compliance), Sec. 144.54 (monitoring), and for EPA permits only Sec. 144.53(b) (alternate schedules of compliance), and Sec. 144.4 (considerations under Federal law). Permits for owners or operators of hazardous waste injection wells shall include conditions meeting the requirements of Sec. 144.14 (requirements for wells injecting hazardous waste), Sec. 144.52 (a)(7) and (a)(9), and subpart G of part 146. Permits for other wells shall contain the following requirements, when applicable.	44.1 In addition to permit conditions required in Section 43.0 the Department may establish permit conditions as required on a case-by-case basis under Sections 44.0, 45.0, and 46.0. Permits for other wells shall contain the following requirements, when applicable.	In addition to conditions required in all permits for the UIC program (§122.31), the Secretary shall establish conditions in permits for the program, as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and assure compliance with all applicable requirements of the appropriate Act and regulations.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program (1) Construction requirements as set forth in part 146. Existing wells shall achieve compliance with such requirements according to a compliance schedule established as a permit condition. The owner or operator of a proposed new injection well shall submit plans for testing, drilling, and construction as part of the permit application. Except as authorized by an area permit, no construction may commence until a permit has been issued containing construction requirements (see Sec. 144.11). New wells shall be in compliance with these requirements prior to commencing injection operations. Changes in construction plans during construction may be approved by the Administrator as minor modifications (Sec. 144.41). No such changes may be physically incorporated into construction of the well prior to approval of the modification by the	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  44.1.1 Construction requirements as set forth in Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0). Existing wells shall achieve compliance with such requirements according to a compliance schedule established as a permit condition. The owner or operator of a proposed new injection well shall submit plans for testing, drilling, and construction as part of the permit application. No construction may commence until a permit has been issued containing construction requirements (see Section 23.0). New wells shall be in compliance with these requirements prior to commencing injection operations. Changes in construction plans during construction may be approved by the Department as minor modifications (Section 42.0). No such changes may be physically incorporated into construction of the	\$122.32 Establishing UIC permit conditions  (a) Construction requirements as set forth in Part 146. The owner or operator of a proposed new injection well shall submit plans for testing, drilling, and construction as part of the permit application. No construction may commence until a permit has been issued containing construction requirements (see §122.23). New wells shall be in compliance with these requirements prior to commencing injection operations. Changes in construction plans during construction may be approved by the Director as minor modifications (§122.17). No such changes may be physically incorporated into construction of the well prior to approval of the modification by the Director.
approval of the modification by the Director.	incorporated into construction of the well prior to approval of the modification by the Department.	(h) Competing action as act forth in
(2) Corrective action as set forth in Sec. Sec. 144.55 and 146.7	44.1.2 Corrective action as set forth in Section 47.0.	(b) Corrective action as set forth in \$122.34 and \$146.7.
(3) Operation requirements as set forth in 40 CFR part 146; the permit shall establish any maximum injection volumes and/or pressures necessary to assure that fractures are not initiated in the confining zone, that	44.1.3 Operation requirements as set forth in Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0).  44.1.4 The permit shall establish any maximum injection volumes and	(c) Operation requirements as set forth in Part 146; the permit shall establish any maximum injection volumes and/or pressures necessary to assure that fractures are not initiated in the confining zone, that

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
injected fluids do not migrate into any underground source of drinking water, that formation fluids are not displaced into any underground source of drinking water, and to assure compliance with the part 146 operating requirements.	pressures necessary to assure that fractures are not initiated in the confining zone, that injected fluids do not migrate into any underground source of drinking water, that formation fluids are not displaced into any underground source of drinking water, and to assure compliance with the Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0) operating requirements.	injected fluids do not migrate into any underground source of drinking water, that formation fluids are not displaced into any underground source of drinking water, and to assure compliance with the Part 146 operating requirements.
(4) Requirements for wells managing hazardous waste, as set forth in Sec. 144.14.		
(5) Monitoring and reporting requirements as set forth in 40 CFR part 146. The permittee shall be required to identify types of tests and methods used to generate the monitoring data. For EPA administered programs, monitoring of the nature of injected fluids shall comply with applicable analytical methods cited and described in table I of 40 CFR 136.3 or in appendix III of 40 CFR part 261 or in certain circumstances by other methods that have been approved by the Regional Administrator.	44.1.5 Monitoring and reporting requirements as set forth in Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0). The permittee shall be required to identify types of tests and methods used to generate the monitoring data.	(d) Monitoring and reporting requirements as set forth in Part 146. The permittee shall be required to identify types of tests and methods used to generate the monitoring data.
(6) After a cessation of operations of two years the owner or operator shall plug and abandon the well in accordance with the plan unless he:	44.1.6 After a cessation of operations of six (6) months, the Department may require the owner or operator to plug and abandon the well.	
(i) Provides notice to the Regional		

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Current FED regs Part 144	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Underground Injection Control Program	(Sacoa on the rep regs)	
Administrator;		
(ii) Describes actions or procedures,		
satisfactory to the Regional Administrator,		
that the owner or operator will take to		
ensure that the well will not endanger		
USDWs during the period of temporary		
abandonment. These actions and		
procedures shall include compliance with		
the technical requirements applicable to		
active injection wells unless waived by the		
Regional Administrator.		
(7) Financial responsibility. (i) The permittee, including the transferor of a permit, is required to demonstrate and maintain financial responsibility and resources to close, plug, and abandon the underground injection operation in a manner prescribed by the Director until:	44.1.7 Financial responsibility. 44.1.7.1 The permittee, is required to demonstrate and maintain financial responsibility and resources to close, plug, and abandon the underground injection operation in a manner prescribed by the Department until:	§122.32 Establishing UIC permit conditions  (f) Financial responsibility. The permit shall require the permittee to maintain financial responsibility and resources to close, plug, and abandon the underground injection operation in a manner prescribed by the Secretary. The permittee must show evidence of financial responsibility to the Secretary by submission of surety bond, or other adequate assurance, such as financial statements or other materials acceptable to the Secretary.
(A) The well has been plugged and abandoned in accordance with an approved plugging and abandonment plan pursuant to Sec. Sec. 144.51(o) and 146.10 of this chapter, and submitted a plugging and abandonment report pursuant to Sec. 144.51(p); or	44.1.7.1.1 The well has been plugged and abandoned in accordance with an approved plugging and abandonment plan pursuant to Section 63.0, and submitted a plugging and abandonment report pursuant to Section 63.0;	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(B) The well has been converted in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 144.51(n); or	44.1.7.1.2 The well has been converted in compliance with the requirements of the DNREC's Water Supply Section; or	
(C) The transferor of a permit has received notice from the Director that the owner or operator receiving transfer of the permit, the new permittee, has demonstrated financial responsibility for the well.	44.1.7.1.3 The transferor of a permit has received notice from the Department that the owner or operator receiving transfer of the permit, and the new permittee, has demonstrated financial responsibility for the well.	
(ii) The permittee shall show evidence of such financial responsibility to the Director by the submission of a surety bond, or other adequate assurance, such as a financial statement or other materials acceptable to the Director. For EPA administered programs, the Regional Administrator may on a periodic basis require the holder of a lifetime permit to submit an estimate of the resources needed to plug and abandon the well revised to reflect inflation of such costs, and a revised demonstration of financial responsibility, if necessary. The owner or operator of a well injecting hazardous waste must comply with the financial responsibility requirements of subpart F of this part.	44.1.7.2 The permittee shall demonstrate financial responsibility to the Department by the submission of a surety bond, or other adequate assurance, such as a financial statement or other materials acceptable to the Department.	
(8) Mechanical integrity. A permit for any Class I <del>, II or III</del> well or injection project which lacks mechanical integrity shall	44.1.8 Mechanical integrity. A permit for any Class I well or injection project which lacks mechanical integrity shall	(g) Mechanical integrity. A permit for any Class I well or injection project which lacks mechanical integrity shall include,

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
include, and for any Class V well may include, a condition prohibiting injection operations until the permittee shows to the satisfaction of the Director under Sec. 146.08 that the well has mechanical integrity.	include, and for any Class V well may include, a condition prohibiting injection operations until the permittee shows to the satisfaction of the Department under Section 61.0 that the well has mechanical integrity.	and for any Class V well may include, a condition prohibiting injection operations until the permittee shows to the satisfaction of the Secretary under §146.08 that the well has mechanical integrity.
(9) Additional conditions. The Director shall impose on a case-by-case basis such additional conditions as are necessary to prevent the migration of fluids into underground sources of drinking water.	44.1.9 Additional conditions. The Department may impose on a case-by-case basis such additional conditions as are necessary to prevent the migration of fluids into underground sources of drinking water.	(h) Additional conditions. The Secretary shall impose on a case-by-case basis such additional conditions as are necessary to prevent the migration of fluids into underground sources of drinking water.
(b)(1) In addition to conditions required in all permits the Director shall establish conditions in permits as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and assure compliance with all applicable requirements of the SDWA and parts 144, 145, 146 and 124.	44.2 Additional Permit Requirements. 44.2.1 In addition to conditions required in all permits the Department shall establish conditions in permits as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and assure compliance with all applicable requirements of 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6003; these Regulations; and SDWA and Parts 144, 145, 146 and 124.	
(2) For a State issued permit, an applicable requirement is a State statutory or regulatory requirement which takes effect prior to final administrative disposition of the permit. For a permit issued by EPA, an applicable requirement is a statutory or regulatory requirement (including any interim final regulation) which takes effect prior to the issuance of the permit. Section	44.2.2 When a permit is reopened at the discretion of the Department pursuant to Section 14.0 of these Regulations, an applicable requirement is also any requirement which takes effect prior to the modification or revocation and reissuance of a permit, to the extent allowed in Section 40.0. An applicable requirement is a State	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Carront D I I I I 1050
Underground Injection Control Program	(Sacou of the FED rogo)	
124.14 (reopening of comment period) provides a means for reopening EPA permit proceedings at the discretion of the Director where new requirements become effective during the permitting process and are of sufficient magnitude to make additional proceedings desirable. For State and EPA administered programs, an applicable requirement is also any requirement which takes effect prior to the modification or revocation and reissuance of a permit, to the extent allowed in Sec.	statutory or regulatory requirement which takes effect prior to final administrative disposition of the permit.	
144.39.  (3) New or reissued permits, and to the extent allowed under Sec. 144.39 modified or revoked and reissued permits, shall incorporate each of the applicable requirements referenced in Sec. 144.52.	44.2.3 New or reissued permits, and to the extent allowed under Section 40.0 modified or revoked and reissued permits, shall incorporate each of the applicable requirements referenced in this section.	
(c) Incorporation. All permit conditions shall be incorporated either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to the applicable regulations or requirements must be given in the permit.	44.3 Incorporation. All permit conditions shall be incorporated either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to the applicable regulations or requirements shall be given in the permit.	
	44.4 All owners/operators are required to comply with all permit conditions. Any disputes or discrepancies regarding permit	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	conditions must be resolved prior to initiation of injection activities. Such resolution may result in the issuance of a new permit.	
Sec. 144.53 Schedule of compliance.	Sec. 45.0 Schedule of compliance.	§122.10 Schedules of compliance.
(a) General. The permit may, when appropriate, specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with the SDWA and parts 144, 145, 146, and 124.	45.1 General. The permit may, when appropriate, specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with the SDWA and these Regulations.	(a) General. The permit may, when appropriate, specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with the appropriate Act and regulations.
(1) Time for compliance. Any schedules of compliance shall require compliance as soon as possible, and in no case later than 3 years after the effective date of the permit.	45.1.1 Time for compliance. Any schedules of compliance shall require compliance as soon as possible, and in no case later than one (1) year after the effective date of the permit.	(1) Time for compliance. Any schedules of compliance under this section shall require compliance as soon as possible. It shall be no later than 3 years after the effective date of the permit.
(2) Interim dates. Except as provided in paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section, if a permit establishes a schedule of compliance which exceeds 1 year from the date of permit issuance, the schedule shall set forth interim requirements and the dates for their achievement.	45.1.2 Interim dates. If a permit establishes a schedule of compliance which exceeds three (3) months from the date of permit issuance, the schedule shall set forth interim requirements and the dates for their achievement.	(2) Interim dates. Except as provided in paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section, if a permit establishes a schedule of compliance which exceeds 1 year from the date of permit issuance, the schedule shall set forth interim requirements and the dates for their achievement. The time between interim dates shall not exceed 1 year.
(i) The time between interim dates shall not exceed 1 year.	45.1.2.1 The time between interim dates shall not exceed three (3) months.	(see above)
(ii) If the time necessary for completion of any interim requirement is more than 1 year and is not readily divisible into stages for completion, the permit shall specify	45.1.2.2 If the time necessary for completion of any interim requirement is more than three (3) months and is not readily divisible into stages for	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
interim dates for the submission of reports of progress toward completion of the interim requirements and indicate a projected completion date.	completion, the permit shall specify interim dates for the submission of reports of progress toward completion of the interim requirements and indicate a projected completion date.	
(3) Reporting. The permit shall be written to require that if paragraph (a)(1) of this section is applicable, progress reports be submitted no later than 30 days following each interim date and the final date of compliance.	45.1.3 Reporting. The permit shall be written to require that if subsection 45.1.1 is applicable, progress reports must be submitted no later than 30 days following each interim date and the final date of compliance.	(3) Reporting. A UIC permit shall be written to require that if paragraph (a)(1) of this section is applicable, progress reports be submitted no later than 30 days following each interim date and the final date of compliance.
(b) Alternative schedules of compliance. A permit applicant or permittee may cease conducting regulated activities (by plugging and abandonment) rather than continue to operate and meet permit requirements as follows:	45.2 Alternative schedules of compliance. A permit applicant or permittee may cease conducting regulated activities (by plugging and abandonment) rather than continue to operate and meet permit requirements as follows:	(b) Alternative schedules of compliance. A UIC permit applicant or permittee may cease conducting regulated activities (by plugging and abandonment for UIC) rather than continue to operate and meet permit requirements as follows:
(1) If the permittee decides to cease conducting regulated activities at a given time within the term of a permit which has already been issued:	45.2.1 If the permittee decides to cease conducting regulated activities at a given time within the term of a permit which has already been issued:	(1) If the permittee decides to cease conducting regulated activities at a given time within the term of a permit which has already been issued:
(i) The permit may be modified to contain a new or additional schedule leading to timely cessation of activities; or	45.2.1.1 The permit may be modified to contain a new or additional schedule leading to timely cessation of activities; or	(i) The permit may be modified to contain a new or additional schedule leading to timely cessation of activities; or
(ii) The permittee shall cease conducting	45.2.1.2 The permittee shall	(ii) The permittee shall cease conducting

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
permitted activities before noncompliance with any interim or final compliance schedule requirement already specified in the permit.	cease conducting permitted activities before noncompliance with any interim or final compliance schedule requirement already specified in the permit.	permitted activities before noncompliance with any interim or final compliance schedule requirement already specified in the permit.
(2) If the decision to cease conducting regulated activities is made before issuance of a permit whose term will include the termination date, the permit shall contain a schedule leading to termination which will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements.	45.2.2 If the decision to cease conducting regulated activities is made before issuance of a permit whose term will include the termination date, the permit shall contain a schedule leading to termination which will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements	(2) If the decision to cease conducting regulated activities is made before issuance of a permit whose term will include the termination date, the permit shall contain a schedule leading to termination which will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements no later than the statutory deadline.
(3) If the permittee is undecided whether to cease conducting regulated activities, the Director may issue or modify a permit to contain two schedules as follows:	45.2.3 If the permittee is undecided whether to cease conducting regulated activities, the Department may issue or modify a permit to contain two (2) schedules as follows:	(3) If the permittee is undecided whether to cease conducting regulated activities, the Director may issue or modify a permit to contain two schedules as follows:
(i) Both schedules shall contain an identical interim deadline requiring a final decision on whether to cease conducting regulated activities no later than a date which ensures sufficient time to comply with applicable requirements in a timely manner if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities;	45.2.3.1 Both schedules shall contain an identical interim deadline requiring a final decision on whether to cease conducting regulated activities no later than a date which ensures sufficient time to comply with applicable requirements in a timely manner if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities.	(i) Both schedules shall contain an identical interim deadline requiring a final decision on whether to cease conducting regulated activities no later than a date which ensures sufficient time to comply with applicable requirements in a timely manner if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities;
(ii) One schedule shall lead to timely	45.2.3.2 One schedule shall lead	(ii) One schedule shall lead to timely

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
compliance with applicable requirements;	to timely compliance with applicable requirements.	compliance with applicable requirements no later than the statutory deadline;
(iii) The second schedule shall lead to cessation of regulated activities by a date which will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements;	45.2.3.3 The second schedule shall lead to cessation of regulated activities by a date which will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements.	(iii) The second schedule shall lead to cessation of regulated activities by a date which will ensure timely compliance with applicable requirements no later than the statutory deadline.
(iv) Each permit containing two schedules shall include a requirement that after the permittee has made a final decision under paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section it shall follow the schedule leading to compliance if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities, and follow the schedule leading to termination if the decision is to cease conducting regulated activities.	45.2.3.4 Each permit containing two schedules shall include a requirement that after the permittee has made a final decision under subsection 45.2.3.1, it shall follow the schedule leading to compliance if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities, and follow the schedule leading to termination if the decision is to cease conducting regulated activities.	(iv) Each permit containing two schedules shall include a requirement that after the permittee has made a final decision under paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section it shall follow the schedule leading to compliance if the decision is to continue conducting regulated activities, and follow the schedule leading to termination if the decision is to cease conducting regulated activities.
(4) The applicant's or permittee's decision to cease conducting regulated activities shall be evidenced by a firm public commitment satisfactory to the Director, such as a resolution of the board of directors of a corporation.	45.2.4 The applicant's or permittee's decision to cease conducting regulated activities shall be evidenced by a firm public commitment satisfactory to the Department, such as a resolution of the board of directors of a corporation.	(4) The applicant's or permittee's decision to cease conducting regulated activities shall be evidenced by a firm public commitment satisfactory to the Secretary, such as a resolution of the board of directors of a corporation.
	45.3 The Department may extend the compliance deadline for specific wells for up to one (1) year if the most	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	efficient compliance option for the well is connection to a sanitary sewer or installation of new treatment technology.	
Sec. 144.54 Requirements for recording and reporting of monitoring results.	Sec. 46.0 Requirements for recording and reporting of monitoring results.	§122.11 Requirements for recording and reporting of monitoring results.
All permits shall specify:	46.1 All permits shall specify:	All permits shall specify:
(a) Requirements concerning the proper use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment or methods (including biological monitoring methods when appropriate);	46.1.1 Requirements concerning the proper use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment or methods (including biological monitoring methods when appropriate);	(a) Requirements concerning the proper use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment or methods (including biological monitoring methods when appropriate);
(b) Required monitoring including type, intervals, and frequency sufficient to yield data which are representative of the monitored activity including when appropriate, continuous monitoring;	46.1.2 Requirements concerning the proper use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment or methods (including biological monitoring methods when appropriate);	(b) Required monitoring including type, intervals, and frequency sufficient to data which are representative of the monitored activity including, when appropriate, continuous monitoring;
(c) Applicable reporting requirements based upon the impact of the regulated activity and as specified in part 146. Reporting shall be no less frequent than specified in the above regulations.	46.1.3 Applicable reporting requirements based upon the impact of the regulated activity and as specified in Part 146 (Sections 55.0-70.0). Reporting shall be no less frequent than specified in these regulations.	(c) Applicable reporting requirements based upon the impact of the regulated activity and as specified in Part 146. Reporting shall be no less frequent than specified in the above regulations.
	46.2 Monitoring Reporting	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	(**************************************	
	Unless otherwise specified in	
	the permit, signed reports/forms and	
	field data shall be submitted to the	
	Department at the following address:	
	Department at the following address.	
	Delaware DNREC	
	Groundwater Discharges Section/UIC	
	Program	
	89 Kings Highway	
	Dover, DE 19901	
Sec. 144.55 Corrective action	Sec. 47.0 Corrective action	§122.34 Corrective action
(a) Coverage. Applicants for Class I, H,	47.1 Coverage. Applicants for Class I	(a) Coverage. Applicants for Class I
(other than existing), or III-injection well	injection well permits shall identify the	injection well permits shall identify the
permits shall identify the location of all	location of all known wells within the	location of all known wells within the
known wells within the injection well's		injection well's area of review which
3	injection well's area of review which	· ·
area of review which penetrate the	penetrate the injection zone, and all	penetrate the injection zone. For such wells
injection zone, or in the case of Class II	known wells within the area of review	which are improperly sealed, completed, or
wells operating over the fracture pressure	penetrating formations affected by the	abandoned, the applicant shall also submit
of the injection formation, all known wells	increase in pressure. For such wells	a plan consisting of such steps or
within the area of review penetrating	which are improperly sealed,	modifications as are necessary to prevent
formations affected by the increase in	completed, or abandoned, the	movement of fluid into underground
pressure. For such wells which are	applicant shall also submit a plan	sources of drinking water ("corrective
improperly sealed, completed, or	consisting of such steps or	action"). Where the plan is adequate, the
abandoned, the applicant shall also submit	modifications as are necessary to	Secretary shall incorporate it into the
a plan consisting of such steps or	prevent movement of fluid into	permit as a condition. Where the
modifications as are necessary to prevent	underground sources of drinking water	Secretary's review of an application
movement of fluid into underground	(corrective action plan). Where the	indicates that the permittee's plan is
sources of drinking water (``corrective	plan is adequate, the Department shall	inadequate (based on the factors in
action"). Where the plan is adequate, the	incorporate it into the permit as a	§146.07), the Secretary shall require the
Director shall incorporate it into the permit	condition. Where the Department's	applicant to revise the plan, prescribe a
as a condition. Where the Director's review	review of an application indicates that	plan for corrective action as a condition of
of an application indicates that the	the permittee's plan is inadequate	the permit under paragraph (b) of this

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
permittee's plan is inadequate (based on the factors in Sec. 146.07), the Director shall require the applicant to revise the plan, prescribe a plan for corrective action as a condition of the permit under paragraph (b) of this section, or deny the application. The Director may disregard the provisions of Sec. 146.06 (Area of Review) and Sec. 146.07 (Corrective Action) when reviewing an application to permit an existing Class II well.	(based on the factors in Section 60.0), the Department shall require the applicant to revise the plan, prescribe a plan for corrective action as a condition of the permit under subsection 47.2, or deny the application.	section, or deny the application.
(b) Requirements(1) Existing injection wells. Any permit issued for an existing injection well (other than Class II) requiring corrective action shall include a compliance schedule requiring any corrective action accepted or prescribed under paragraph (a) of this section to be completed as soon as possible.	47.2 Requirements:  47.2.1 Existing injection wells. Any permit issued for an existing injection well requiring corrective action shall include a compliance schedule requiring any corrective action accepted or prescribed under subsection 47.1 to be completed as soon as possible.	
(2) New injection wells. No owner or operator of a new injection well may begin injection until all required corrective action has been taken.	47.2.2 New injection wells. No owner or operator of a new injection well may begin injection until all required corrective action has been taken.	(2) New injection wells. No permit for a new injection well may authorize injection until all required corrective action has been taken.
(3) Injection pressure limitation. The Director may require as a permit condition that injection pressure be so limited that pressure in the injection zone does not exceed hydrostatic pressure at the site of	47.2.3 Injection pressure limitation. The Department may require as a permit condition that injection pressure be so limited that pressure in the injection zone does not exceed	(3) Injection pressure limitation. The Secretary may require as a permit condition that injection pressure be so limited that pressure in the injection zone does not exceed hydrostatic pressure at the

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program any improperly completed or abandoned	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  hydrostatic pressure at the site of any	Current STATE regs site of any improperly completed or
well within the area of review. This pressure limitation shall satisfy the corrective action requirement.  Alternatively, such injection pressure limitation can be part of a compliance schedule and last until all other required corrective action has been taken.	improperly completed or abandoned well within the area of review. This pressure limitation shall satisfy a corrective action requirement.  Alternatively, such injection pressure limitation can be part of a compliance schedule and last until all other required corrective action has been taken.	abandoned well within the area of review. This pressure limitation shall satisfy the corrective action requirement.  Alternatively, such injection pressure limitation can be part of a compliance schedule and last until all other required corrective action has been taken.
(4) Class III wells only. When setting		
corrective action requirements the Director		
shall consider the overall effect of the		
project on the hydraulic gradient in		
potentially affected USDWs, and the		
corresponding changes in potentiometric		
surface(s) and flow direction(s) rather than		
the discrete effect of each well. If a		
decision is made that corrective action is		
not necessary based on the determinations		
above, the monitoring program required in		
Sec. 146.33(b) shall be designed to verify		
the validity of such determinations.  Subpart F Financial Responsibility:		
Class I Hazardous Waste Injection Wells		
[text not shown here]		
Sec. 144.79 General.	Sec. 48.0 General.	
Source: 64 FR 68566, Dec. 7, 1999, unless	COO. TOIO OCHOIGH.	
otherwise noted.		
This subpart tells you what requirements	The requirements described in these	
apply if you own or operate a Class V	regulations are to protect underground	
injection well. You may also be required to	sources of drinking water and are part	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	8
Underground Injection Control Program	307	
follow additional requirements listed in the	of the Underground Injection Control	
rest of this part. Where they may apply,	(UIC) Program established under the	
these other requirements are referenced	Safe Drinking Water Act.	
rather than repeated. The requirements	3	
described in this subpart and elsewhere in		
this part are to protect underground sources		
of drinking water and are part of the		
Underground Injection Control (UIC)		
Program established under the Safe		
Drinking Water Act. This subpart is		
written in a special format to make it easier		
to understand the regulatory requirements.		
Like other EPA regulations, it establishes		
enforceable legal requirements.		
Sec. 144.80 What is a Class V injection		§122.22 Classification of injection wells
well?		(also asked in Fed Sec. 144.6
		Classification of wells.
As described in Sec. 144.6, injection wells		
are classified as follows:		
(a) Class I. (1) Wells used by generators of		(a) Class I
hazardous waste or owners or operators of		(1) Wells used by generators of hazardous
hazardous waste management facilities to		wastes or owners or operators of hazardous
inject hazardous waste beneath the		waste management facilities to inject
lowermost formation containing, within		hazardous waste beneath the lowermost
one-quarter mile of the well bore, an		formation containing within one quarter
underground source of drinking water.		mile of the well bore, an underground
		source of drinking water.
(2) Other industrial and municipal disposal		(2) Other industrial and municipal disposal
wells which inject fluids beneath the		wells which inject fluids beneath the
lowermost formation containing, within		lowermost formation containing, within
one quarter mile of the well bore, an		one quarter mile of the well bore, an
underground source of drinking water;		underground source of drinking water.

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
(3) Radioactive waste disposal wells which		
inject fluids below the lowermost		
formation containing an underground		
source of drinking water within one quarter		
mile of the well bore.		
(b) Class II. Wells which inject fluids:		(b) <u>Class II.</u> – Wells used to inject fluids:
(1) Which are brought to the surface in		(1) Which are brought to the surface in
connection with natural gas storage		connection with conventional oil or natural
operations, or conventional oil or natural		gas production and may be commingled
gas production and may be commingled		with waste waters from gas plants which
with waste waters from gas plants which		are an integral part of production
are an integral part of production		operations, unless those waters are
operations, unless those waters are		classified as a hazardous waste at the time
classified as a hazardous waste at the time		of injection.
of injection.		
(2) For enhanced recovery of oil or natural		(2) For enhanced recovery of oil or natural
gas; and		gas; and
(3) For storage of hydrocarbons which are		(3) For storage of hydrocarbons which are
liquid at standard temperature and		liquid at standard temperature and
pressure.		pressure.
(c) Class III. Wells which inject fluids for		(c) <u>Class III</u> – Wells which inject for
extraction of minerals including:		extraction of minerals or energy, including:
(1) Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;		(1) Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;
(2) In situ production of uranium or other		(2) In situ production of uranium or other
metals; this category includes only in situ		metals;
production from ore bodies which have not		
been conventionally mined. Solution		
mining of conventional mines such as		
stopes leaching is included in Class V.		
(3) Solution mining of salts or potash.		(3) Solution mining of salts or potash.
(d) Class IV. (1) Wells used by generators		(d) <u>Class IV</u> .
of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste,		(1) Wells used by generators of hazardous

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	(**************************************	
by owners and operators of hazardous		wastes or of radioactive wastes, by owners
waste management facilities, or by owners		or operators of hazardous wastes
or operators of radioactive waste disposal		management facilities, or by owners or
sites to dispose of hazardous waste or		operators of radioactive waste disposal
radioactive waste into a formation which		sites to dispose of hazardous wastes or
within one quarter ( $1/4$ ) mile of the well		radioactive wastes into a formation which
contains an underground source of		within one quarter (1/4) mile of the well
drinking water.		contains an underground source of
		drinking water.
(2) Wells used by generators of hazardous		(2) Wells used by generators of hazardous
waste or of radioactive waste, by owners		wastes or of radioactive wastes, by owners
and operators of hazardous waste		or operators of hazardous waste
management facilities, or by owners or		management facilities, or by owners or
operators of radioactive waste disposal		operators of radioactive waste disposal
sites to dispose of hazardous waste or		sites to dispose of hazardous waste or
radioactive waste above a formation which		radioactive waste above a formation which
within one quarter ( $1/4$ ) mile of the well		within one quarter $(1/4)$ mile of the well
contains an underground source of		contains an underground source of
drinking water.		drinking water.
(3) Wells used by generators of hazardous		(3) Wells used by generators of hazardous
waste or owners or operators of hazardous		wastes or owners or operators of hazardous
waste management facilities to dispose of		waste management facilities to dispose of
hazardous waste, which cannot be		hazardous wastes, which cannot be
classified under paragraph (a)(1) or (d)(1)		classified under §122.22(a)(1) or 122.22
and (2) of this section (e.g., wells used to		(d)(1) and (2) (e.g. wells used to dispose of
dispose of hazardous waste into or above a		hazardous wastes into or above a formation
formation which contains an aquifer which		which contains an aquifer which has been
has been exempted pursuant to 40 CFR		exempted pursuant to §146.04).
146.04).		
(e) Class V. Injection wells not included in		(e) <u>Class V</u> – Injection wells not included
Class I, II, III or IV. Typically, Class V		in Class I, II, III, or IV. Class V wells
wells are shallow wells used to place a		include:

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Carron STITE 1055
Underground Injection Control Program	(2000 and 1 = 2 + 0 g o j	
variety of fluids directly below the land		[text not shown here]
surface. However, if the fluids you place in		[
the ground qualify as a hazardous waste		
under the Resource Conservation and		
Recovery Act (RCRA), your well is either		
a Class I or Class IV well, not a Class V		
well. Examples of Class V wells are		
described in Sec. 144.81.		
Sec. 144.81 Does this subpart apply to	Sec. 49.0 Class V Well Applicability	
me?		
This subpart applies to you if you own or	49.1 Sections 49.0-54.0 apply to	
operate a Class V well, for example:	person(s) who own or operate a Class	
	V well (see Section 58.0 for well	
	classes).	
	49.2 The following injection activities	
	are Exempted, Prohibited, Authorized	
	by Rule, Rule Authorized (letter), or	
	require a UIC Permit:	
	49.2.1 <b>Exempted</b> from these UIC	
	Regulations:	
	49.2.1.1 Non-residential on-site	
	wastewater treatment and disposal	
	systems (septics) which are used	
	solely for the disposal of sanitary waste	
	and have the capacity to serve fewer	
	than 20 persons a day [see State of	
	Delaware Regulations Governing the	
	Design, Installation and Operation of	
	On-site Wastewater Treatment and	
	<u>Disposal Systems</u> ];	
	49.2.1.2 Individual/residential	
	home water treatment systems;	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	_
Underground Injection Control Program		
	49.2.1.3 Floor drains that	
	discharge condensate only.	
	49.2.2 <b>Prohibited</b> injection activities:	
	49.2.2.1 Large capacity	
	cesspools;	
	49.2.2.2 Class II, III, IV and VI	
	Injection Wells;	
	49.2.2.3 Motor vehicle waste	
	disposal wells (floor drains) in facilities	
	which perform repairs or maintenance	
	on engines, and are not connected to a	
	POTW or an approved pretreatment	
	unit (See Section 53.0).	
	49.2.2.4 Large capacity on-site	
	wastewater treatment and disposal	
	systems not designed, constructed or	
	installed in accordance with the State	
	of Delaware Regulations Governing	
	the Design, Installation and Operation	
	of On-site Wastewater Treatment and	
	<u>Disposal Systems</u> .	
	49.2.2.5 Storm water structures	
	not designed, constructed or installed	
	in accordance with the State of	
	Delaware Sediment and Stormwater	
	Regulations.	
	49.2.2.6 Any injection activities	
	not authorized by rule, receive a Rule	
	Authorization letter or are permitted are	
	prohibited.	
	49.2.2.7 Injection of hazardous	
	fluids.	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	<u> </u>
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
	49.2.3 Authorized by Rule:	
	49.2.3.1 The following activities	
	are authorized by rule without the need	
	to submit separate documentation or	
	application to the UIC Program.	
	Violations of the UIC Regulations may	
	result in the requirement to obtain a	
	UIC Permit:	
	49.2.3.1.1 Stormwater structures	
	designed, constructed and installed in	
	accordance with State of Delaware	
	Sediment and Stormwater Regulations.	
	49.2.3.1.2 Large capacity on-site	
	wastewater treatment and disposal	
	systems designed, constructed and	
	installed in accordance with the State	
	of Delaware Regulations Governing	
	the Design, Installation and Operation	
	of On-site Wastewater Treatment and	
	<u>Disposal Systems</u> .	
	49.2.3.1.3 Air conditioning return flow	
	wells, which contain no additives and	
	returns the water to the aquifer in	
	which it was withdrawn.	
	49.2.3.1.4 Open-loop geothermal	
	return flow wells.	
	49.2.4 Rule Authorization letter:	
	49.2.4.1 The following activities	
	are Rule Authorized, and separate	
	documentation or application will be	
	required based on the injection activity:	
	49.2.4.1.1 Floor drains not located	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE 10g5
Underground Injection Control Program	(based on the rebridge)	
Charles and injection control i regium	in an engine repair area.	
	49.2.4.1.2 Brine discharges from	
	water treatment systems that treat less	
	than 25,000 GPD of raw water.	
	49.2.4.1.3 Injection wells used to	
	remediate contaminated soil or	
	groundwater when the injection wells	
	are approved as part of a DNREC-	
	approved corrective action or	
	1	
	remediation plan; approved	
	remediation plan must document all	
	injection activities.	
	49.2.5 <b>Permits</b> are required for these	
	injection activities:	
	49.2.5.1 Aquifer Storage and	
	Recovery wells.	
	49.2.5.2 Recharge wells used to	
	replenish the water in an aquifer.	
	49.2.5.3 Remediation projects not	
	conducted with the DNREC Tank	
	Management Section or Site	
	Investigation and Restoration Section.	
	49.2.5.4 Cooling water return	
	wells.	
	49.2.5.5 Experimental injection	
	well technologies;	
	49.2.5.6 Subsidence Control	
	Wells.	
	49.2.5.7 Wick drains that direct	
	fluid downward.	
	49.2.5.8 Lake Level Control wells.	
	49.2.5.9 Dry wells used for the	
	TO.Z.O.O Dry Wells used for the	

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Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
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(00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
injection of wastes into a subsurface	
formation.	
49.2.5.10 Brine discharges from	
water treatment plans that are	
designed to provide 25,000 GPD or	
more of potable water;	
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,	
	49.2.5.10 Brine discharges from water treatment plans that are designed to provide 25,000 GPD or

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	a fluid directly into a USDW which may cause a release of a contaminant in excess of primary drinking water standards.	
(1) Air conditioning return flow wells used to return to the supply aquifer the water used for heating or cooling in a heat pump;	Auth by Rule	(1)(i) Air conditioning return flow wells used to return to the supply aquifer the water used for heating or cooling in a heat pump;
(2) Large capacity cesspools including multiple dwelling, community or regional cesspools, or other devices that receive sanitary wastes, containing human excreta, which have an open bottom and sometimes perforated sides. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential cesspools nor to non residential cesspools which receive solely sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day.	Prohibited	(2)(i) Cesspools including multiple dwelling, community or regional cesspools, or other devices that receive wastes which have an open bottom and sometimes have perforated sides. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential cesspools which receive solely sanitary wastes and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day; §122.22 Classification of injection wells.
(3) Cooling water return flow wells used to inject water previously used for cooling;	Permit	(ii) Cooling water return flow wells used to inject water previously used for cooling;
(4) Drainage wells used to drain surface fluids, primarily storm runoff, into a subsurface formation;		(iii) Drainage wells used to drain surface fluid, primarily storm runoff, into a subsurface formation;
(5) Dry wells used for the injection of wastes into a subsurface formation;	Permit	(3)(i) Dry wells used for the injection of wastes into a subsurface formation;
(6) Recharge wells used to replenish the	Permit	(iv) Recharge wells used to replenish the

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
water in an aquifer;		water in an aquifer;
(7) Salt water intrusion barrier wells used to inject water into a fresh aquifer to prevent the intrusion of salt water into the fresh water;	Permit	(v) Salt water intrusion barrier wells used to inject water into a fresh water aquifer to prevent the intrusion of salt water into the fresh water;
(8) Sand backfill and other backfill wells used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings or other solids into mined out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is a radioactive waste or not.		(ii) Sand backfill and other backfill wells used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings or other solids into mined out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is a radioactive waste or not;
(9) Septic system wells used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential septic system wells, nor to non-residential septic system wells which are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day.	Auth by Rule	(ii) Septic system wells used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential septic system wells, nor to nonresidential septic system wells which are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day;
(10) Subsidence control wells (not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production) used to inject fluids into a non- oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with the overdraft of fresh water;	Permit	(vi) Subsidence control wells (not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production) used to inject fluids into a non- oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with the overdraft of fresh water;

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(11) Injection wells associated with the recovery of geothermal energy for heating, aquaculture and production of electric power;	Permit	(4)(i) Injection wells associated with the recovery of geothermal energy for heating, aquaculture and production of electric power;
(12) Wells used for solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching;		(iv) Wells used for solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching;
(13) Wells used to inject spent brine into the same formation from which it was withdrawn after extraction of halogens or their salts;		(v) Wells used to inject spent brine into the same formation from which it was withdrawn after extraction of halogens or their salts;
(14) Injection wells used in experimental technologies.	Permit	(ii) Injection wells used in experimental technologies.
(15) Injection wells used for in situ recovery of lignite, coal, tar sands, and oil shale.		(vi) Injection wells used for in situ recovery of lignite, coal, tar sands, and oil shale;
(16) Motor vehicle waste disposal wells that receive or have received fluids from vehicular repair or maintenance activities, such as an auto body repair shop, automotive repair shop, new and used car dealership, specialty repair shop (e.g., transmission and muffler repair shop), or any facility that does any vehicular repair work. Fluids disposed in these wells may contain organic and inorganic chemicals in concentrations that exceed the maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) established by the primary drinking water regulations (see 40 CFR part 141). These fluids also may	Prohibited	

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program include waste petroleum products and may contain contaminants, such as heavy metals and volatile organic compounds, which pose risks to human health. Sec. 144.82 What must I do to protect underground sources of drinking water?	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  Sec. 50.0 Protection of underground sources of drinking water	Current STATE regs
If you own or operate any type of Class V well, the regulations below require that you cannot allow movement of fluid into USDWs that might cause endangerment, you must comply with other Federal UIC requirements in 40 CFR parts 144 through 147, and you must comply with any other measures required by your State or EPA Regional Office UIC Program to protect USDWs, and you must properly close your well when you are through using it. You also must submit basic information about your well, as described in Sec. 144.83.	50.1 Owners and operators of Class V injection wells shall not allow the movement of fluids into any USDW that threatens or may threaten the USDW and must comply with Federal and State UIC requirements. Owners and operators of Class V injection wells must properly close the wells upon the completion of injection activities. You also must submit basic information about your well, as described in Section 51.0.	
(a) Prohibition of fluid movement. (1) As described in Sec. 144.12(a), your injection activity cannot allow the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of the primary drinking water standards under 40 CFR part 141, other health based standards, or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. This prohibition applies to your well	50.2 Prohibition of fluid movement.  50.2.1 As described in Section 24.0 the injection activity cannot allow the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of the primary drinking water standards under the State of Delaware Regulations  Governing Public Drinking Water	§122.24 Prohibition of movement of fluid into underground sources of drinking water.

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program construction, operation, maintenance,	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  Systems, or may otherwise adversely	Current STATE regs
conversion, plugging, closure, or any other injection activity.	affect the health of a person or persons. This prohibition applies to well construction, operation, maintenance, conversion, plugging, closure, or any other injection activity.	
(2) If the Director of the UIC Program in your State or EPA Region learns that your injection activity may endanger USDWs, he or she may require you to close your well, require you to get a permit, or require other actions listed in Sec. 144.12(c), (d), or (e).	50.2.2 If the Department learns that an injection activity may endanger one or more USDWs, the Department may require that the well be abandoned or require the owner/operator to obtain a permit or require other actions listed in Section 24.0.	
(b) Closure requirements. You must close the well in a manner that complies with the above prohibition of fluid movement. Also, you must dispose or otherwise manage any soil, gravel, sludge, liquids, or other materials removed from or adjacent to your well in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements.	50.3 Closure/Abandonment requirements. Owners/Operators must close the well in a manner that complies with the above prohibition of fluid movement. Also, Owners/Operators must dispose of or otherwise manage any soil, gravel, sludge, liquids, or other materials removed from or adjacent to the well in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements.	
(c) Other requirements in Parts 144 through 147. Beyond this subpart, you are subject to other UIC Program requirements in 40 CFR parts 144 through 147. While most of the relevant requirements are repeated or referenced in this subpart for	50.4 Class V wells are subject to other UIC Program requirements in these Regulations. Most of the relevant requirements are repeated or referenced in this subpart for convenience.	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	0 332233 72 22 22 23 23
Underground Injection Control Program	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
convenience, you need to read these other		
parts to understand the entire UIC		
Program.		
(d) Other State or EPA requirements. 40		
CFR parts 144 through 147 define		
minimum Federal UIC requirements. EPA		
Regional Offices administering the UIC		
Program have the flexibility to establish		
additional or more stringent requirements		
based on the authorities in parts 144		
through 147, if believed to be necessary to		
protect USDWs. States can have their own		
authorities to establish additional or more		
stringent requirements if needed to protect		
USDWs. You must comply with these		
additional requirements, if any exist in		
your area. Contact the UIC Program		
Director in your State or EPA Region to		
learn more.		
Sec. 144.83 Do I need to notify anyone	Sec. 51.0 Notification	
about my Class V injection well?	Requirements	
Yes, you need to provide basic ``inventory	51.1 At a minimum, Class V injection	
information" about your well to the UIC	well owners/operators must provide	
Director, if you haven't already. You also	inventory information regarding their	
need to provide any additional information	Class V injection well(s) to the	
that your UIC Program Director requests in	Department, within the specified time	
accordance with the provisions of the UIC	period.	
regulations.		
(a) Inventory requirements. Unless you	51.2 Inventory requirements. In	
know you have already satisfied the	accordance with Section 30.0,	
inventory requirements in Sec. 144.26 that	owners/operators of Class V wells are	
were in effect prior to the issuance of this	required to submit information	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Underground Injection Control Program	(based off the FED regs)	
Subpart G, you must give your UIC	regarding the injection activities, in	
Program Director certain information	accordance with these regulations.	
about yourself and your injection	accordance with these regulations.	
operation.		
Note: This information is requested on		
national form ``Inventory of Injection		
Wells," OMB No. 2040-0042.		
(1) The requirements differ depending on your well status and location, as described		
in the following table: {table text not shown here}		
(2) If your well is in a Primacy State or a		
DI Program State, here is the information		
you must submit:	E4.2. Dequired information shall	
(i) No matter what type of Class V well	51.3 Required information shall	
you own or operate, you must submit at	include, but is not limited to, the	
least the following information for each	following: Owners/operators of all	
Class V well: facility name and location;	types of Class V wells must submit at	
name and address of legal contact;	least the following information for each	
ownership of facility; nature and type of	Class V well: facility name and location	
injection well(s); and operating status of	(including tax parcel number and	
injection well(s).	latitude and longitude); name, phone	
	number, physical or street address and	
	mailing address of legal contact;	
	ownership of facility; nature and type of	
	injection well(s); and operating status	
	of injection well(s). Providing this	
	information does not preclude the need	
	for a Fact Sheet as set forth in Section	
	9.0.	
(ii) Additional information. If you are in a		
Direct Implementation State and you own		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
- Contract of the contract of		Current STATE legs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
or operate a well listed below you must		
also provide the information listed in		
paragraph (a) (2) (iii) as follows: {text		
from both sections not shown}		
Sec. 144.84 Do I need to get a permit?	Sec. 52.0 Permit Applicability	
No, unless you fall within an exception	52.1 Class V wells may be Rule	
described below:	Authorized or approved by permit. The	
	following Sections explain the	
	conditions under which a Class V	
	injection well may receive a Rule	
	Authorization letter or approved by	
	permit	
(a) General authorization by rule. With	52.2 General Rule Authorization	
certain exceptions listed in paragraph (b)	letter. A Class V injection activity, such	
of this section, your Class V injection	as those listed in Section 49.0, may be	
activity is ``authorized by rule," meaning	Rule Authorized, meaning the	
you have to comply with all the	owner/operator must comply with all	
requirements of this subpart and the rest of	the requirements of this subpart and	
the UIC Program but you don't have to get	the rest of the UIC Program, but an	
an individual permit. Well authorization	individual permit is not required. Well	
expires once you have properly closed	rule authorization letters are terminated	
your well, as described in Sec. 144.82(b).	upon proper well abandonment, as	
	described in subsection 50.2.	
(b) Circumstances in Which Permits or	52.3 Circumstances in which permits	
	·	
other Actions are Required. If you fit into	or other actions are required. An	
one of the categories listed below <del>, your</del>	owner/operator performing one of the	
Class V well is no longer authorized by	activities listed below must either	
rule. This means that you have to either get	obtain a permit or close the injection	
a permit or close your injection well. You	well.	
can find out by contacting the UIC		
Program Director in your State or EPA		
Region if this is the case. Subpart D of this		

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program Part tells you how to apply for a permit and describes other aspects of the permitting process. Subpart E of this Part outlines some of the requirements that apply to you if you get a permit.  (1) You fail to comply with the prohibition of fluid movement standard in Sec. 144.12(a) and described in Sec. 144.82(a) (in which case, you have to get a permit, close your well, and/or comply with other	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)  52.3.1 Any Class V injection activity that is found to be out of compliance with a Rule Authorization letter;	Current STATE regs
conditions determined by the UIC Program Director in your State or EPA Region);  (2) You own or operate a Class V large-capacity cesspool (in which case, you must close your well as specified in the additional requirements below) or a Class V motor vehicle waste disposal well in a ground water protection area or sensitive ground water area (in which case, you must either close your well or get a permit as specified in the additional requirements in this subsection). New motor vehicle waste disposal wells and new cesspools are prohibited as of April 5, 2000;	52.3.2 Own or operate a Class V large-capacity cesspool (in which case, the owner/operator must close the well as specified in the additional requirements in subsection 53.1); new cesspools are prohibited;	
1 -77	52.3.3 Own or operate an Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR) well.	
	52.3.4 Own or operate a Class V well that discharges through a USDW.	
(3) You are specifically required by the UIC Program Director in your State or	52.3.5 The owner/operator is specifically required by the Department	

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Comment EED	Drange of Ctata rage	Comment CTATE
Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
EPA Region to get a permit (in which case,	to obtain a permit, or the	
rule authorization expires upon the	owner/operator is prohibited from	
effective date of the permit issued, or you	injecting into the well upon:	
are prohibited from injecting into your well	, ,	
upon:		
(i) Failure to submit a permit application in	52.3.5.1 Failure to submit a permit	
a timely manner as specified in a notice	application in a timely manner as	
from the Director; or	specified in a notice from the	
Hom the Director, or		
	Department; or	
(*) II	50.05.0	
(ii) Upon the effective date of permit	52.3.5.2 Upon the effective date of	
denial);	permit denial;	
(4) You have failed to submit inventory	52.3.6 The owner/operator has failed	
information to your UIC Program Director,	to submit inventory information to the	
as described in Sec. 144.83(a) (in which	Department, as described in Section	
case, you are prohibited from injecting into	51.0 (in which case, the	
your well until you comply with the	owner/operator is prohibited from	
inventory requirements); or	injecting into the well until the inventory	
	requirements are met).	
	52.3.7 Any Class V injection well that	
	has not received a Rule Authorization	
	letter.	
(5) If you are in a DI Chata and according	ICHCI.	
(5) If you are in a DI State and you		
received a request from your UIC Program		
Director for additional information under		
Sec. 144.83(b), and have failed to comply		
with the request in a timely manner (in		
which case, you are prohibited from		
injecting into your well until you get a		
<del>permit).</del>		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
Additional Requirements for Class V		
Large-Capacity Cesspools and Motor		
Vehicle Waste Disposal Wells		
Sec. 144.85 Do these additional		
requirements apply to me?		
(a) Large-Capacity Cesspools. The		
additional requirements apply to all new		
and existing large-capacity cesspools		
regardless of their location. If you are		
using a septic system for these type of		
wastes you are not subject to the additional		
requirements in this subpart.		
(b) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Wells		
Existing on April 5, 2000. If you have a		
Class V motor vehicle waste disposal well		
these requirements apply to you if your		
well is located in a ground water protection		
area or other sensitive ground water area		
that is identified by your State or EPA		
Region. If your State or EPA Region fails		
to identify ground water protection areas		
and/or other sensitive ground water areas		
these requirements apply to all Class V		
motor vehicle wells in the State.		
(c) New Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal		
Wells. The additional requirements apply		
to all new motor vehicle waste disposal		
wells as of April 5, 2000.		
Sec. 144.86 What are the definitions I		
need to know?		
(a) State Drinking Water Source		
Assessment and Protection Program. This		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
is a new approach to protecting drinking		
water sources, specified in the 1996		
Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water		
Act at Section 1453. States must prepare		
and submit for EPA approval a program		
that sets out how States will conduct local		
assessments, including: delineating the		
boundaries of areas providing source		
waters for public water systems;		
identifying significant potential sources of		
contaminants in such areas; and		
determining the susceptibility of public		
water systems in the delineated areas to the		
inventoried sources of contamination.		
(b) Complete Local Source Water		
Assessment for Ground Water Protection		
Areas. When EPA has approved a State's		
Drinking Water Source Assessment and		
Protection Program, States will begin to		
conduct local assessments for each public		
water system in their State. For the		
purposes of this rule, local assessments for		
community water systems and non-		
transient non-community systems are		
complete when four requirements are met:		
First, a State must delineate the boundaries		
of the assessment area for community and		
non-transient non-community water		
systems. Second, the State must identify		
significant potential sources of		
contamination in these delineated areas.		
Third, the State must ``determine the		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Č
Underground Injection Control Program	•	
susceptibility of community and non-		
transient non-community water systems in		
the delineated area to such contaminants."		
Lastly, each State will develop its own		
plan for making the completed assessments		
available to the public.		
(c) Ground Water Protection Area. A		
ground water protection area is a		
geographic area near and/or surrounding		
community and non-transient non-		
community water systems that use ground		
water as a source of drinking water. These		
areas receive priority for the protection of		
drinking water supplies and States are		
required to delineate and assess these areas		
under section 1453 of the Safe Drinking		
Water Act. The additional requirements in		
Sec. 144.88 apply to you if your Class V		
motor vehicle waste disposal well is in a		
ground water protection area for either a		
community water system or a non-transient		
non-community water system, in many		
States, these areas will be the same as		
Wellhead Protection Areas that have been		
or will be delineated as defined in section		
1428 of the SDWA.		
(d) Community Water System. A		
community water system is a public water		
system that serves at least 15 service		
connections used by year-round residents		
or regularly serves at least 25 year-round		
residents.		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
(e) Non-transient Non-community Water		
System. A public water system that is not a		
community water system and that regularly		
serves at least 25 of the same people over		
six months a year. These may include		
systems that provide water to schools, day		
care centers, government/military		
installations, manufacturers, hospitals or		
nursing homes, office buildings, and other		
facilities.		
(f) Delineation. Once a State's Drinking		
Water Source Assessment and Protection		
Program is approved, the States will begin		
delineating their local assessment areas.		
Delineation is the first step in the		
assessment process in which the		
boundaries of ground water protection		
areas are identified.		
(g) Other Sensitive Ground Water Areas.		
States may also identify other areas in the		
State in addition to ground water		
protection areas that are critical to		
protecting underground sources of drinking water from contamination. These other		
sensitive ground water areas may include		
areas such as areas overlying sole-source		
aquifers; highly productive aquifers		
supplying private wells; continuous and		
highly productive aquifers at points distant		
from public water supply wells; areas		
where water supply aquifers are recharged;		
karst aquifers that discharge to surface		
Karst aquitors that discharge to surface		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Č
Underground Injection Control Program	0 /	
reservoirs serving as public water supplies;		
vulnerable or sensitive hydrogeologic		
settings, such as glacial outwash deposits,		
eolian sands, and fractured volcanic rock;		
and areas of special concern selected based		
on a combination of factors, such as		
hydrogeologic sensitivity, depth to ground		
water, significance as a drinking water		
source, and prevailing land-use practices.		
Sec. 144.87 How does the identification		
of ground water protection areas and		
other sensitive ground water areas affect		
me?		
(a) You are subject to these new		
requirements if you own or operate an		
existing motor vehicle well and you are		
located in a ground water protection area		
or an other sensitive ground water area. If		
your State or EPA Region fails to identify		
these areas within the specified time		
frames these requirements apply to all		
existing motor vehicle waste disposal wells		
within your State.		
(b) Ground Water Protection Areas. (1)		
For the purpose of this subpart, States are		
required to complete all local source water		
assessments for ground water protection		
areas by January 1, 2004. Once a local		
assessment for a ground water protection		
area is complete every existing motor		
vehicle waste disposal well owner in that		
ground water protection area has one year		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
to-close the well or receive a permit. If a		
State fails to complete all local		
assessments for ground water protection		
areas by January 1, 2004, the following		
may occur:		
(i) The new requirements in this subpart		
will apply to all existing motor vehicle		
waste disposal wells in the State and		
owners and operators of motor vehicle		
waste disposal wells located outside of		
completed assessments for ground water		
protection areas must close their well or		
receive a permit by January 1, 2005.		
(ii) EPA may grant a State an extension for		
up to one year from the January 1, 2004		
deadline if the State is making reasonable		
progress in completing the source water		
assessments for ground water protection		
areas. States must apply for the extension		
by June 1, 2003. If a State fails to complete		
the assessments for the remaining ground		
water protection areas by the extended date		
the rule requirements will apply to all		
motor vehicle waste disposal wells in the		
State and owners and operators of motor		
vehicle waste disposal wells located		
outside of ground water protection areas		
with completed assessments must close		
their well or receive a permit by January 1,		
<del>2006.</del>		
(2) The UIC Program Director may extend		
the compliance deadline for specific motor		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
vehicle waste disposal wells for up to one		
year if the most efficient compliance		
option for the well is connection to a		
sanitary sewer or installation of new		
treatment technology.		
(c) Other Sensitive Ground Water Areas.		
States may also delineate other sensitive		
ground water areas by January 1, 2004.		
Existing motor vehicle waste disposal well		
owners and operators within other		
sensitive ground water areas have until		
January 1, 2007 to receive a permit or		
close the well. If a State or EPA Region		
fails to identify these additional sensitive		
ground water areas by January 1, 2004, the		
new requirements of this rule will apply to		
all motor vehicle waste disposal wells in		
the State effective January 1, 2007 unless		
they are subject to a different compliance		
date pursuant to paragraph (b) of this		
section. Again, EPA may extend the		
January 1, 2004 deadline for up to one year		
for States to delineate other sensitive		
ground water areas if the State is making		
reasonable progress in identifying the		
sensitive areas. States must apply for this		
extension by June 1, 2003. If a State has		
been granted an extension, existing motor		
vehicle waste disposal well owners and		
operators within the sensitive ground water		
areas have until January 1, 2008 to close		
the well or receive a permit, unless they		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	0 /	
are subject to a different compliance date		
pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section. If		
a State has been granted an extension and		
fails to delineate sensitive areas by the		
extended date, the rule requirements will		
apply to all motor vehicle waste disposal		
wells in the State and owners and operators		
have until January 1, 2008 to close the well		
or receive a permit, unless they are subject		
to a different compliance date pursuant to		
paragraph (b) of this section.		
(d) How to Find Out if Your Well is in a		
Ground Water Protection Area or Sensitive		
Ground Water Area. States are required to		
make their local source water assessments		
widely available to the public through a		
variety of methods after the assessments		
are complete. You can find out if your		
Class V well is in a ground water		
protection area by contacting the State		
agency responsible for the State Drinking		
Water Source Assessment and Protection		
Program in your area. You may call the		
Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426		
4791 to find out who to call in your State		
for this information. The State office		
responsible for implementing the Drinking		
Water Source Assessment and Protection		
Program makes the final and official		
determination of boundaries for ground		
water protection areas. Because States that		
choose to delineate other sensitive ground		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program	,	
water areas are also required to make the		
information on these areas accessible to the		
public, they may do so in a manner similar		
to the process used by the States in		
publicizing the EPA approved Drinking		
Water Source Assessment and Protection		
Program. You can find out if your Class V		
well is in an other sensitive ground water		
area by contacting the State or Federal		
agency responsible for the Underground		
Injection Control Program. You may call		
the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-		
426 4791 to find out who to call for		
information.		
(e) Changes in the Status of the EPA		
Approved State Drinking Water Source		
Assessment and Protection Program. After		
January 1, 2004 your State may assess a		
ground water protection area for ground		
water supplying a new community water		
system or a new non-transient non-		
community water system that includes		
your Class V injection well. Also, your		
State may officially re-delineate the		
boundaries of a previously delineated		
ground water protection area to include		
additional areas that includes your motor		
vehicle waste disposal well. This would		
make the additional regulations apply to		
you if your motor vehicle waste disposal		
well is in such an area. The additional		
regulations start applying to you one year		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	C
Underground Injection Control Program		
after the State completes the local		
assessment for the ground water protection		
area for the new drinking water system or		
the new re-delineated area. The UIC		
Program Director responsible for your area		
may extend this deadline for up to one year		
if the most efficient compliance option for		
the well is connection to a sanitary sewer		
or installation of new treatment		
technology.		
(f) What Happens if My State Doesn't		
Designate Other Sensitive Ground Water		
Areas? If your State or EPA Region elects		
not to delineate the additional sensitive		
ground water areas, the additional		
regulations apply to you regardless of the		
location of your well by January 1, 2007,		
or January 2008 if an extension has been		
granted as explained in paragraph (c) of		
this section, except for wells in ground		
water protection areas which are subject to		
different compliance deadlines explained		
in paragraph (b) of this section.		
(g) [Reserved]		
(h) Application of Requirements Outside		
of Ground Water Protection Areas and		
Sensitive Ground Water Areas. EPA		
expects and strongly encourages States to		
use existing authorities in the UIC program		
to take whatever measures are needed to		
ensure Class V wells are not endangering		
USDWs in any other areas outside of		

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program delineated ground water protection areas and sensitive ground water areas. Such measures could include, if believed to be necessary by a UIC Program Director, applying the additional requirements below to other areas and/or other types of Class V wells. Therefore, the Director may apply the additional requirements to you, even if you are not located in the areas listed in paragraph (a) of this section.	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Sec. 144.88 What are the additional requirements?	Sec. 53.0 Additional Requirements	
Additional Requirements for Large- Capacity Cesspools Statewide	53.1 Additional Requirements for Large-Capacity Cesspools Statewide	
[table not shown]	53.1.1 At least 30 days prior to closure, the owner/operator must notify the UIC Program Manager of their intent to close the well.	
	53.1.2 Cesspools are to be properly abandoned in accordance with these Regulations, the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells, and the Regulations Governing the Design, Installation and Operation of On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems.	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	Current STATE 10gs
Underground Injection Control Program	(based off the FED regs)	
Onderground injection Control Flogram	53.1.3 All existing Large-	
	1 3 3	
	Capacity Cesspools are to be	
	abandoned, in accordance with the	
	State of Delaware Regulations	
	Governing the Design, Installation and	
	Operation of On-Site Wastewater	
	Treatment and Disposal Systems. See	
	Section 54.0 regarding proper	
	abandonment of a Class V well.	
Additional Requirements for Motor	53.2 Additional Requirements for	
Vehicle Waste Disposal Wells	Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Wells	
	'	
[table not shown]		
	53.2.1 Motor vehicle waste	
	disposal wells (or drains) are	
	prohibited.	
	53.2.2 See Section 54.0	
	regarding proper abandonment of a	
	Class V Well. The Department may	
	extend the compliance deadline for	
	•	
	specific motor vehicle waste disposal	
	wells if the most efficient compliance	
	option for the well is connection to a	
	sanitary sewer within six (6) months.	
If you receive a permit, you must comply		
with all permit conditions, if you choose to		
keep operating your well, including		
requirements to meet MCLs and other		
health based standards at the point of		
injection, follow best management		
practices (BMPs), and monitor your		

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Current FED regs Part 144 Underground Injection Control Program	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
injectate and sludge quality.		
Sec. 144.89 How do I close my Class V injection well?	Sec. 54.0 Closure/Abandonment of Class V Injection Wells	
The following describes the requirements for closing your Class V injection well.	54.1 The following describes the requirements for properly abandoning Class V injection wells.	
(a) Closure. (1) Prior to closing a Class V large-capacity cesspool or motor vehicle waste disposal well, you must plug or otherwise close the well in a manner that complies with the prohibition of fluid movement standard in Sec. 144.12 and summarized in Sec. 144.82(a). If the UIC Program Director in your State or EPA Region has any additional or more specific closure standards, you have to meet those standards too. You also must dispose or otherwise manage any soil, gravel, sludge, liquids, or other materials removed from or adjacent to your well in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements, as in Sec. 144.82(b).	54.2.1 Prior to closing a Class V injection well, the owner/operator must plug or otherwise close the well in a manner that complies with the prohibition of fluid movement standard in Section 24.0 and summarized in Section 50.0. If the Department has any additional or more specific closure standards, the owner/operator must also meet those standards. The owner/operator also must dispose of or otherwise manage any soil, gravel, sludge, liquids, or other materials removed from or adjacent to the well in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements, as in Section 50.0. All well abandonment must meet the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells.	
(2) Closure does not mean that you need to cease operations at your facility, only that you need to close your well. A number of	54.2.2 Closure/abandonment does not mean that operations must cease at the facility, only that the injection	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	, and the second
Underground Injection Control Program	·	
alternatives are available for disposing of	well(s) must be closed.	
waste fluids. Examples of alternatives that	, ,	
may be available to motor vehicle stations		
include: recycling and reusing wastewater		
as much as possible; collecting and		
recycling petroleum-based fluids, coolants,		
and battery acids drained from vehicles;		
washing parts in a self-contained,		
recirculating solvent sink, with spent		
solvents being recovered and replaced by		
the supplier; using absorbents to clean up		
minor leaks and spills, and placing the		
used materials in approved waste		
containers and disposing of them properly;		
using a wet vacuum or mop to pick up		
accumulated rain or snow melt, and if		
allowed, connecting floor drains to a		
municipal sewer system or holding tank,		
and if allowed, disposing of the holding		
tank contents through a publicly owned		
treatment works. You should check with		
the publicly owned treatment works you		
might use to see if they would accept your		
wastes. Alternatives that may be available		
to owners and operators of a large-capacity		
cesspool include: conversion to a septic		
system; connection to sewer; and		
installation of an on-site treatment unit.	0 5000	
(b) Conversions. In limited cases, the UIC	See 53.2.3	
Director may authorize the conversion		
(reclassification) of a motor vehicle waste		
disposal well to another type of Class V		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 144	(based on the FED regs)	
Underground Injection Control Program		
well. Motor vehicle wells may only be		
converted if: all motor vehicle fluids are		
segregated by physical barriers and are not		
allowed to enter the well; and, injection of		
motor vehicle waste is unlikely based on a		
facility's compliance history and records		
showing proper waste disposal. The use of		
a semi-permanent plug as the means to		
segregate waste is not sufficient to convert		
a motor vehicle waste disposal well to		
another type of Class V well.		
END OF PART 144		

Current FED regs Part 145	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Part 145 – State UIC Program Requirements	Part 146 – UIC Program: Criteria and Standards - Sections 55.0-70.0	

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Part 146 –UIC Program: Criteria and Standards		
Sec. 146.1 Applicability and scope.	Sec. 55.0 Applicability and scope.	§146.01 Applicability and scope.
(a) This part sets forth technical criteria and standards for the Underground Injection Control Program. This part should be read in conjunction with 40 CFR parts 124, 144, and 145, which also apply to UIC programs. 40 CFR part 144 defines the regulatory framework of EPA administered permit programs. 40 CFR part 145 describes the elements of an approvable State program and procedures for EPA approval of State participation in the permit programs. 40 CFR part 124 describes the procedures the Agency will use for issuing permits under the covered programs. Certain of these procedures will also apply to State-administered programs as specified in 40 CFR part 145.	55.1 This Part or Sections 55.0- 70.0 set forth technical criteria and standards for the Underground Injection Control Program.	(a) This Part set forth technical criteria and standards for the Underground Injection Control Program. This part should be read in conjunction with Parts 122, and 124. Part 122 defines the regulatory framework of State administered permit programs. Part 124 describes the procedures the Agency will use for issuing permits under the program.
(b) Upon the approval, partial approval or promulgation of a State UIC program by the Administrator, any underground injection which is not authorized by the Director by rule or by permit is unlawful.  Sec. 146.2 Law authorizing these	55.2 Any underground injection which is not authorized by rule, receives a Rule Authorized letter or issued a written Permit by the Department, is unlawful.  Section 56.0 Law authorizing these	(b) Upon the approval of a State UIC program by the Administrator, any underground injection which is not authorized by the Secretary by rule or by permit is unlawful.
regulations.	regulations.	
The Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C.	Title 7 <b>Del.C.</b> §6003 authorizes these	
300f et seq. authorizes these regulations	Regulations and all other UIC program	
and all other UIC program regulations	regulations referenced in Sections	
referenced in 40 CFR part 144. Certain	55.0-70.0	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
regulations relating to the injection of		
hazardous waste are also authorized by the		
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act,		
42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.		
Sec. 146.3 Definitions.		
The following definitions apply to the		
underground injection control program.		
[text not shown here]		
Sec. 146.4 Criteria for exempted	Section 57.0 Criteria for exempted	§146.04 Criteria for exempted aquifers.
aquifers.	aquifers.	
An aquifer or a portion thereof which	57.1 An aquifer or a portion thereof	An aquifer or a portion thereof which
meets the criteria for an ``underground	which meets the definition for an	meets the criteria for an "underground
source of drinking water" in Sec. 146.3	"underground source(s) of drinking	source of drinking water" in §122.3 may
may be determined under 40 CFR 144.8 to be an ``exempted aquifer" if it meets the	water" in Section 4.0 may be	be determined under §122.25 to be an "exempted aquifer" if it meets the
following criteria:	determined to be an "exempted	following criteria:
Tollowing Criteria.	aquifer" if it meets the following criteria:	Tonowing Criteria.
(a) It does not currently serve as a source	57.2 It does not currently serve as a	(a) It does not currently serve as a source
of drinking water; and	source of drinking water;	of drinking water; and
(b) It cannot now and will not in the future	57.3 It cannot now and will not in the	(b) It cannot now and will not be in the
serve as a source of drinking water	future serve as a source of drinking	future serve as a source of drinking water
because:	water because:	because:
(1) It is mineral, hydrocarbon or		
geothermal energy producing, or can be		
demonstrated by a permit applicant as part		
of a permit application for a Class II or III		
operation to contain minerals or		
hydrocarbons that considering their		
quantity and location are expected to be		

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
commercially producible.  (2) It is situated at a depth or location which makes recovery of water for drinking water purposes economically or technologically impractical;	57.3.1 It is situated at a depth or location which makes recovery of water for drinking water purposes economically or technologically impractical; or	(1) It is situated at a depth or location which makes recovery of water for drinking water purposes economically or technologically impractical;
(3) It is so contaminated that it would be economically or technologically impractical to render that water fit for human consumption; or	57.3.2 It is so contaminated that it would be economically or technologically impractical to render that water fit for human consumption;	(2) It is so contaminated that it would be economically or technologically impractical to render that water fit for human consumption; or
(4) It is located over a Class III well mining area subject to subsidence or catastrophic collapse; or		
(c) The total dissolved solids content of the ground water is more than 3,000 and less than 10,000 mg/l and it is not reasonably expected to supply a public water system.	57.4 The total dissolved solids content of the Groundwater is more than 3,000 mg/L and less than 10,000 mg/L and it is not reasonably expected to supply a public water system; and	(c) The Total Dissolved Solids content of the ground water is more than 3,000 and less than 10,000 mg/l and it is not reasonably expected to supply a public water system.
	57.5 A major aquifer exemption has been approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.	
Sec. 146.5 Classification of injection wells.	Section 58.0 Classification of injection wells.	§122.22 Classification of injection wells.
Injection wells are classified as follows:	58.1 Injection wells are classified as follows: [note: some of these types of wells are prohibited in Delaware, including all Class II, III, IV, and VI injection wells]	The following classifications apply to Parts 122 and 146:

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
(a) Class I. (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one quarter (\1/4\) mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	58.2 Class I. 58.2.1 Wells used by generators, owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost aquifer containing, within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	(a) <u>Class I</u> (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to inject hazardous waste beneath the lowermost formation containing within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.
(2) Other industrial and municipal disposal wells which inject fluids beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	58.2.2 Industrial and domestic disposal wells which inject fluids beneath the lowermost aquifer containing, within one-quarter (1/4) mile radius of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.	(2) Other industrial and municipal disposal wells which inject fluids beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.
(3) Radioactive waste disposal wells which inject fluids below the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water within one quarter mile of the well bore.		
(b) Class II. Wells which inject fluids:	58.3 Class II {prohibited}. Wells which inject fluids:	(b) <u>Class II.</u> – Wells used to inject fluids:
(1) Which are brought to the surface in connection with conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of production	58.3.1 Which are brought to the surface in connection with conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of	(1) Which are brought to the surface in connection with conventional oil or natural gas production and may be commingled with waste waters from gas plants which are an integral part of production

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Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection.	operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection.
58.3.2 For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas.	(2) For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas; and
58.3.3 For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.	(3) For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.
58.4 Class III {prohibited}. Wells which inject for extraction of minerals including:	(c) <u>Class III</u> – Wells which inject for extraction of minerals or energy, including:
58.4.1 Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;	(1) Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;
58.4.2 In situ production of uranium or other metals. This category includes only in-situ production from ore bodies which have not been conventionally mined. Solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching is included in Class V.	(2) In situ production of uranium or other metals;
58.4.3 Solution mining of salts or potash.	(3) Solution mining of salts or potash.
58.5 Class IV {prohibited}.  58.5.1 Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive	(d) <u>Class IV</u> . (1) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or of radioactive wastes, by owners or operators of hazardous wastes management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive
	production operations, unless those waters are classified as a hazardous waste at the time of injection.  58.3.2 For enhanced recovery of oil or natural gas.  58.3.3 For storage of hydrocarbons which are liquid at standard temperature and pressure.  58.4 Class III {prohibited}. Wells which inject for extraction of minerals including:  58.4.1 Mining of sulfur by the Frasch process;  58.4.2 In situ production of uranium or other metals. This category includes only in-situ production from ore bodies which have not been conventionally mined. Solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching is included in Class V.  58.4.3 Solution mining of salts or potash.  58.5 Class IV {prohibited}.

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste into a formation which within one quarter (\1/4\) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.	hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste into a formation which contains an underground source of drinking water within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well.	waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous wastes or radioactive wastes into a formation which within one quarter (1/4) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.
(2) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation which within one quarter (1/4) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.	58.5.2 Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or of radioactive waste, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation which contains an underground source of drinking water within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well	(2) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or of radioactive wastes, by owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities, or by owners or operators of radioactive waste disposal sites to dispose of hazardous waste or radioactive waste above a formation which within one quarter (1/4) mile of the well contains an underground source of drinking water.
(3) Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to dispose of hazardous waste, which cannot be classified under Sec. 146.05(a)(1) or Sec. 146.05(d)(1) and (2) (e.g., wells used to dispose of hazardous wastes into or above a formation which contains an aquifer which has been exempted pursuant to Sec. 146.04).	58.5.3 Wells used by generators of hazardous waste or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to dispose of hazardous waste, which cannot be classified under this Section (e.g., wells used to dispose of hazardous wastes into or above a formation which contains an aquifer which has been exempted pursuant to Section 57.0).	(3) Wells used by generators of hazardous wastes or owners or operators of hazardous waste management facilities to dispose of hazardous wastes, which cannot be classified under §122.22(a)(1) or 122.22 (d)(1) and (2) (e.g. wells used to dispose of hazardous wastes into or above a formation which contains an aquifer which has been exempted pursuant to §146.04).
(e) Class V. Injection wells not included in Class I, II, III, or IV. Specific types of	58.6 Class V. Injection wells not included in Class I, II, III, IV or VI.	(e) <u>Class V</u> – Injection wells not included in Class I, II, III, or IV. Class V wells

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
Class V injection wells are also described in 40 CFR 144.81. Class V wells include:	Typically, Class V wells are shallow wells used to place a variety of fluids directly below the land surface. However, if the fluids placed in the ground qualify as a hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), the well is either a Class I or Class IV well, not a Class V well. Examples of Class V wells include, but are not limited to:	include:
(1) Air conditioning return flow wells used to return to the supply aquifer the water used for heating or cooling in a heat pump;	58.6.1 Air conditioning return flow wells used to return to the supply aquifer the water used for heating or cooling in a heat pump.	(1)(i) Air conditioning return flow wells used to return to the supply aquifer the water used for heating or cooling in a heat pump;
(2) Cesspools including multiple dwelling, community or regional cesspools, or other devices that receive wastes which have an open bottom and sometimes have perforated sides. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential cesspools nor to non-residential cesspools which receive solely sanitary wastes and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day.	See 58.5.7	(2)(i) Cesspools including multiple dwelling, community or regional cesspools, or other devices that receive wastes which have an open bottom and sometimes have perforated sides. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential cesspools which receive solely sanitary wastes and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day;
(3) Cooling water return flow wells used to inject water previously used for cooling;	58.6.2 Cooling water return flow wells used to inject water previously used for cooling, which contain no additives.	(ii) Cooling water return flow wells used to inject water previously used for cooling;
(4) Drainage wells used to drain surface fluid, primarily storm runoff, into a subsurface formation;	58.6.3 Drainage wells used to discharge or inject surface fluid, primarily storm runoff, directly into a	(iii) Drainage wells used to drain surface fluid, primarily storm runoff, into a subsurface formation;

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	USDW.	
(5) Dry wells used for the injection of wastes into a subsurface formation;		(3)(i) Dry wells used for the injection of wastes into a subsurface formation;
(6) Recharge wells used to replenish the water in an aquifer;	58.6.4 Recharge wells used to replenish the water in an aquifer.	(iv) Recharge wells used to replenish the water in an aquifer;
(7) Salt water intrusion barrier wells used to inject water into a fresh water aquifer to prevent the intrusion of salt water into the fresh water;	58.6.5 Salt water intrusion barrier wells used to inject potable water into a fresh water aquifer to prevent the intrusion of salt water into the fresh water.	(v) Salt water intrusion barrier wells used to inject water into a fresh water aquifer to prevent the intrusion of salt water into the fresh water;
(8) Sand backfill and other backfill wells used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings or other solids into mined out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is a radioactive waste or not.	58.6.6 Sand backfill and other backfill wells used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings or other solids into mined-out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is a radioactive waste or not.	(ii) Sand backfill and other backfill wells used to inject a mixture of water and sand, mill tailings or other solids into mined out portions of subsurface mines whether what is injected is a radioactive waste or not;
(9) Septic system wells used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential septic system wells, nor to non-residential septic system wells which are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day.	58.6.7 Septic system wells used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, or community septic tank. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential septic system wells, or to non-residential septic system wells which are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day; see also the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Design, Installation and	(ii) Septic system wells used to inject the waste or effluent from a multiple dwelling, business establishment, community or regional business establishment septic tank. The UIC requirements do not apply to single family residential septic system wells, nor to nonresidential septic system wells which are used solely for the disposal of sanitary waste and have the capacity to serve fewer than 20 persons a day;

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1 att 140	(based on the LD regs)	
	Operation of On-Site Wastewater	
(10) Subsidence control wells (not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production) used to inject fluids into a non- oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with the overdraft of fresh water;	Treatment and Disposal Systems.  58.6.8 Subsidence control wells (not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production) used to inject fluids into a non-oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with the overdraft of fresh water.	(vi) Subsidence control wells (not used for the purpose of oil or natural gas production) used to inject fluids into a non- oil or gas producing zone to reduce or eliminate subsidence associated with the overdraft of fresh water;
(11) Radioactive waste disposal wells other than Class IV;		(iii) Radioactive waste disposal wells other than Class IV;
(12) Injection wells associated with the recovery of geothermal energy for heating, aquaculture and production of electric power.	58.6.9 Injection wells associated with the recovery of geothermal energy for heating, aquaculture and production of electric power.	(4)(i) Injection wells associated with the recovery of geothermal energy for heating, aquaculture and production of electric power;
(13) Wells used for solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching;		(iv) Wells used for solution mining of conventional mines such as stopes leaching;
(14) Wells used to inject spent brine into the same formation from which it was withdrawn after extraction of halogens or their salts;		(v) Wells used to inject spent brine into the same formation from which it was withdrawn after extraction of halogens or their salts;
(15) Injection wells used in experimental technologies.	58.6.10 Experimental injection well technologies.	(ii) Injection wells used in experimental technologies;
(16) Injection wells used for in situ recovery of lignite, coal, tar sands, and oil		(vi) Injection wells used for in situ recovery of lignite, coal, tar sands, and oil

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
shale.	(Sacou on the 1 2D rege)	shale.
	58.6.11 Aquifer Storage and	
	Recovery (ASR) wells.	
	58.7 Class VI (prohibited). Injection	
	wells used to inject Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) for long-term storage, also	
	known as Geologic Sequestration of	
	CO <sub>2</sub> .	
Sec. 146.6 Area of review.	Section 59.0 Area of review.	§146.06 Area of Review.
The area of review for each injection well	59.1 The area of review for each	The area of review for each injection well
or each field, project or area of the State	injection well shall be determined	shall be determined according to either
shall be determined according to either	according to this Section. The	paragraph (a) or (b) of this section. The
paragraph (a) or (b) of this section. The	Department may solicit input from	Secretary may solicit input from the
Director may solicit input from the owners	other technical professionals to	owners or operators of injection wells
or operators of injection wells within the	determine which method is most	within the State as to which method is
State as to which method is most	appropriate for each geographic area.	most appropriate for each geographic area or field.
appropriate for each geographic area or field.	The area of review may be determined	or neid.
field.	by fixed radius only after the GWDS has calculated or approved the radius	
	to be used.	
(a) Zone of endangering influence. (1) The	59.2 Zone of endangering influence:	
zone of endangering influence shall be:	The zone of endangering influence	
Zone of changering influence shall be.	shall be determined in accordance with	
	a submitted methodology that has	
	been reviewed and approved by the	
	GWDS, and 40 CFR Part 146	
	§146.6(a)(1) and §146.6(a)(2).	
(i) In the case of application(s) for well		
permit(s) under Sec. 122.38 that area the		
radius of which is the lateral distance in		

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Part 146  which the pressures in the injection zone may cause the migration of the injection and/or formation fluid into an underground source of drinking water; or  (ii) In the case of an application for an area	based on the FED regs)	
may cause the migration of the injection and/or formation fluid into an underground source of drinking water; or		
may cause the migration of the injection and/or formation fluid into an underground source of drinking water; or		
and/or formation fluid into an underground source of drinking water; or		
source of drinking water; or		
(ii) In the case of an application for an area		
permit under Sec. 122.39, the project area		
plus a circumscribing area the width of		
which is the lateral distance from the		
perimeter of the project area, in which the		
pressures in the injection zone may cause		
the migration of the injection and/or		
formation fluid into an underground source		
of drinking water.		
(2) Computation of the zone of		
endangering influence may be based upon		
the parameters listed below and should be		
calculated for an injection time period		
equal to the expected life of the injection		
well or pattern. The following modified		
Theis equation illustrates one form which		
the mathematical model may take.		
$\left[2.25KHt\right]^{1/2}$		
$r = \left[\frac{2.25KHt}{S10^x}\right]^{1/2}$		
where		
4 8 1		
$X = \frac{4\pi KH \left(h_w - h_{bo} \times S_p G_b\right)}{2.3Q}$		
2.3Q		
r = Radius of endangering influence from		
injection well (length)		

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K = Hydraulic conductivity of the injection		
zone (length/time)		
H = Thickness of the injection zone		
(length)		
t = Time of injection (time)		
S = Storage coefficient (dimensionless)		
Q = Injection rate (volume/time)		
h <sub>bo</sub> = Observed original hydrostatic head of		
injection zone (length) measured from the		
base of the lowermost underground source of drinking water		
h <sub>w</sub> = Hydrostatic head of underground		
source of drinking water (length) measured		
from the base of the lowest underground source of drinking water		
The state of the s		
$S_p G_b$ =Specific gravity of fluid in the		
injection zone (dimensionless)		
$\pi = [pi] = 3.142$ (dimensionless)		
The above equation is based on the		
following assumptions:		
(i) The injection zone is homogenous and		
isotropic;		
(ii) The injection zone has infinite area		
extent;		

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(iii) The injection well penetrates the entire thickness of the injection zone;		
(iv) The well diameter is infinitesimal compared to ``r" when injection time is longer than a few minutes; and		
(v) The emplacement of fluid into the injection zone creates instantaneous increase in pressure.		
(b) Fixed radius. (1) In the case of application(s) for well permit(s) under Sec. 122.38 a fixed radius around the well of not less than one-fourth (1/4) mile may be used.	59.3 Fixed radius. 59.3.1 In the case of application(s) for an individual injection well permit(s), a fixed radius around the well of not less than one-fourth (1/4) mile may be used.	(a) Fixed Radius. In the case of application(s) for well permit(s) under §122.28 a fixed radius around the well of not less than one-fourth (1/4) mile may be used. In determining the fixed radius, the following factors shall be taken into consideration: chemistry of injected and formation fluids; hydrogeology; population and ground-water use and dependence; and historical practices in the area.
(2) In the case of an application for an area permit under Sec. 122.39 a fixed width of not less than one-fourth (\1/4\) mile for the circumscribing area may be used.		
In determining the fixed radius, the following factors shall be taken into consideration: Chemistry of injected and formation fluids; hydrogeology; population and ground-water use and dependence; and historical practices in the area.	59.3.2 In determining the fixed radius, the following factors shall be taken into consideration: Chemistry of injected and formation fluids; hydrogeology; population and ground-water use and dependence; and historical practices in the area.	
(c) If the area of review is determined by a mathematical model pursuant to paragraph	59.4 If the area of review is determined by a mathematical model	(b) If the area of review is determined by a mathematical model pursuant to paragraph

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(a) of this section, the permissible radius is the result of such calculation even if it is less than one-fourth (1/4) mile.	pursuant to subsection 59.2, the permissible radius is the result of such calculation even if it is less than one-fourth (1/4) mile.	(a) of this section, the permissible radius is the result of such calculation even if it is less than one-fourth (1/4) mile.
	59.5 The GWDS may require that a radius of influence be calculated. The radius of influence may be determined based on aquifer characteristics, screen length (if applicable), depth to injection, injection pressure and other factors concerning the characteristics of the injection fluid.	
Sec. 146.7 Corrective action.	Section 60.0 Corrective action.	§146.07 Corrective Action.
In determining the adequacy of corrective action proposed by the applicant under 40 CFR 144.55 and in determining the additional steps needed to prevent fluid movement into underground sources of drinking water, the following criteria and factors shall be considered by the Director:	60.1 In determining the adequacy of corrective action proposed by the applicant under Section 47.0 and in determining the additional steps needed to prevent fluid movement into underground sources of drinking water, the following criteria and factors shall be considered by the Department:	In determining the adequacy of corrective action proposed by the applicant under sec. 122.34 and in determining the additional steps needed to prevent fluid movement into underground sources of drinking water, the following criteria and factors shall be considered by the Secretary:
(a) Nature and volume of injected fluid;	60.1.1 Nature and volume of injected fluid;	(a) Nature and volume of injected fluid;
(b) Nature of native fluids or by-products of injection;	60.1.2 Nature of native fluids or by- products of injection;	(b) Nature of native fluids or byproducts of injection;
(c) Potentially affected population;	60.1.3 Potentially affected population;	(c) Potentially affected population;
(d) Geology;	60.1.4 Geology;	(d) Geology;

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(e) Hydrology;	60.1.5 Hydrology	(e) Hydrology;
(f) History of the injection operation;	60.1.6 History of the injection operation;	(f) History of the injection operation;
(g) Completion and plugging records;	60.1.7 Completion and plugging records;	(g) Completion and plugging records;
(h) Abandonment procedures in effect at the time the well was abandoned; and	60.1.8 Abandonment procedures in effect at the time the well was abandoned;	(h) Abandonment procedures in effect at the time the well was abandoned; and
(i) Hydraulic connections with underground sources of drinking water.	60.1.9 Hydraulic connections with underground sources of drinking water;	(i) Hydraulic connections with underground sources of drinking water.
	60.1.10 Aquifer use; and	
	60.1.11 Potential impact to USDW.	
Sec. 146.8 Mechanical integrity.	Section 61.0 Mechanical integrity.	§146.08 Mechanical Integrity
	61.1 These provisions shall apply to all Class I wells.	
(a) An injection well has mechanical integrity if:	61.1.1 An injection well has mechanical integrity if:	(a) An injection well has mechanical integrity if:
(1) There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing or packer; and	61.1.1.1 There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing or packer, as verified by required tests; and	(1) There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer; and
(2) There is no significant fluid movement into an underground source of drinking water through vertical channels adjacent to	61.1.1.2 There is no significant fluid movement into an underground source of drinking water through	(2) There is no significant fluid movement into an underground source of drinking water through vertical channels adjacent to

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the injection well bore.	vertical channels adjacent to the injection well bore.	the injection well bore.
(b) One of the following methods must be used to evaluate the absence of significant leaks under paragraph (a)(1) of this section:	61.1.2 One of the following methods must be used to evaluate the absence of significant leaks under Section 61.1.1.1:	(b) One of the following methods must be used to evaluate the absence of significant leaks under paragraph (a)(1) of this section:
(1) Following an initial pressure test, monitoring of the tubing-casing annulus pressure with sufficient frequency to be representative, as determined by the Director, while maintaining an annulus pressure different from atmospheric pressure measured at the surface;	61.1.2.1 Following an initial pressure test, monitoring of the tubing-casing annulus pressure with sufficient frequency to be representative, as determined by the Director, while maintaining an annulus pressure different from atmospheric pressure measured at the surface; or	(1) Monitoring of annulus pressure; or
(2) Pressure test with liquid or gas; or	61.1.2.2 Pressure test of inner casing or tubing with liquid or gas;	(2) Pressure test with liquid or gas;
(3) Records of monitoring showing the absence of significant changes in the relationship between injection pressure and injection flow rate for the following Class II enhanced recovery wells:  [text for (i) and (ii) not shown here]		
(c) One of the following methods must be used to determine the absence of significant fluid movement under paragraph (a)(2) of this section:	61.1.3 The following methods shall be used to determine the absence of fluid movement under subsection 61.1.1.2.:	
(1) The results of a temperature or noise log; or	61.1.3.1 The results of a temperature or noise log, and	(c) The results of a temperature or noise log must be used to determine the absence of significant fluid movement under

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		paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
	61.1.3.2 A radioactive tracer survey. The radioactive tracer survey shall not be required by the Department if such testing may pose a threat to an underground source of drinking water.	
(2) For Class II only, cementing records		
demonstrating the presence of adequate		
cement to prevent such migration; or		
(3) For Class III wells where the nature of		
the casing precludes the use of the logging		
techniques prescribed at paragraph (c)(1)		
of this section, cementing records		
demonstrating the presence of adequate		
cement to prevent such migration;		
(4) For Class III wells where the Director		
elects to rely on cementing records to		
demonstrate the absence of significant		
fluid movement, the monitoring program		
prescribed by Sec. 146.33(b) shall be		
designed to verify the absence of		
significant fluid movement.		
(d) The Director may allow the use of a	61.1.4 The Department shall allow the	(d) The Secretary may allow the use of a
test to demonstrate mechanical integrity	use of a test to demonstrate	test to demonstrate mechanical integrity
other than those listed in paragraphs (b)	mechanical integrity, other than those	other than those listed in paragraphs (b)
$\frac{\text{and }(c)(2)}{c}$ of this section with the written	listed in subsections 61.1.2 and 61.1.3,	and (c)(2) of this section with the written
approval of the Administrator. To obtain	if the applicant has sought and	approval of the Administrator. To obtain
approval, the Director shall submit a	obtained the written approval of the	approval, the Secretary shall submit a
written request to the Administrator, which	DNREC and the EPA. If the EPA has	written request to the Administrator, which
shall set forth the proposed test and all	published in the Federal Register an	shall set forth the proposed test and all
technical data supporting its use. The	alternative mechanical integrity test	technical data supporting its use. The

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Administrator shall approve the request if it will reliably demonstrate the mechanical integrity of wells for which its use is proposed. Any alternate method approved by the Administrator shall be published in the Federal Register and may be used in all States unless its use is restricted at the time of approval by the Administrator.	method, only written Department approval shall be required before conducting alternative mechanical integrity tests other than those specified in subsections 61.1.2 and 61.1.3. The Department approval process is described in Section 61.0.	Administrator shall approve the request if it will reliably demonstrate the mechanical integrity of wells for which its use is proposed. Any alternate method approved by the Administrator shall be published in the Federal Register.
(e) In conducting and evaluating the tests enumerated in this section or others to be allowed by the Director, the owner or operator and the Director shall apply methods and standards generally accepted in the industry. When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity tests to the Director, he shall include a description of the test(s) and the method(s) used. In making his/her evaluation, the Director shall review monitoring and other test data submitted since the previous evaluation.	61.1.5 A pressure test required under subsection 61.1.2 shall be conducted with a liquid at a minimum pressure of 1.5 times the maximum pressure at which the well is to be permitted, or 50 psi, whichever is higher, for at least one (1) hour. Internal mechanical integrity under subsection 61.1.1 is demonstrated if there is no more than a five-percent (5%) pressure change over the one-hour test period. The pressure used to test wells constructed using tubing and packer shall not exceed the design specifications of the tubing or packer.	(e) In conducting and evaluating the tests enumerated in this section or others to be allowed by the Secretary, the owner or operator and the Secretary shall apply methods and standards generally accepted in the industry. When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity tests to the Secretary, he shall include a description of the test(s) and the method(s) used. In making his/her evaluation, the Secretary shall review monitoring and other test data submitted since the previous evaluation.
(f) The Director may require additional or alternative tests if the results presented by the owner or operator under Sec. 146.8(e) are not satisfactory to the Director to demonstrate that there is no movement of fluid into or between USDWs resulting from the injection activity.	61.1.6 A Radioactive Tracer Test required under subsection 61.1.3 shall be performed in accordance with one of the methods published by the EPA in the Federal Register and EPA technical documents. The permittee shall submit a Radioactive Tracer Test Plan for Department approval prior to performing the test, and shall arrange	

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	to perform the test with a Department representative on site.	
	the tests enumerated in this Section or others to be allowed by the Department, the owner or operator and the Department shall apply methods and standards generally accepted in the industry. When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity tests to the Department, such report shall include a description of the test(s), the method(s) used, and the interpretation of the results. In making the evaluation, the Department shall review monitoring and other test data submitted since the previous evaluation.  61.1.8 The Department shall require additional or alternative mechanical integrity tests in accordance with this Section.	
	61.1.9 A permit for any Class I or injection project which lacks mechanical integrity shall include, and for any Class V well may include, a condition prohibiting injection operations until the permittee affirmatively demonstrates under subsections 61.1.1 through 61.1.3, that the well has mechanical integrity, or	

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	the permittee affirmatively	
	demonstrates that there is no	
	movement of fluid into or between	
	underground sources of drinking water.	
	61.1.10 Prior to making a formal	
	determination regarding an injection	
	well, the Department may consult with	
	outside technical professionals	
	including, but not limited to, the	
	following: representatives from the	
	Department's offices, the Delaware	
	Geological Survey, local environmental	
	programs, the United States	
	Geological Survey (USGS) and the	
	EPA.	
	61.1.11 The Department may	
	require additional or alternative tests if	
	the results presented by the owner or	
	operator are not satisfactory to the	
	Department to demonstrate that there	
	is no movement of fluid into or between	
	USDWs resulting from the injection	
	activity.	
Sec. 146.9 Criteria for establishing	Section 62.0 Criteria for	
permitting priorities.	establishing permitting priorities.	
In determining priorities for setting times	62.1 In determining priorities for	
for owners or operators to submit	setting times for owners or operators to	
applications for authorization to inject	submit applications for authorization to	
under the procedures of Sec. 144.31 (a),	inject under the procedures of Section	
(c), (g) or Sec. 144.22(f), the Director	32.0, the Department shall base these	
shall base these priorities upon	priorities upon consideration of the	
consideration of the following factors:	following factors:	

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(a) Injection wells known or suspected to be contaminating underground sources of drinking water;	62.1.1 Injection wells known or suspected to be contaminating underground sources of drinking water;	
(b) Injection wells known to be injecting fluids containing hazardous contaminants;	62.1.2 Injection wells known to be injecting fluids containing hazardous contaminants;	
(c) Likelihood of contamination of underground sources of drinking water;	62.1.3 Likelihood of contamination of underground sources of drinking water;	
(d) Potentially affected population;	62.1.4 Potentially affected population;	
(e) Injection wells violating existing State requirements;	62.1.5 Injection wells violating existing State requirements;	
(f) Coordination with the issuance of permits required by other State or Federal permit programs;	62.1.6 Coordination with the issuance of permits required by other State or Federal permit programs;	
(g) Age and depth of the injection well; and	62.1.7 Age and depth of the injection well; and	
(h) Expiration dates of existing State permits, if any.	62.1.8 Expiration dates of existing permits, if any.	
Sec. 146.10 Plugging and abandoning Class I, H, HH, IV, and V wells.	63.0 Plugging and abandoning Class I and Major Class V wells.	§146.10 Plugging and Abandoning Class I Wells
(a) Requirements for Class I, H and HI wells. (1) Prior to abandoning Class I, H and HI wells, the well shall be plugged with cement in a manner which will not	63.1 Requirements for Class I and Major Class V wells. 63.1.1 Prior to abandoning Class I and Major Class V wells, the well shall be	(a) Prior to abandoning Class I wells the well shall be plugged with cement in a manner which will not allow the movement of fluids either into or between

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allow the movement of fluids either into or between underground sources of drinking water. The Director may allow Class III wells to use other plugging materials if the Director is satisfied that such materials will prevent movement of fluids into or between underground sources of drinking water.	plugged with Portland cement in a manner which will not allow the movement of fluids either into or between underground sources of drinking water.	underground sources of drinking water.
(2) Placement of the cement plugs shall be accomplished by one of the following:	63.1.2 Placement of Portland cement shall conform to the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells, or {continued below}	(b) Placement of the cement plugs shall be accomplished by one of the following:
(i) The Balance method;		(1) The Balance Method;
(ii) The Dump Bailer method;		(2) The Dump Bailer Method; or
(iii) The Two-Plug method; or		(3) The Two-Plug Method;
(iv) An alternative method approved by the Director, which will reliably provide a comparable level of protection to underground sources of drinking water.	[or] an alternative method approved by the Department, which will reliably provide a comparable level of protection to underground sources of drinking water.	(4) or an alternative method approved by the Secretary, which will reliably provide a comparable level of protection to underground sources of drinking water.
(3) The well to be abandoned shall be in a state of static equilibrium with the mud weight equalized top to bottom, either by circulating the mud in the well at least once or by a comparable method prescribed by the Director, prior to the placement of the cement plug(s).	63.1.3 All wells shall be filled with the appropriate sealing or fill materials starting from the bottom of the well upward to the ground surface, except as noted in State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells, or unless otherwise approved by the Department.	(c) The well to be abandoned shall be in a state of static equilibrium with the mud weight equalized top to bottom, either by circulating the mud in the well at least once or by a comparable method prescribed by the Secretary, prior to the placement of the cement plug(s).
(4) The plugging and abandonment plan required in 40 CFR 144.51(o) and	63.1.4 The Department may prescribe aquifer cleanup and monitoring where	

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144.52(a)(6) shall, in the case of a Class III project which underlies or is in an aquifer which has been exempted under Sec. 146.04, also demonstrate adequate protection of USDWs. The Director shall prescribe aquifer cleanup and monitoring where he deems it necessary and feasible to insure adequate protection of USDWs.	the Department deems it necessary and feasible to insure adequate protection of USDWs.	
(b) Requirements for Class IV wells. Prior to abandoning a Class IV well, the owner or operator shall close the well in accordance with 40 CFR 144.23(b).		
(c) Requirements for Class V wells. (1) Prior to abandoning a Class V well, the owner or operator shall close the well in a manner that prevents the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into an underground source of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR part 141 or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. Closure requirements for motor vehicle waste disposal wells and large-capacity cesspools are reiterated at Sec. 144.89.	V wells. 63.2.1 Prior to abandoning a Major Class V well, the owner or operator shall close the well in a manner that prevents the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into an underground source of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under Delaware regulations or may otherwise adversely affect the health of any person or persons. Closure requirements for motor vehicle waste disposal wells and large-capacity cesspools are stated in Section 53.0 and Section 54.0.	
(2) The owner or operator shall dispose of or otherwise manage any soil, gravel,	63.2.2 The owner or operator shall dispose of or otherwise manage any	

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sludge, liquids, or other materials removed from or adjacent to the well in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements.	soil, gravel, sludge, liquids, or other materials removed from or adjacent to the well in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements.  63.2.3 All wells are to be properly abandoned in accordance with the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Design, Installation and Operation of On-Site Wastewater Treatment and Disposal Systems and the Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells, where applicable.	
Subpart B_Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class I Wells		Subpart B Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class I Wells
Sec. 146.11 Criteria and standards applicable to Class I nonhazardous wells.	Section 64.0 Criteria and standards applicable to Class I nonhazardous wells.	§146.11 Applicability
This subpart establishes criteria and standards for underground injection control programs to regulate Class I nonhazardous wells.	Sections 55.0-70.0 establish the criteria and standards for underground injection control programs to regulate Class I non-hazardous wells, as well as any Class V well that injects through or directly into a USDW.	This subpart establishes criteria and standards for underground injection control programs to regulate Class I wells. All Class I injection wells listed under §122.22 (a)(1) are prohibited from being permitted in the State.
Sec. 146.12 Construction requirements.	Section 65.0 Construction requirements for Class I non-hazardous wells.	§146.12 Construction Requirements.
(a) All Class I wells shall be sited in such a fashion that they inject into a formation which is beneath the lowermost formation	65.1 All Class I wells shall be sited in such a fashion that they inject into a formation which is beneath the	(a) All Class I wells as established under §122.22 (a)(2) shall be sited in such a fashion that they inject into a formation

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containing, within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.  (b) All Class I wells shall be cased and cemented to prevent the movement of fluids into or between underground sources of drinking water. The casing and cement used in the construction of each newly drilled well shall be designed for the life expectancy of the well. In determining and specifying casing and cementing requirements, the following factors shall be considered:	lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water within one-quarter (¼) mile of the well bore.  65.2 All Class I wells shall be cased and cemented to prevent the movement of fluids into or between underground sources of drinking water. The casing and cement used in the construction of each newly drilled well shall be designed for the life expectancy of the well and shall be new and unused for Class I wells. The number, thickness, type of materials, and length of casing shall be sufficient to protect the quality of drinking water resources and the integrity of the well and the confining strata. The final string of casing shall be made of seamless mild steel pipe having a minimum 0.500 inch wall thickness. An applicant who proposes to use pipe composed of other than 0.500 inch wall seamless mild steel for the final casing shall demonstrate that the proposed material and thicknesses will not compromise the integrity or operation of the well. All casing shall be consistent with the standards of the American Petroleum Institute	which is beneath the lower-most formation containing, within one quarter mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.  (b) All Class I wells as established under \$122.22 (a)(2) shall be cased and cemented to prevent the movement of fluids into or between underground sources of drinking water. The casing and cement used in the construction of each newly drilled well shall be designed for the life expectancy of the well. In determining and specifying casing and cementing requirements, the following factors shall be considered:
	Specification 5CT or American Society of Testing and Materials standard	

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	ASTM A53 / A53M - 12 Standard	
	Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and	
	Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and	
	Seamless. In determining and	
	specifying casing and cementing requirements, the following factors	
	shall be considered:	
(1) Depth to the injection zone;	65.2.1 Depth to the injection zone;	(1) Depth to the injection zone;
(2) Injection pressure, external pressure,	65.2.2 Injection pressure, external	(2) Injection pressure, external pressure,
internal pressure, and axial loading;	pressure, internal pressure, and axial loading;	internal pressure, and axial loading;
(3) Hole size;	65.2.3 Hole size;	(3) Hole size;
(4) Size and grade of all casing strings (wall thickness, diameter, nominal weight, length, joint specification, and construction material);	65.2.4 Size and grade of all casing strings (wall thickness, diameter, nominal weight, length, joint specification, and construction material);	(4) Size and grade of all casing strings (wall thickness, diameter, nominal weight, length, joint specification, and construction material);
(5) Corrosiveness of injected fluid, formation fluids, and temperatures;	65.2.5 Corrosiveness of injected fluid, formation fluids, and temperatures;	(5) Corrosiveness of injected fluid, formation fluids, and temperatures;
(6) Lithology of injection and confining intervals; and	65.2.6 Lithology of injection and confining intervals; and	(6) Lithology of injection and confining intervals; and
(7) Type or grade of cement.	65.2.7 Type or grade of cement.	(7) Type or grade of cement;
(c) All Class I injection wells, except those	65.3 All Class I injection wells shall	(c) All Class I injection wells as
municipal wells injecting non-corrosive	inject fluids through tubing with a	established under §122.22 (a)(2) shall
wastes, shall inject fluids through tubing	packer set immediately above the	inject fluids through tubing with a packer

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with a packer set immediately above the injection zone, or tubing with an approved fluid seal as an alternative. The tubing, packer, and fluid seal shall be designed for the expected service.	injection zone, or tubing with an approved fluid seal as an alternative. The tubing, packer, and fluid seal shall be designed for the expected service.	set immediately above the injection zone, or tubing with an approved fluid seal as an alternative. The tubing, packer, and fluid seal shall be designed for the expected service.
(1) The use of other alternatives to a packer may be allowed with the written approval of the Director. To obtain approval, the operator shall submit a written request to the Director, which shall set forth the proposed alternative and all technical data supporting its use. The Director shall approve the request if the alternative method will reliably provide a comparable level of protection to underground sources of drinking water. The Director may approve an alternative method solely for an individual well or for general use.	65.3.1 The use of other alternatives to a packer may be allowed with the written approval of the Department. To obtain approval, the operator shall submit a written request to the Department, which shall set forth the proposed alternative and all technical data supporting its use. The Department may approve the request if the alternative method will reliably provide a comparable level of protection to underground sources of drinking water. The Department may approve an alternative method solely for an individual well or for general use.	(1) The use of other alternatives to a packer may be allowed with the written approval of the Secretary. To obtain approval, the operator shall submit a written request to the Secretary, which shall set forth the proposed alternative and all technical data supporting its use. The Secretary shall approve the request if the alternative method will reliably provide a comparable level of protection to underground sources of drinking water. The Secretary may approve an alternative method solely for an individual well or for general use.
(2) In determining and specifying requirements for tubing, packer, or alternatives the following factors shall be considered:	65.3.2 In determining and specifying requirements for tubing, packer, or alternatives the following factors shall be considered:	(2) In determining and specifying requirements for tubing, packer, or alternatives, the following factors shall be considered:
(i) Depth of setting;	65.3.2.1 Depth of setting;	(i) Depth of setting;
(ii) Characteristics of injection fluid (chemical content, corrosiveness, and density);	65.3.2.2 Characteristics of injection fluid (chemical content, corrosiveness, and density);	(ii) Characteristics of injection fluid (chemical content, corrosiveness, and density);
(iii) Injection pressure;	65.3.2.3 Injection pressure;	(iii) Injection pressure;

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(iv) Annular pressure;	65.3.2.4 Annular pressure;	(iv) Annular pressure;
(v) Rate, temperature and volume of injected fluid; and	65.3.2.5 Rate, temperature and volume of injected fluid; and	(v) Rate, temperature and volume of injected fluid; and
(vi) Size of casing.	65.3.2.6 Size of casing.	(vi) Size of casing.
(d) Appropriate logs and other tests shall be conducted during the drilling and construction of new Class I wells. A descriptive report interpreting the results of such logs and tests shall be prepared by a knowledgeable log analyst and submitted to the Director. At a minimum, such logs and tests shall include:	65.4 Appropriate logs and other tests shall be conducted during the drilling and construction of new Class I wells. A descriptive report interpreting the results of such logs and tests shall be prepared by a knowledgeable log analyst and submitted to the Department. At a minimum, such logs and tests shall include:	(d) Appropriate logs and other tests shall be conducted during the drilling and construction of new Class I wells. A descriptive report interpreting the results of such logs and tests shall be prepared by a knowledgeable log analyst and submitted to the Secretary. At a minimum, such logs and tests shall include:
(1) Deviation checks on all holes constructed by first drilling a pilot hole, and then enlarging the pilot hole by reaming or another method. Such checks shall be at sufficiently frequent intervals to assure that vertical avenues for fluid migration in the form of diverging holes are not created during drilling.	65.4.1 Deviation checks on all holes constructed by first drilling a pilot hole, and then enlarging the pilot hole by reaming or another method. Such checks shall be at sufficiently frequent intervals to assure that vertical avenues for fluid migration in the form of diverging holes are not created during drilling.	(1) Deviation checks on all holes constructed by first drilling a pilot hole, and then enlarging the pilot hole by reaming or another method. Such checks shall be at sufficiently frequent intervals to assure that vertical avenues for fluid migration in the form of diverging holes are not created during drilling.
(2) Such other logs and tests as may be needed after taking into account the availability of similar data in the area of the drilling site, the construction plan, and the need for additional information, that	65.4.2 Such other logs and tests as may be needed after taking into account the availability of similar data in the area of the drilling site, the construction plan, and the need for	(2) Such other logs and tests as may be needed after taking into account the availability of similar data in the area of the drilling site, the construction plan, and the need for additional information, which

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may arise from time to time as the construction of the well progresses. In determining which logs and tests shall be required, the following logs shall be considered for use in the following situations:	additional information, which may arise from time to time as the construction of the well progresses. In determining which logs and tests shall be required, the following logs shall be considered for use in the following situations:	may arise from time to time as the construction of the well progresses. In determining which logs and tests shall be required, the following logs shall be considered for use in the following situations:
(i) For surface casing intended to protect underground sources of drinking water:	65.4.2.1 For surface casing intended to protect underground sources of drinking water:	(i) For surface casing intended to protect underground sources of drinking water:
(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the casing is installed; and	65.4.2.1.1 Resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the casing is installed; and	(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the casing is installed; and
(B) A cement bond, temperature, or density log after the casing is set and cemented.	65.4.2.1.2 A cement bond, acoustic cement evaluation log, or density log after the casing is set and cemented.	(B) A cement bond, temperature, or density log after the casing is set and cemented.
(ii) For intermediate and long strings of casing intended to facilitate injection:	65.4.2.2 For intermediate and long strings of casing intended to facilitate injection:	(ii) For intermediate and log strings of casing intended to facilitate injection:
(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, and gamma ray logs before the casing is installed;	65.4.2.2.1 Resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, and gamma ray logs before the casing is installed; and	(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, and gamma ray logs before the casing is installed;
(B) Fracture finder logs; and		(B) Fracture finder logs; and
(C) A cement bond, temperature, or density log after the casing is set and cemented.	65.4.2.2.2 A cement bond, acoustic cement evaluation log, or density log after the casing is set and cemented.	(C) A cement bond, temperature, or density log after the casing is set and cemented.

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	3 /	
(e) At a minimum, the following	65.5 At a minimum, the following	(e) At a minimum, the following
information concerning the injection	information concerning the geologic	information concerning the injection
formation shall be determined or	formation shall be determined or	formation shall be determined or
calculated for new Class I wells:	calculated for new Class I wells:	calculated for new Class I wells:
	65.5.1 Identification of the lowermost	
	USDW. The applicant will be required	
	to identify the base of the lowermost	
	USDW at the injection well location.	
	During construction, the applicant shall	
	conduct tests and collect water	
	samples, as needed, to identify the	
	depth at which the TDS concentration	
	of the aquifer exceeds 10,000 ppm.	
	This demonstration shall be made	
	using water samples, geophysical logs,	
	drilling records and drill cuttings.	
	65.5.2 Demonstration of Confinement.	
	The applicant shall conduct logging	
	and testing as needed to demonstrate	
	that the injected fluid will not migrate	
	from the injection zone either vertically	
	or horizontally into a USDW. The	
	geologic layers overlying the injection	
	aquifer shall serve as confining layers,	
	preventing the upward movement of	
	injected fluids into a USDW.	
	Confinement shall be demonstrated	
	using the appropriate geophysical logs,	
	drilling records, cutting samples and	
	core samples. Core samples shall be	
	analyzed in a laboratory for porosity	
	and vertical hydraulic conductivity.	

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	65.5.3 Selection of Monitoring Zones. The applicant shall be required to monitor in the vicinity of the injection well bore for upward movement of injected fluid. During construction, the applicant shall identify at least two (2) monitoring zones. One zone shall be at the base of the lowermost USDW, and the second will be an early-warning monitor zone below the lowermost USDW and above the primary confining unit. The monitoring zones must have adequate water production to allow periodic sampling, and the applicant shall identify the zones and provide technical justification for their selection using drilling records, cutting samples and geophysical logs.  65.5.4 Characteristics of the Injection Formation:	
(1) Fluid pressure;	65.5.4.1 Fluid pressure;	(1) Fluid pressure;
(2) Temperature;	65.5.4.2 Temperature;	(2) Temperature;
(3) Fracture pressure;	65.5.4.3 Fracture pressure;	(3) Fracture pressure;
(4) Other physical and chemical characteristics of the injection matrix; and	65.5.4.4 Other physical and chemical characteristics of the injection matrix; and	(4) Other physical and chemical characteristics of the injection matrix; and
(5) Physical and chemical characteristics of the formation fluids.	65.5.4.5 Physical and chemical characteristics of the formation fluids.	(5) Physical and chemical characteristics of the formation fluids.

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	65.6 In addition to complying with these regulations, all injection wells must be constructed in a manner that is in accordance with the State of Delaware Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells.  65.7 For Class I injection well permit approval, reasonable assurance is required that the project will function in compliance with these Regulations. Prior to applying for a Class I injection well permit, an exploratory well must be drilled and documented on the project site. The Department shall require an exploratory well for projects located in an area where available information concerning geologic or hydraulic confinement is deficient; or where existing information indicates that geologic or hydraulic confinement may be poor or incomplete (See Section 68.0).	
Sec. 146.13 Operating, monitoring and reporting requirements.	66.0 Operating, monitoring and reporting requirements for Major Class V Injection Wells, Class V Injection Wells that inject into a confined aquifer and all Class I Injection Wells	§146.13 Operating, Monitoring and Reporting Requirements
(a) Operating requirements. Operating requirements shall at a minimum, specify that:	66.1 Operating requirements. Operating requirements shall at a minimum, specify the following:	(a) Operating Requirements. Operating requirements shall, at a minimum, specify that:

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(1) Except during stimulation injection pressure at the wellhead shall not exceed a maximum which shall be calculated so as to assure that the pressure in the injection zone during injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zone. In no case shall injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zone or cause the movement of injection or formation fluids into an underground source of drinking water.  (2) Injection between the outermost casing protecting underground sources of drinking water and the well bore is prohibited.	66.1.1 Except during stimulation, injection pressure at the wellhead shall not exceed a maximum, which shall be calculated, so as to assure that the pressure in the injection zone during injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zone. In no case shall injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zone or cause the movement of injection or formation fluids into an underground source of drinking water.  66.1.2 Injection between the outermost casing protecting underground sources of drinking water and the well bore is prohibited.	<ul> <li>(1) Except during stimulation injection pressure at the wellhead shall not exceed a maximum which shall be calculated so as to assure that the pressure in the injection zone during injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zone. In no case shall injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zone or cause the movement of injection or formation fluids into an underground source of drinking water.</li> <li>(2) Injection between the outermost casing protecting underground sources of drinking water and the well bore is prohibited.</li> </ul>
(3) Unless an alternative to a packer has been approved under Sec. 146.12(c), the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casings shall be filled with a fluid approved by the Director and a pressure, also approved by the Director, shall be maintained on the annulus.	66.1.3 For Class I injection wells, unless an alternative to a packer has been approved under Section 65.0, the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casings shall be filled with a fluid approved by the Department and a pressure, also approved by the Department, shall be maintained on the annulus.	(3) Unless an alternative to a packer has been approved under §146.12(c), the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casings shall be filled with a fluid approved by the Secretary and a pressure, also approved by the Secretary shall be maintained on the annulus.
(b) Monitoring requirements. Monitoring requirements shall, at a minimum, include:	66.2 Monitoring requirements for Major Class V Injection Wells, Class V that inject into a confined aquifer and all Class I Injection Wells. Monitoring	(b) Monitoring Requirements. Monitoring requirements shall, at a minimum, include:

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	requirements shall, at a minimum, include:	
(1) The analysis of the injected fluids with sufficient frequency to yield representative data of their characteristics;	66.2.1 The analysis of the injected fluids with sufficient frequency to yield representative data of their characteristics;	(1) The analysis of the injected fluids with sufficient frequency to yield representative data of their characteristics;
(2) Installation and use of continuous recording devices to monitor injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casing;	66.2.2 Installation and use of continuous recording devices to monitor injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casing;	(2) Installation and use of continuous recording devices to monitor injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string of casing;
(3) A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to Sec. 146.8 at least once every five years during the life of the well; and	66.2.3 A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 61.0 at least once every three (3) years during the life of the well; and	(3) A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to §146.08 at least once every five years during the life of the well; and
(4) The type, number and location of wells within the area of review to be used to monitor any migration of fluids into and pressure in the underground sources of drinking water, the parameters to be measured and the frequency of monitoring.	66.2.4 The type, number and location of wells within the area of review to be used to monitor any migration of fluids into and pressure in the underground sources of drinking water, the parameters to be measured, and the frequency of monitoring.	(4) The type, number and location of wells within the area of review to be used to monitor any migration of fluids into and pressure in the underground sources of drinking water, the parameters to be measured and the frequency of monitoring.
	66.2.5 Monitoring. 66.2.5.1 Monitoring of the injection zone: At a minimum, the permittee is required to monitor the pressure buildup in the injection zone annually, including at a minimum, a shut-down of the well for a time	

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	sufficient to conduct a valid	
	observation of the pressure fall-off	
	curve.	
	66.2.5.2 Groundwater monitoring	
	for Class I injection wells: When	
	prescribing a monitoring system, the	
	permittee shall also be required to	
	monitor wells above the injection zone	
	near the injection well, field or project.	
	66.2.5.2.1 The permittee shall be	
	able to monitor the following:	
	66.2.5.2.1.1. The absence of fluid	
	movement adjacent to the well bore,	
	and;	
	66.2.5.2.1.2. The long-term	
	effectiveness of the confining zone.	
	66.2.5.2.2. Monitor wells used to	
	meet the requirements of subsection	
	66.2.5.2.1 shall be sampled	
	periodically. The frequency of sampling	
	and constituents to be analyzed shall	
	be specified in the permit and shall be	
	representative of the monitored	
	activity.	
	66.2.5.2.3. Monitor wells used to	
	meet the requirements of subsection	
	66.2.5.2.1.1 (above) shall be located	
	within 150 feet of the injection well	
	unless the applicant can demonstrate,	
	through a hydrogeologic study, that a	
	monitor well located at a greater	
	distance will be capable of adequately	

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	monitoring fluid movement adjacent to	
	the borehole.	
	66.2.5.2.4. For Class I wells, the	
	permittee shall monitor a zone below	
	the base of the underground source of	
	drinking water, if a zone is available,	
	and at least one zone within, and near	
	the base of, the underground source of	
	drinking water.	
	66.2.5.2.5. The Department may	
	also require any of the following when	
	needed to provide reasonable	
	assurance that the requirements of	
	subsection 66.2.5.2 are being met:	
	66.2.5.2.5.1. Continuous monitoring	
	for pressure changes in the first aquifer	
	overlying the confining zone.	
	66.2.5.2.5.2. Continuous monitoring	
	for pressure changes in any monitor	
	well constructed under 66.2.5.2.5.1,	
	above,	
	66.2.5.2.5.3. Periodic (minimum of	
	quarterly) monitoring of groundwater	
	quality in the first aquifer overlying the	
	injection zone,	
	66.2.5.2.5.4. Periodic monitoring of	
	groundwater quality in the lowermost	
	underground source of drinking water.	
	66.2.5.2.5.5. Periodic additional	
	monitoring to determine whether fluid	
	movement caused by underground	
	injection activity is occurring into or	

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	between underground sources of drinking water.	
	66.2.5.2.5.6 Periodic monitoring of groundwater quality in the injection zone.	
	66.2.5.2.6 Any additional monitoring necessary to determine whether fluids are moving into or between USDWs.	
(c) Reporting requirements. Reporting requirements shall, at a minimum, include:	66.3 Reporting requirements. Reporting requirements shall, at a minimum, include:	(c) Reporting Requirements. Reporting requirements shall, at a minimum, include:
(1) Quarterly reports to the Director on:	66.3.1 Quarterly reports to the Department on:	(1) Quarterly reports to the Secretary on:
(i) The physical, chemical and other relevant characteristics of injection fluids;	66.3.1.1 The physical, chemical and other relevant characteristics of injection fluids;	(i) The physical, chemical and other relevant characteristics of injection fluids;
(ii) Monthly average, maximum and minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and annular pressure; and	66.3.1.2 Monthly average, maximum and minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, annular pressure; and	(ii) Monthly average, maximum and minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and annular pressure; and
(iii) The results of monitoring prescribed under paragraph (b)(4) of this section.	66.3.1.3 The results of monitoring prescribed under subsection 66.2.4.	(iii) The results of monitoring prescribed under subparagraph (b)(4) of this section.
(2) Reporting the results, with the first quarterly report after the completion, of:	66.3.2 The first quarterly report after the completion of the monitoring shall include the following (at a minimum):	(2) Reporting the results, with the first quarterly report after the completion, of:

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(i) Periodic tests of mechanical integrity;	66.3.2.1 Periodic tests of mechanical integrity;	(i) Periodic tests of mechanical integrity;
(ii) Any other test of the injection well conducted by the permittee if required by the Director; and	66.3.2.2 Any other test of the injection well conducted by the permittee if required by the Department; and	(ii) Any other test of the injection well conducted by the permittee if required by the Secretary, and
(iii) Any well work over.	66.3.2.3 Any well work/maintenance (including repairs).	(iii) Any well work over.
(d) Ambient monitoring. (1) Based on a site-specific assessment of the potential for fluid movement from the well or injection zone and on the potential value of monitoring wells to detect such movement, the Director shall require the owner or operator to develop a monitoring program. At a minimum, the Director shall require monitoring of the pressure buildup in the injection zone annually, including at a minimum, a shut down of the well for a time sufficient to conduct a valid observation of the pressure fall-off curve.  (2) When prescribing a monitoring system the Director may also require:		
(i) Continuous monitoring for pressure changes in the first aquifer overlying the confining zone. When such a well is installed, the owner or operator shall, on a quarterly basis, sample the aquifer and	66.2.5.2.5.1. Continuous monitoring for pressure changes in the first aquifer overlying the confining zone.	

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analyze for constituents specified by the		
Director;		
(ii) The use of indirect, geophysical	66.2.5.2.5.6 The use of	
techniques to determine the position of the	indirect, geophysical techniques to	
waste front, the water quality in a	determine the position of the waste	
formation designated by the Director, or to	front, the water quality in a formation	
provide other site specific data;	designated by the Department, or to	
	provide other site specific data.	
(iii) Periodic monitoring of the ground	66.2.5.2.5.3. Periodic monitoring of	
water quality in the first aquifer overlying	groundwater quality in the first aquifer	
the injection zone;	overlying the injection zone.	
(iv) Periodic monitoring of the ground	66.2.5.2.5.4. Periodic monitoring of	
water quality in the lowermost USDW; and	groundwater quality in the lowermost	
	underground source of drinking water.	
(v) Any additional monitoring necessary to	66.2.5.2.5.5. Periodic additional	
determine whether fluids are moving into	monitoring to determine whether fluid	
or between USDWs.	movement caused by underground	
	injection activity is occurring into or	
	between underground sources of	
	drinking water	
Sec. 146.14 Information to be	Section 67.0 Information to be	§146.14 Information to be Considered
considered by the Director.	considered by the Department.	by the Secretary
This section sets forth the information	67.1 This Section sets forth the	This section sets forth the information
which must be considered by the Director	information which shall be considered	which must be considered by the Secretary
in authorizing Class I wells. For an	by the Department in authorizing Class	in authorizing Class I wells. For a newly
existing or converted new Class I well the	I wells or Major Class V wells. For an	drilled Class I well, the Secretary shall
Director may rely on the existing permit	existing or converted new Class I or	require the submission of all the
file for those items of information listed	Major Class V well, the Department	information listed below. For Class I wells
below which are current and accurate in	may rely on the existing permit file for	certain maps, cross-sections, tabulations of
the file. For a newly drilled Class I well,	those items of information listed below	wells within the area of review and other
the Director shall require the submission of	which are current and accurate in the	data may be included in the application by
all the information listed below. For both	file. For a newly drilled Class I or Major	reference provided they are current, readily

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existing and new Class I wells certain maps, cross-sections, tabulations of wells within the area of review and other data may be included in the application by reference provided they are current, readily available to the Director (for example, in the permitting agency's files) and sufficiently identified to be retrieved. In cases where EPA issues the permit all the information in this section must be submitted to the Administrator.	Class V well, the Department shall require the submission of all the information listed below. For both existing and new Class I or Major Class V wells, certain maps, cross-sections, tabulations of wells within the area of review and other data may be included in the application by reference provided they are current, are readily available to the Department and to the Applicant or Permittee, and are sufficiently identified to be retrieved.	available to the Secretary (for example, in the permitting agency's files) and sufficiently identified to be retrieved.
(a) Prior to the issuance of a permit for an existing Class I well to operate or the construction or conversion of a new Class I well the Director shall consider the following:	67.2 Prior to the issuance of a permit for an existing Class I or Major Class V well to operate or the construction or conversion of a new Class I or Major Class V well the Department shall consider the following:	(a) Prior to the issuance of a permit for the construction of a Class I well the Secretary shall consider the following:
(1) Information required in 40 CFR 144.31 and 144.31(g);	67.2.1 Information required in Section 32.0.	(1) Information required in §§122.4;
(2) A map showing the injection well(s) for which a permit is sought and the applicable area of review. Within the area of review, the map must show the number, or name, and location of all producing wells, dry holes, surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and subsurface), quarries, water wells and other pertinent surface features including residences and roads. The map should also show faults, if known or suspected. Only information of	67.2.2 A map showing the injection well(s) for which a permit is sought and the major area of review. Within the area of review, the map must show the number, or name, and location of all production wells, dry holes, surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and subsurface), quarries, water wells and other pertinent surface features including residences and roads. The map should also show	(2) A map showing the injection well(s) for which a permit is sought and the applicable area of review. Within the area of review, the map must show the number, or name, and location of all producing wells, injection wells, abandoned wells, dry holes, surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and subsurface), quarries, water wells and other pertinent surface features including residences and roads. The map should also show faults, if known

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public record is required to be included on this map;	faults, if known or suspected. Only information of public record is required to be included on this map;	or suspected. Only information of public record is required to be included on this map;
(3) A tabulation of data on all wells within the area of review which penetrate into the proposed injection zone. Such data shall include a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and/or completion, and any additional information the Director may require;	67.2.3 A tabulation of data on all wells within the area of review which penetrate into the proposed injection zone. Such data shall include a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and completion, and any additional information the Department may require;	(3) A tabulation of data on all wells within the area of review which penetrate into the proposed injection zone. Such data shall include a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and/or completion, and any additional information the Secretary may require;
(4) Maps and cross sections indicating the general vertical and lateral limits of all underground sources of drinking water within the area of review, their position relative to the injection formation and the direction of water movement, where known, in each underground source of drinking water which may be affected by the proposed injection;	67.2.4 Maps and cross-sections indicating the general vertical and lateral limits of all underground sources of drinking water within the area of review, their position relative to the injection formation and the direction of water movement, where known, in each underground source of drinking water which may be affected by the proposed injection;	(4) Maps and cross sections indicating the general vertical and lateral limits of all underground sources of drinking water within the area of review, their position relative to the injection formation and the direction of water movement, where known, in each underground source of drinking water which may be affected by the proposed injection;
(5) Maps and cross sections detailing the geologic structure of the local area;	67.2.5 Maps and cross-sections detailing the geologic structure of the local area;	(5) Maps and cross sections detailing the geologic structure of the local area;
(6) Generalized maps and cross sections illustrating the regional geologic setting;	67.2.6 Generalized maps and cross- sections illustrating the regional geologic setting;	(6) Generalized maps and cross sections illustrating the regional geologic setting;
(7) Proposed operating data:	67.2.7 Proposed operating data:	(7) Proposed operating data:

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(i) Average and maximum daily rate and volume of the fluid to be injected;	67.2.7.1 Average and maximum daily rate and volume of the fluid to be injected;	(i) Average and maximum daily rate and volume of the fluid to be injected;
(ii) Average and maximum injection pressure; and	67.2.7.2 Average and maximum injection pressure; and	(ii) Average and maximum injection pressure; and
(iii) Source and an analysis of the chemical, physical, radiological and biological characteristics of injection fluids;	67.2.7.3 Source and an analysis of the chemical, physical, radiological and biological characteristics of injection fluids;	(iii) Source and an analysis of the chemical, physical, radiological and biological characteristics of injection fluids;
(8) Proposed formation testing program to obtain an analysis of the chemical, physical and radiological characteristics of and other information on the receiving formation;	67.2.8 Proposed formation testing program to obtain an analysis of the chemical, physical and radiological characteristics of and other information on the receiving formation;	(8) Proposed formation testing program to obtain an analysis of the chemical, physical and radiological characteristics of other information on the receiving formation;
(9) Proposed stimulation program;	67.2.9 Proposed stimulation program;	(9) Proposed stimulation program;
(10) Proposed injection procedure;	67.2.10 Proposed injection procedure;	(10) Proposed injection procedure;
(11) Schematic or other appropriate drawings of the surface and subsurface construction details of the well.	67.2.11 Schematic or other appropriate drawings of the surface and subsurface construction details of the well.	(11) Schematic or other appropriate drawings of the surface and subsurface construction details of the well.
(12) Contingency plans to cope with all shut-ins or well failures so as to prevent migration of fluids into any underground	67.2.12 Contingency plans to cope with all shut-ins or well failures so as to prevent migration of fluids into	(12) Contingency plans to cope with all shut-ins or well failures so as to prevent migration of fluids into any underground

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
source of drinking water;	any underground source of drinking water;	source of drinking water;
(13) Plans (including maps) for meeting the monitoring requirements in Sec. 146.13(b);	67.2.13 Plans (including maps) for meeting the monitoring requirements in subsection 66.2.;	(13) Plans (including maps) for meeting the monitoring requirements in §146.13(b);
(14) For wells within the area of review which penetrate the injection zone but are not properly completed or plugged, the corrective action proposed to be taken under 40 CFR 144.55;	67.2.14 For wells within the area of review which penetrate the injection zone but are not properly completed or plugged, the corrective action proposed to be taken under Section 47.0;	(14) For wells within the area of review which penetrate the injection zone but are not properly completed or plugged, the corrective action proposed to be taken under §122.34;
(15) Construction procedures including a cementing and casing program, logging procedures, deviation checks, and a drilling, testing, and coring program; and	67.2.15 Construction procedures including a cementing and casing program, logging procedures, deviation checks, and a drilling, testing, and coring program; and	(15) Construction procedures including a cementing and casing program, logging procedures, deviation checks, and a drilling, testing, and coring program; and
(16) A certificate that the applicant has assured, through a performance bond or other appropriate means, the resources necessary to close, plug or abandon the well as required by 40 CFR 122.42(g).	67.2.16 A certificate that the applicant has assured, through a performance bond or other appropriate means, the resources necessary to close, plug or abandon the well.	(16) A certificate that the applicant has assured, through a performance bond or other appropriate means, the resources necessary to close, plug or abandon the well as required by §122.32(g).
(b) Prior to granting approval for the operation of a Class I well the Director shall consider the following information:	69.1.5 Prior to granting approval for the operation of a Class I or Major Class V well the Department shall consider the following information:	(b) Prior to granting approval for the operation of a Class I well the Secretary shall consider the following information:
(1) All available logging and testing	69.1.5.1 All available logging and	(1) All available logging and testing

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	(based off the FED regs)	
program data on the well;	testing program data on the well;	program data on the well;
(2) A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to Sec. 146.8;	69.1.5.2 A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 61.0;	(2) A demonstration of mechanical integrity pursuant to §146.08;
(3) The anticipated maximum pressure and flow rate at which the permittee will operate;	69.1.5.3 The anticipated maximum pressure and flow rate at which the permittee will operate;	(3) The anticipated maximum pressure and flow rate at which the permittee will operate;
(4) The results of the formation testing program;	69.1.5.4 The results of the formation testing program;	(4) The results of the formation testing program;
(5) The actual injection procedure;	69.1.5.5 The actual injection procedure;	(5) The actual injection procedure;
(6) The compatibility of injected waste with fluids in the injection zone and minerals in both the injection zone and the confining zone; and	69.1.5.6 The compatibility of injected waste with fluids in the injection zone and minerals in both the injection zone and the confining zone;	(6) The compatibility of injected waste with fluids in the injection zone and minerals in both the injection zone and the confining zone; and
(7) The status of corrective action on defective wells in the area of review.	69.1.5.7 The status of corrective action on defective wells in the area of review; and	(7) the status of corrective action on defective wells in the area of review.
	69.1.5.8 Potential impact on a USDW.	
(c) Prior to granting approval for the plugging and abandonment of a Class I well the Director shall consider the following information:	67.3 Prior to granting approval for the plugging and abandonment of a Class I or Major Class V well the Department shall consider the following information:	(c) Prior to granting approval for the plugging and abandonment of a Class I well the Director shall consider the following information:
(1) The type and number of plugs to be used;	67.3.1 The type and number of plugs to be used;	(1) The type and number of plugs to be used;

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(2) The placement of each plug including the elevation of the top and bottom;	67.3.2 The placement of each plug including the elevation of the top and bottom;	(2) The placement of each plug including the elevation of the top and bottom;
(3) The type and grade and quantity of cement to be used;	67.3.3 The type and grade and quantity of cement to be used;	(3) The type and grade and quantity of cement to be used;
(4) The method for placement of the plugs; and	67.3.4 The method for placement of the plugs; and	(4) The method for placement of the plugs; and
(5) The procedure to be used to meet the requirement of Sec. 146.10(c).	67.3.5 The procedure to be used to meet the requirement of Section 63.0.	(5) The procedure to be used to meet the requirements of §146.10(c).
Subpart C_Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class II Wells (146.21-24)		, ,
Subpart D_Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class III Wells (146.31-34)		
Subpart E - Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class IV Injection Wells [Reserved]		
Subpart F_Criteria and Standards Applicable to Class V Injection Wells		
Sec. 146.51 Applicability.		
This subpart sets forth criteria and standards for underground injection control		
programs to regulate all injection not regulated in subparts B, C, D, and E.		
(a) Generally, wells covered by this subpart inject non-hazardous fluids into or		
above formations that contain underground sources of drinking water. It includes all wells listed in Sec. 146.5(e) but is not		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	, and the second
limited to those types of injection wells.		
(b) It also includes wells not covered in		
Class IV that inject radioactive material		
listed in 10 CFR part 20, appendix B, table		
H, column 2.		
Subpart G_Criteria and Standards		
Applicable to Class I Hazardous Waste		
Injection Wells		
END PART 146		
	68.0 Exploratory Wells.	
	68.1 A permit to construct an	
	exploratory well into a USDW shall be	
	denied by the Department if the	
	construction of the well itself will be a	
	source of pollution as defined in 7	
	<b>Del.C.</b> §6002 or any amending or	
	superseding legislation. If the	
	construction of the well itself is not a	
	source of pollution, the permit shall be	
	issued with conditions to meet the	
	requirements of subsections 68.3	
	through 68.7 below.	
	68.2 An exploratory well under the	
	Underground Injection Control	
	Program is drilled for the specific	
	purpose of obtaining information to	
	determine the feasibility of	
	underground injection at the proposed	
	site. An exploratory well may be	
	required, based on available geological	
	and physical data.	
	68.3 At a minimum, the exploratory	

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Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	well tests shall be designed to	
	determine the groundwater quality	
	profile and make a preliminary	
	assessment of the adequacy of the	
	confining interval and injection zone	
	potentiall.	
	68.4 The information provided with	
	the application to construct and test an	
	exploratory well shall include but is not	
	limited to the following:	
	68.4.1 Plan of the injection project;	
	68.4.2 Well inventory as described in	
	Area of Review (Section 59.0);	
	68.4.3 Proposed future use of the	
	exploratory well;	
	68.4.4 Drilling and testing plan for the	
	exploratory well;	
	68.4.5 Source and composition of any	
	fluids to be used for injection testing;	
	and	
	68.4.6 Abandonment plan.	
	68.5 Injection testing.	
	68.5.1 The permittee may conduct	
	injection tests under the exploratory	
	well program, for such time requested	
	by the permittee, not to endanger the	
	underground sources of drinking water,	
	and approved by the Department	
	subject to the provisions of subsection	
	68.4.2.	
	68.5.2 The exploratory well shall be	
	constructed and tested so that it is in	

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Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	0 /	
	compliance with the Permitting	
	Process (Section 5.0). The use of	
	treated or untreated municipal	
	(domestic) or industrial effluent, or	
	reverse osmosis concentrate is	
	prohibited for injection testing	
	conducted under the exploratory	
	testing program.	
	68.6 An exploratory well may be	
	reclassified to a monitor well if the	
	appropriate permits have been	
	obtained; otherwise, the exploratory	
	well must be properly plugged and	
	abandoned. An exploratory well may	
	be reclassified as a Class I test	
	injection well or a Class V well if the	
	appropriate permits have been	
	obtained. If the applicant intends to	
	apply for a permit to reclassify an	
	exploratory well to a Class I test	
	injection well, the exploratory well shall	
	be constructed to meet the minimum	
	Class I well construction standards	
	contained in these regulations and the	
	State of Delaware Regulations	
	Governing the Construction and Use of	
	Wells.	
	68.7 The Department shall perform at	
	its discretion, periodic inspections at	
	certain stages of the approved	
	construction activities.	
	69.0 Class I and Major Class V	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	Test Injection Well Construction	
	and Operation Requirements.	
	69.1 General.	
	69.1.1 The Department shall deny a	
	construction permit if construction of	
	the well itself may be a source of	
	pollution.	
	69.1.2 A test injection well will be	
	required, and may be used as an	
	injection well, with approval by the	
	Department. Upon completion of	
	required testing, the applicant may	
	apply for an operating permit, to	
	convert the test well to an operational	
	well.	
	69.1.3 For Class I injection well	
	operation, reasonable assurance is	
	required that the project will function in	
	compliance with these regulations. The	
	Department shall require a test	
	injection well for all Class I injection	
	well facilities. The Department may	
	require a test well for Major Class V	
	injection well facilities. A Department-	
	approved injection test must be	
	performed on each test well. 69.1.4 For a Class I injection well,	
	issuance of a permit does not obligate	
	the Department to authorize any	
	operation of the well, unless	
	reasonable assurance has been	
	provided that the well can operate in	
	provided that the well can operate in	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	compliance with these regulations.	
(see Fed Regs Sec. 146.14(a)(16) for	69.1.5 Prior to granting approval for	
69.1.5)	the operation of a Class I or Major	
	Class V well the Department shall	
	consider the following information:	
	69.1.5.1 All available logging and	
	testing program data on the well;	
	69.1.5.2 A demonstration of	
	mechanical integrity pursuant to	
	Section 61.0;	
	69.1.5.3 The anticipated	
	maximum pressure and flow rate at	
	which the permittee will operate;	
	69.1.5.4 The results of the	
	formation testing program;	
	69.1.5.5 The actual injection	
	procedure;	
	69.1.5.6 The compatibility of	
	injected waste with fluids in the	
	injection zone and minerals in both the	
	injection zone and the confining zone;	
	69.1.5.7 The status of corrective	
	action on defective wells in the area of	
	review; and	
	69.1.5.8 Potential impact on a USDW.	
	69.2 Information Requirements.	
	Information to be submitted with the	
	application for a permit to construct a	
	test/injection well shall include but is	
	not limited to the following:	
	69.2.1 A map showing the location of	
	the proposed injection wells or well	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	field area for which a permit is sought	
	and the applicable area of review.	
	Within the area of review, the map	
	shall show the number or name, and	
	location of all production wells,	
	injection wells, abandoned wells, dry	
	holes, surface bodies of water, springs,	
	public water systems, mines (surface	
	and subsurface), water wells and other	
	pertinent surface features including	
	residences and roads. The map shall	
	also show geological faults, if known or	
	suspected. Only information of public	
	record and, in addition, pertinent	
	information known to the applicant is	
	required to be included on this map;	
	69.2.2 A A tabulation of data on all	
	wells within the area of review which	
	penetrate into the proposed injection	
	zone, confining zone, or proposed	
	monitoring zone. Such data shall	
	include a description of each well's	
	type, well construction data, date	
	drilled, location, depth, record of	
	plugging or completion, and any	
	additional information in the applicant's	
	possession about the potential for	
	fluids to migrate into, or in the direction	
	of, an underground source of drinking	
	water;	
	69.2.3 Maps and cross sections	
	indicating the general vertical and	

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Part 140	(based on the FED regs)	
	lateral limits within the area of review	
	of all underground sources of drinking	
	water, their position relative to the	
	injection formation and the direction of	
	water movement, where known, in	
	each underground source of drinking	
	water which may be affected by the	
	proposed injection;	
	69.2.4 Maps and cross sections	
	detailing the hydrology and geologic	
	structures of the local area;	
	69.2.5 Generalized maps and cross	
	sections illustrating the regional	
	geologic setting;	
	69.2.6 Proposed operating data.	
	69.2.6.1 Average and maximum	
	daily rate and volume of the fluid to be	
	injected;	
	69.2.6.2 Average and maximum	
	injection pressure; and 69.2.6.3 Source and an analysis	
	69.2.6.3 Source and an analysis of the chemical, physical, radiological	
	and biological characteristics of	
	injection fluids (injectate). For Class I	
	wells injecting domestic effluent, a	
	demonstration that the effluent quality	
	meets the standards at all times	
	(secondary treatment). For all other	
	Class I wells, a demonstration that the	
	effluent quality is not a hazardous	
	waste;	
	69.2.7 Proposed formation testing	

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Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	program to obtain an analysis of the	
	chemical, physical and radiological	
	characteristics of and other information	
	on the injection zone;	
	69.2.8 Proposed stimulation program;	
	69.2.9 Proposed injection procedure;	
	69.2.10 Engineering drawings of	
	the surface and subsurface	
	construction details of the system,	
	including design features for surge	
	control and water hammer protection;	
	69.2.11 Contingency plans to	
	cope with all shut-ins or well failures, or	
	to prevent migration of fluids into an	
	underground source of drinking water,	
	including emergency discharge	
	provisions;	
	69.2.12 Plans (including maps)	
	and proposed monitoring data to be	
	reported for meeting the monitoring	
	requirements in these regulations;	
	69.2.13 For wells within the area	
	of review which penetrate the injection	
	zone but are not properly completed or	
	plugged, the corrective action	
	proposed to be taken under Corrective	
	Action;	
	69.2.14 Construction procedures	
	including a cementing and casing	
	program, logging procedures, deviation	
	checks, and a drilling, testing and	
	coring program; and	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	(loaded en ane i =2 rege)	
	69.2.15 A certificate that the	
	applicant has ensured, through a	
	performance bond or other appropriate	
	means as required by Financial	
	Responsibility, the resources	
	necessary to close, plug or abandon	
	the well.	
	69.3 Operational Testing.	
	69.3.1 For Class I test injection wells,	
	the permit includes a period of	
	temporary injection operation for the	
	purposes of long term testing, to	
	determine potential fluid migration.	
	Prior to commencement of operational	
	testing:	
	69.3.1.1 Construction of the	
	injection well shall be complete and the	
	permittee shall submit an engineer's	
	Notice of Completion of Construction to	
	the Department;	
	69.3.1.2 Each well shall first be	
	tested for integrity of construction, and	
	shall be followed by a short term	
	injection test of such duration to allow	
	for the prediction of the operating	
	pressure;	
	69.3.1.3 The permittee shall	
	submit the following information:	
	69.3.1.3.1 A copy of the borehole	
	television survey(s);	
	69.3.1.3.2 Geophysical logs; and	
	69.3.1.3.3 Mechanical integrity test	

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	(10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	data.	
	69.3.1.4 Data obtained during the	
	short term injection testing conducted	
	pursuant to subsection 69.3.1.2.	
	69.3.1.5 Confining zone data;	
	69.3.1.6 Background water quality	
	data for the injection and monitor	
	zones;	
	69.3.1.7 Waste-stream analysis;	
	69.3.1.8 As-built well construction	
	specifications, and	
	69.3.1.9 Other data obtained	
	during well construction which	
	demonstrates that the well will operate	
	in compliance with these regulations.	
	69.3.2 The emergency discharge	
	method (subsection 69.2.11) shall be	
	fully operational and no emergency	
	discharge shall occur until the	
	permittee has obtained all necessary	
	Department permits.	
	69.3.3 Any corrective action required	
	under Corrective Action, shall be	
	completed.	
	69.3.4 Prior to granting approval for	
	operational testing of a Class I well, the	
	Department shall consider the	
	following information:	
	69.3.4.1 All available logging and	
	testing program data on the well;	
	69.3.4.2 A demonstration of	
	mechanical integrity pursuant to	

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Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	Mechanical Integrity;	
	69.3.4.3 The anticipated	
	maximum pressure and flow rate at	
	which the permittee will operate;	
	69.3.4.4 The results of the	
	formation testing program;	
	69.3.4.5 The actual injection	
	procedure;	
	69.3.4.6 The compatibility of	
	injectate with fluids in the injection	
	zone and minerals in both the injection	
	zone and the confining zone;	
	69.3.4.7 The status of corrective	
	action on defective wells in the area of	
	review; and	
	69.3.4.8 The information	
	submitted to the Department under	
	subsection 69.2.	
	69.3.5 Written authorization for	
	operational testing shall be obtained	
	from the Department. Authorization	
	shall be for up to two (2) years or until	
	the expiration date of the Class I test	
	injection well permit, whichever time	
	period is shorter, and is nonrenewable.	
	The authorization shall specify the	
	conditions under which operational	
	testing is approved. The authorization	
	shall include, but is not limited to, the	
	following:	
	69.3.5.1 Injection pressure	
	limitation;	

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Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	69.3.5.2 Injection flow rate	
	limitation;	
	69.3.5.3 Injection well monitoring	
	requirements;	
	69.3.5.4 Effluent monitoring	
	requirements;	
	69.3.5.5 Weekly groundwater	
	sampling of monitor wells;	
	69.3.5.6 Monthly specific	
	injectivity testing;	
	69.3.5.7 Reporting requirements,	
	and	
	69.3.5.8 An expiration date for the	
	operational testing period not to	
	exceed two (2) years.	
	69.3.6 Before authorizing operational	
	testing, the Department shall conduct	
	an inspection of the facility to	
	determine if the conditions of the	
	permit have been met.	
	69.3.7 If requested by the permittee,	
	the Department shall allow a modified	
	sampling schedule, after a minimum of	
	six (6) months of operational testing, if	
	the data indicate that the parameter	
	values have stabilized. However, a	
	sampling frequency of less than once	
	per month shall not be allowed.	
	69.3.8 For Class I injection wells, the	
	duration of the operational testing	
	period shall not exceed two (2) years	
	or the expiration date of the	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	construction permit, whichever is less.	
	If the Department has not issued an	
	intent to issue an operation permit for	
	the injection well(s) by the end of the	
	operational testing period, the	
	permittee shall cease injection.	
	69.3.9 For a Class I injection well, if an	
	operation permit has not been	
	obtained for the well within two (2)	
	years after the cessation of operational	
	testing, the permittee shall submit an	
	application to the Department on form	
	"Well Abandonment Application" to	
	plug and abandon the well.	
	69.4 Class I and Major Class V –	
	Injection Well Operation Permit.	
	69.4.1 General Requirements.	
	69.4.1.1 An underground injection	
	control permit shall be obtained for	
	each Class I or Major Class V injection	
	well. For multiwell injection systems, a	
	separate UIC permit application need	
	not be submitted for each well.	
	69.4.1.2 Copies of mill certificates for	
	casing used in the well(s) construction.	
	The owner shall retain the original records.	
	69.4.2 Prior to granting approval for the	
	operation of a Class I or Major Class V	
	well, the Department shall consider the	
	following information which, for Class I	
	or Major Class V wells, was obtained	
	oi majoi ciass v wells, was ubtallieu	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	during construction and operational	
	testing under the construction permit:	
	69.4.2.1 All available logging and	
	testing program data and construction	
	data on the well or well field;	
	69.4.2.2 A satisfactory	
	demonstration of mechanical integrity	
	for all new wells pursuant to Section	
	61.0.;	
	69.4.2.3 The actual operating data	
	where feasible, or the anticipated	
	maximum pressure and flow rate at	
	which the permittee will operate the	
	well;	
	69.4.2.4 The results of the	
	formation testing program;	
	69.4.2.5 The actual injection	
	procedure;	
	69.4.2.6 For Class I or Major	
	Class V wells, the compatibility of	
	injected waste with fluids in the	
	injection zone and minerals in both the	
	injection zone and the confining zone;	
	and	
	69.4.2.7 The status of corrective	
	action on defective wells in the area of	
	review.	
	69.4.3 Renewal of the Operation of	
	Class I or Major Class V Wells.	
	69.4.3.1 The permittee shall	
	submit an application to renew the	
	permit of a Class I or Major Class V	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	well to the Department of least 100	
	well to the Department at least 180	
	days before the expiration date of the	
	current operation permit. 69.4.3.2 The renewal application	
	shall include the following: 69.4.3.2.1 An evaluation of the size	
	of the area of review based on actual	
	operation and monitoring data;	
	69.4.3.2.2 Updated area of review	
	information required under subsection	
	69.2;	
	69.4.3.2.3 A wastestream analysis	
	representative of the fluids which are	
	currently being injected;	
	69.4.3.2.4 The process types or	
	categories which are a source of the	
	fluid being injected;	
	69.4.3.2.5 A satisfactory	
	demonstration of mechanical integrity	
	for the well(s) pursuant to Section 61.0;	
	69.4.3.2.6 Results of groundwater	
	and other monitoring data obtained	
	since the last permit was issued. The	
	permittee shall provide a tabular and	
	graphical presentation of all	
	groundwater monitoring data required	
	by this subparagraph, unless;	
	69.4.3.2.6.1 The monitoring results for	
	a parameter are below detectable	
	limits, or	
	69.4.3.2.6.2 The parameter was not	
	required to be monitored under the	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 146	(based on the FED regs)	
	current permit.	
	69.4.3.2.6.3 Results of all specific	
	injectivity and pressure fall-off	
	information obtained since the well	
	began operation, or the date of the	
	most recent repermitting of the well if	
	all available information were	
	submitted at that time; and	
	69.4.3.2.6.4 Financial responsibility	
	information required by subsection	
	44.1.7 based on an updated plugging	
	and abandonment plan and cost	
	estimate.	
	69.4.4 The operation of a Class I or	
	Major Class V well shall not be	
	repermitted unless the applicant has	
	made the following demonstrations:	
	69.4.4.1 Available water quality	
	monitoring data does not indicate that	
	fluid movement into or between	
	underground sources of drinking water	
	is occurring as a result of injection	
	activity, except as authorized by the	
	Department;	
	69.4.4.1.2 Mechanical integrity has	
	been demonstrated under Section	
	61.0;	
	69.4.4.1.3 Financial responsibility has	
	been demonstrated; and	
	69.4.4.1.4 Other applicable rules of this	
	chapter have been met.	
	70.0 Class VI Injection Well Rules	

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Current FED regs Part 146	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regs)	Current STATE regs
	This section is reserved	

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 147	(based on the FED regss)	-
D 4445 G 4 AVG D	D (447 0) ( 100 D	
Part 147 – State UIC Program	Part 147 – State UIC Program Sections 1.0-2.0	
Subpart A_General Provisions		
Sec. 147.1 Purpose and scope.		
(a) This part sets forth the applicable		
Underground Injection Control (UIC)		
programs for each of the states, territories,		
and possessions identified pursuant to the		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) as		
needing a UIC program.		
(b) The applicable UIC program for a State		
is either a State administered program		
approved by EPA, or a federally-		
administered program promulgated by		
EPA. In some cases, the UIC program may		
consist of a State administered program		
applicable to some classes of wells and a		
federally-administered program applicable		
to other classes of wells. Approval of a		
State program is based upon a		
determination by the Administrator that the		
program meets the requirements of section		
1422 or section 1425 of the Safe Drinking		
Water Act and the applicable provisions of		
parts 124, 144, and 146 of this chapter. A		
federally administered program is		
<del>promulgated in those instances where the</del>		
state has failed to submit a program for		
approval or where the submitted program		
does not meet the minimum statutory and		
regulatory requirements.		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 147	(based on the FED regss)	
(c) In the case of State programs approved		
by EPA pursuant to section 1422 of the		
SDWA, each State subpart describes the		
major elements of such programs,		
including State statutes and regulations,		
Statement of Legal Authority,		
Memorandum of Agreement, and Program		
Description. State statutes and regulations		
that contain standards, requirements, and		
procedures applicable to owners or		
operators have been incorporated by		
reference pursuant to regulations of the		
Office of the Federal Register. Material		
incorporated by reference is available for		
inspection in the appropriate EPA		
Regional Office, in EPA Headquarters, and		
at the Office of the Federal Register		
Information Center, Room 8301, 800		
North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700,		
Washington, DC. Other State statutes and		
regulations containing standards and		
procedures that constitute elements of the		
State program but do not apply directly to		
owners or operators have been listed but		
have not been incorporated by reference.		
(d) In the case of State programs		
promulgated under section 1422 that are to		
be administered by EPA, the State subpart		
makes applicable the provisions of parts		
124, 144, and 146, and provides additional		
requirements pertinent to the specific State		
<del>program.</del>		

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 147	(based on the FED regss)	
(e) Regulatory provisions incorporated by		
reference (in the case of approved State		
programs) or promulgated by EPA (in the		
case of EPA-administered programs), and		
all permit conditions or permit denials		
issued pursuant to such regulations, are		
enforceable by the Administrator pursuant		
to section 1423 of the SDWA.		
(f) The information requirements located		
in the following sections have been cleared		
by the Office of Management and Budget:		
Sections 147.104, 147.304, 147.754,		
147.904, 147.1154, 147.1354, 147.1454,		
147.1654, 147.1954, and 147.2154.		
The OMB clearance number is No. 2040-		
0042.		
Sec. 147.2 Severability of provisions.	Sec. 2.0 Severability of provisions.	
The provisions in this part and the various	The provisions in these Regulations	
applications thereof are distinct and	and the various applications thereof	
severable. If any provision of this part or	are distinct and severable. If any	
the application thereof to any person or	provision of these Regulations or the	
circumstances is held invalid, such	application thereof to any person or	
invalidity shall not affect other provisions	circumstances is held invalid, such	
or application of such provision to other	invalidity shall not affect the validity of	
persons or circumstances which can be	other provisions or the application of	
given effect without the invalid provision	those other provisions to other persons	
or application.	or circumstances which can be given	
	effect without the invalid provision or	
	application.	
[each state has its own Subpart; only DE is	7 7	
shown]		
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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 147	(based on the FED regss)	
Cubnart I Dalarraya		
Subpart I_Delaware Sec. 147.400 State-administered	Sec. 1.0 State-administered	
program.	program.	
The UIC program for all classes of wells in	1.1 The Underground Injection	
1 0	,	
the State of Delaware, except those wells	Control (UIC) program for all classes of	
on Indian lands, is the program	injection wells in the State of Delaware	
administered by the Delaware Department	is administered by the Delaware	
of Natural Resources and Environmental	Department of Natural Resources and	
Control approved by EPA pursuant to	Environmental Control (DNREC) and	
section 1422 of the SDWA. Notice of this	approved by the United States	
approval was published in the FR on April	Environmental Protection Agency	
5, 1984 (49 FR 13525); the effective date	(EPA) pursuant to the Safe Drinking	
of this program is May 7, 1984. This	Water Act (SDWA). Notice of this	
program consists of the following	approval was published in the Federal	
elements, as submitted to EPA in the	Register on April 5, 1984 (49 FR	
State's program application:	13525); the effective date of this	
	program was May 7, 1984. The UIC	
	Regulations and the UIC permit	
	program are adopted under the	
	authority of Chapter 60 of Title 7 of the	
	Delaware Code.	
	1.2 The Department may delegate	
	any of the Department's powers, duties	
	or functions to a director of a division,	
	in accordance with 29 <b>Del. C.</b>	
	§8003(6).	
(a) Incorporation by reference. The		
requirements set forth in the State statutes		
and regulations cited in this paragraph are		
hereby incorporated by reference and made		
a part of the applicable UIC program under		
the SDWA for the State of Delaware. This		

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Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
(based on the FED regss)	
	Proposed State regs (based on the FED regss)

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Current FED regs	Proposed State regs	Current STATE regs
Part 147	(based on the FED regss)	
Underground Injection Control Program,		
signed by the Attorney General on January		
26, 1984.		
(d) Program Description. The Program		
Description and any other materials		
submitted as part of the application		
(August 10, 1983), or as supplements		
thereto (October 14, 1983).		
Sec. 147.403 EPA-administered		
programIndian lands.		
(a) Contents. The UIC program for all		
classes of wells on Indian lands in		
Delaware is administered by EPA. This		
program consists of the UIC program		
requirements of 40 CFR parts 124, 144,		
146, 148, and any additional requirements		
set forth in the remainder of this subpart.		
Injection well owners and operators and		
EPA shall comply with these requirements.		
(b) Effective date. The effective date of the		
UIC program for Indian lands in Delaware		
is November 25, 1988.		
END OF PART 147	END	

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